

# About the New Physics Behind Qualia

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### Abstract

This chapter was originally about the new physics behind qualia. The model of qualia indeed involves a lot of new physics: many-sheeted space-time; massless extremals; magnetic and cyclotron phase transitions associated with quantum critical quantum spin glass phases of exotic super conductors at cellular space-time sheets; classical color and electro-weak gauge fields in macroscopic length scales, to name the most important ingredients. Gradually the chapter however expanded so that it touches practically all new physics possibly relevant to TGD inspired quantum biology. Various physical mechanisms are discussed in exploratory spirit rather than restricting the consideration to those ideas which seem to be the final word about quantum biology or qualia just at this moment.

## 1 Introduction

As the title expresses, this chapter was originally about the new physics behind qualia. The model of qualia indeed involves a lot of new physics: many-sheeted space-time; massless extremals; magnetic and cyclotron phase transitions associated with quantum critical quantum spin glass phases of exotic super conductors at cellular space-time sheets; classical color and electro-weak gauge fields in macroscopic length scales, to name the most important ingredients. Gradually the chapter however expanded so that it touches practically all new physics possibly relevant to TGD inspired quantum biology. Various physical mechanisms are discussed in exploratory spirit rather than restricting the consideration to those ideas which seem to be the final word about quantum biology or qualia just at this moment.

### 1.1 Living Matter And Dark Matter

Dark matter is identified as a macroscopic quantum phase with large  $\hbar$ . Also living matter would involve in an essential way matter with a large value of  $\hbar$  and hence dark, and form conformally confined (in the sense that the net conformal weight of the state is real) blobs behaving like single units with extremely quantal properties, including free will and intentional action in time scales familiar to us. Dark matter would be responsible for the mysterious vital force.

Any system for which some interaction becomes so strong that perturbation theory does not work, gives rise to this kind of system in a phase transition in which  $\hbar$  increases to not lose perturbativity gives rise to this kind of “super-quantal” matter. In this sense emergence corresponds to strong coupling. One must however remember that emergence is actually much more and involves the notion of quantum jump. Dark matter made possible by dynamical  $\hbar$  is necessary for macroscopic and macro-temporal quantum coherence and is thus prerequisite for emergence.

Physically large  $\hbar$  means a larger unit for quantum numbers and this requires that single particle states form larger particle like units. This kind of collective states with weak mutual interactions are of course very natural in strongly interacting systems. Quantum jumps integrate effectively to single quantum jump and longer moments of consciousness result. Entire hierarchy of size scales is predicted corresponding to values of  $h_{eff}$  coming as integer multiples of ordinary Planck constant:  $h_{eff} = n \times h$  [K38, ?]. The larger the value of  $h_{eff}$  the longer the characteristic time scale of consciousness and of a typical life cycle.

It is now possible to deduce  $h_{eff} = n \times h$  hierarchy from the non-determinism of Kähler action giving rise to quantum criticality characterized by integer  $n$ . Quantum criticality is realized in terms of conformal deformations of the light-like 3-surfaces defining parton orbits and preserving their light-likeness. Also super-symplectic algebra of the boundary of CD has conformal structure as well as the conformal algebra of light-cone boundary. These transformations act as gauge symmetries, and there are  $n$  conformal equivalence classes for space-time sheets connecting same space-like 3-surfaces at the ends of causal diamond. Negentropic entanglement can be assigned with this degeneracy. The gauge algebra is sub-algebra of full conformal algebra with generators having conformal weights, which are multiples of  $n$ .

The notion of field body means that dark matter at the magnetic flux tubes would serve as an intentional agent using biological body as a motor instrument and sensory receptor. Dark matter would be the miraculous substance that living systems are fighting for, and perhaps the most important substance in metabolic cycle.

## 1.2 Macroscopic Quantum Phases In Many-Sheeted Space-Time

The crucial empirical ingredient turned out to be the observations about the effects of oscillating ELF electromagnetic fields on central nervous system, endocrine system and immune system made after sixties [J6, J7]. The largest effects are obtained at odd multiples of cyclotron frequencies of various biologically important ions like  $Ca_{++}$  in Earth's magnetic field. Also amplitude modulation of RF and MW fields by these frequencies has effects. This leads to a surprising conclusion in violent conflict with standard physics view about world. Magnetically confined states of ions in Earth's magnetic field having minimal size of order cell size and energy scale of order  $10^{-14}$  eV would be in question if ordinary quantum theory would be the final word. Dark matter hierarchy with the spectrum of Planck constants given by  $\hbar = r\hbar_0$  with the favored values of  $r$  given by ruler and compass hypothesis or by Mersenne hypothesis, resolves the paradox [K9]. Note that the hypothesis is  $\hbar_{eff} = n\hbar$ , where  $n$  is product of distinct Fermat primes and power  $2^{k_d}$ . For  $k_d = 41$  level of the dark matter hierarchy the energies  $E = \hbar\omega$  of ELF photons are above thermal threshold for  $f \geq 1$  Hz.

The notion of many-sheeted ionic equilibrium brings in in the mechanism with which supra-currents at the magnetic flux tubes control the matter at atomic space-time sheets. The strange anomalies challenging the notions of ionic channels and pumps [I21] provide support for the resulting general vision.

### 1.3 Mind Like Space-Time Sheets As Massless Extremals

Mind like space-time sheets are the geometric correlates of selves. So called massless extremals (MEs) [K21] provide ideal and unique candidates for mind like space-time sheets. MEs give rise to hologram like cognitive representations. The assumption that they serve as Josephson junctions allows to understand the amplitude windows associated with the interaction of ELF em fields with brain tissue. The properties of MEs inspire the hypothesis that they give rise to an infinite hierarchy of electromagnetic life forms living in symbiosis with each other and bio-matter. EEG can be interpreted as associated with ELF MEs which is one important level in this hierarchy responsible for the cultural aspects of consciousness.

Our mental images propagating in neural circuits should correspond to microwave (MW) MEs with wavelengths below .3 meters. The communications between quantum antennae associated with ELF and RF MEs provides an elegant model for the formation and recall of long term memories and realize hologrammic cognitive representations. Self hierarchy has as a particular dynamical correlate the hierarchy of Josephson currents modulated by Josephson currents modulated by... having magnetic transition frequencies as their basic frequencies. Josephson currents flow along join along boundaries bonds connecting space-time sheets belonging at various levels of the hierarchy ("biofeedback").

### 1.4 Classical Color And Electro-Weak Fields In Macroscopic Length Scales

One can say that the basic physics of standard model without symmetry breaking and color magnetic confinement is realized at classical level on cellular space-time sheets. Classical  $Z^0$  fields,  $W$  fields and gluon fields unavoidably accompany non-orthogonal electric and magnetic fields. The proper interpretation of this prediction is in terms of a p-adic and dark fractal hierarchies of standard model physics with scaled down mass scales making possible long range weak and color interactions in arbitrarily long length scales.

This prediction forces to modify even the model of nuclei [K31]. Nucleons carry exotic color and form nuclear strings consisting of color bonds with exotic quark  $q$  and antiquark  $\bar{q}$  at their ends. These exotic quarks correspond to  $k = 127$  level of dark matter hierarchy. Also dark variants of ordinary quarks with size of about atom are possible. It is also possible to have  $u\bar{d}$  and  $\bar{u}d$  type color bonds which carry em and weak charge and this means exotic nuclear ionization. Tetra-neutron [C4, C2] would represent one particular example of this kind of exotically ionized nucleus [K31]. Exotic nuclear physics would have also implications for the ordinary condensed matter physics and could be involved with the very low compressibility of liquid phase and the anomalous behavior of water [K10].

Exotic ionization is the key element in the quantum model for the control action of the magnetic body on biological body. Exotic ionization induces dark plasma oscillations which in turn generate via classical em fields ordinary ohmic currents at the level of the ordinary matter. Nerve pulse patterns [K28] and  $\text{Ca}^{2+}$  waves [K14, K16] would represent examples of physiological correlates of this quantum control.

## 1.5 Mersenne Hypothesis

The generalization of the embedding space means a book like structure for which the pages are products of singular coverings or factor spaces of CD (causal diamond defined as intersection of future and past directed light-cones) and of  $CP_2$  [K11]. This predicts that Planck constants are rationals and that given value of Planck constant corresponds to an infinite number of different pages of the Big Book, which might be seen as a drawback. If only singular covering spaces are allowed the values of Planck constant are products of integers and given value of Planck constant corresponds to a finite number of pages given by the number of decompositions of the integer to two different integers.

TGD inspired quantum biology and number theoretical considerations suggest preferred values for  $r = \hbar/\hbar_0$ . For the most general option the values of  $\hbar$  are products and ratios of two integers  $n_a$  and  $n_b$ . Ruler and compass integers defined by the products of distinct Fermat primes and power of two are number theoretically favored values for these integers because the phases  $\exp(i2\pi/n_i)$ ,  $i \in \{a, b\}$ , in this case are number theoretically very simple and should have emerged first in the number theoretical evolution via algebraic extensions of p-adics and of rationals. p-Adic length scale hypothesis favors powers of two as values of  $r$ .

One can however ask whether a more precise characterization of preferred Mersennes could exist and whether there could exist a stronger correlation between hierarchies of p-adic length scales and Planck constants. Mersenne primes  $M_k = 2^k - 1$ ,  $k \in \{89, 107, 127\}$ , and Gaussian Mersennes  $M_{G,k} = (1 + i)k - 1$ ,  $k \in \{113, 151, 157, 163, 167, 239, 241.. \}$  are expected to be physically highly interesting and up to  $k = 127$  indeed correspond to elementary particles. The number theoretical miracle is that all the four scaled up electron Compton lengths with  $k \in \{151, 157, 163, 167\}$  are in the biologically highly interesting range 10 nm-2.5  $\mu\text{m}$ ). The question has been whether these define scaled up copies of electro-weak and QCD type physics with ordinary value of  $\hbar$ . The proposal that this is the case and that these physics are in a well-defined sense induced by the dark scaled up variants of corresponding lower level physics leads to a prediction for the preferred values of  $r = 2^{k_d}$ ,  $k_d = k_i - k_j$ .

What induction means is that dark variant of exotic nuclear physics induces exotic physics with ordinary value of Planck constant in the new scale in a resonant manner: dark gauge bosons transform to their ordinary variants with the same Compton length. This transformation is natural since in length scales below the Compton length the gauge bosons behave as massless and free particles. As a consequence, lighter variants of weak bosons emerge and QCD confinement scale becomes longer.

This proposal will be referred to as Mersenne hypothesis. It leads to strong predictions about EEG [K9] since it predicts a spectrum of preferred Josephson frequencies for a given value of membrane potential and also assigns to a given value of  $\hbar$  a fixed size scale having interpretation as the size scale of the body part or magnetic body. Also a vision about evolution of life emerges. Mersenne hypothesis is especially interesting as far as new physics in condensed matter length scales is considered: this includes exotic scaled up variants of the ordinary nuclear physics and their dark variants. Even dark nucleons are possible and this gives justification for the model of dark nucleons predicting the counterparts of DNA, RNA, tRNA, and amino-acids as well as realization of vertebrate genetic code [K37].

These exotic nuclear physics with ordinary value of Planck constant could correspond to ground states that are almost vacuum extremals corresponding to homologically trivial geodesic sphere of  $CP_2$  near criticality to a phase transition changing Planck constant. Ordinary nuclear physics would correspond to homologically non-trivial geodesic sphere and far from vacuum extremal property. For vacuum extremals of this kind classical  $Z^0$  field proportional to electromagnetic field is present and this modifies dramatically the view about cell membrane as Josephson junction. The model for cell membrane as almost vacuum extremal indeed led to a quantitative breakthrough in TGD inspired model of EEG and is therefore something to be taken seriously. The safest option

concerning empirical facts is that the copies of electro-weak and color physics with ordinary value of Planck constant are possible only for almost vacuum extremals - that is at criticality against phase transition changing Planck constant.

## 1.6 P-Adic-To-Real Transitions As Transformation Of Intentions To Actions

Hearing and cognition are very closely related. One could even argue that we think using language. The view that p-adic physics is physics of intention and cognition leads to the vision that the transformation of thoughts to actions and sensory inputs to thoughts correspond to real-p-adic phase transitions for space-time sheets. For a long time the question how p-adic space-time sheets relate to the real ones lacked a precise answer, and therefore also the question what the transformation of p-adic space-time sheet to real ones really means. The advances in the understanding the precise relationship between p-adic and real space-time sheets discussed in [K33] led however to a definite progress in this respect [K20].

The transformation of p-adic space-time sheets to real ones must respect the conservation of quantum numbers: this requires that the real system either receives or sends energy when the p-adic-to-real transitions realizing the intention occurs. If p-adic ME is transformed to a negative energy ME in the process, real system must make a transition to a higher energy state. This kind of transitions cannot occur spontaneously so that the outcome is a precisely targeted realization of intention. The additional bonus is that buy now-let others pay mechanism makes possible extreme flexibility. There are reasons to expect that the energies involved cannot be too high however.

The model of intentional action as a quantum transition for which the probabilities for various intention-action pairs should in principle be deducible from S-matrix is discussed in [K33] using the vision about physics as a generalized number theory as a guide line. This model leads to fresh insights about the construction of the ordinary S-matrix and essentially the same kind of general expressions for S-matrix elements result as in the case of ordinary scattering.

The appendix of the book gives a summary about basic concepts of TGD with illustrations. Pdf representation of same files serving as a kind of glossary can be found at <http://tgdtheory.fi/tgdglossary.pdf> [L5].

## 2 Updated View About The Hierarchy Of Planck Constants

The original hypothesis was that the hierarchy of Planck constants is real. In this formulation the embedding space was replaced with its covering space assumed to decompose to a Cartesian product of singular finite-sheeted coverings of  $M^4$  and  $CP_2$ .

Few years ago came the realization that it could be only effective but have same practical implications. The basic observation was that the effective hierarchy need not be postulated separately but follows as a prediction from the vacuum degeneracy of Kähler action. In this formulation Planck constant at fundamental level has its standard value and its effective values come as its integer multiples so that one should write  $\hbar_{eff} = n\hbar$  rather than  $\hbar = n\hbar_0$  as I have done. For most practical purposes the states in question would behave as if Planck constant were an integer multiple of the ordinary one. In this formulation the singular covering of the embedding space became only a convenient auxiliary tool. It is no more necessary to assume that the covering reduces to a Cartesian product of singular coverings of  $M^4$  and  $CP_2$  but for some reason I kept this assumption.

The formulation based on multi-furcations of space-time surfaces to  $N$  branches. For some reason I assumed that they are simultaneously present. This is too restrictive an assumption. The  $N$  branches are very much analogous to single particle states and second quantization allowing all  $0 < n \leq N$ -particle states for given  $N$  rather than only  $N$ -particle states looks very natural. As a matter fact, this interpretation was the original one, and led to the very speculative and fuzzy notion of  $N$ -atom, which I later more or less gave up. Quantum multi-furcation could be the root concept implying the effective hierarchy of Planck constants, anyons and fractional charges, and related notions- even the notions of  $N$ -nuclei,  $N$ -atoms, and  $N$ -molecules.

## 2.1 Basic Physical Ideas

The basic phenomenological rules are simple and there is no need to modify them.

1. The phases with non-standard values of effective Planck constant are identified as dark matter. The motivation comes from the natural assumption that only the particles with the same value of effective Planck can appear in the same vertex. One can illustrate the situation in terms of the book metaphor. Embedding spaces with different values of Planck constant form a book like structure and matter can be transferred between different pages only through the back of the book where the pages are glued together. One important implication is that light exotic charged particles lighter than weak bosons are possible if they have non-standard value of Planck constant. The standard argument excluding them is based on decay widths of weak bosons and has led to a neglect of large number of particle physics anomalies [K36].
2. Large effective or real value of Planck constant scales up Compton length - or at least de Broglie wave length - and its geometric correlate at space-time level identified as size scale of the space-time sheet assignable to the particle. This could correspond to the Kähler magnetic flux tube for the particle forming consisting of two flux tubes at parallel space-time sheets and short flux tubes at ends with length of order  $CP_2$  size.

This rule has far reaching implications in quantum biology and neuroscience since macroscopic quantum phases become possible as the basic criterion stating that macroscopic quantum phase becomes possible if the density of particles is so high that particles as Compton length sized objects overlap. Dark matter therefore forms macroscopic quantum phases. One implication is the explanation of mysterious looking quantal effects of ELF radiation in EEG frequency range on vertebrate brain:  $E = hf$  implies that the energies for the ordinary value of Planck constant are much below the thermal threshold but large value of Planck constant changes the situation. Also the phase transitions modifying the value of Planck constant and changing the lengths of flux tubes (by quantum classical correspondence) are crucial as also reconnections of the flux tubes.

The hierarchy of Planck constants suggests also a

new interpretation for FQHE (see <http://tinyurl.com/y89xp4bu>) (fractional quantum Hall effect) [K24] in terms of anyonic phases with non-standard value of effective Planck constant realized in terms of the effective multi-sheeted covering of embedding space: multi-sheeted space-time is to be distinguished from many-sheeted space-time.

3. In astrophysics and cosmology the implications are even more dramatic if one believes that also  $\hbar_{gr}$  corresponds to effective Planck constant interpreted as number of sheets of multi-furcation. It was Nottale (see <http://tinyurl.com/ya6f3s41>) [E1] who first introduced the notion of gravitational Planck constant as  $\hbar_{gr} = GMm/v_0$ ,  $v_0 < 1$  has interpretation as velocity light parameter in units  $c = 1$ . This would be true for  $GMm/v_0 \geq 1$ . The interpretation of  $\hbar_{gr}$  in TGD framework is as an effective Planck constant associated with space-time sheets mediating gravitational interaction between masses  $M$  and  $m$ . The huge value of  $\hbar_{gr}$  means that the integer  $\hbar_{gr}/\hbar_0$  interpreted as the number of sheets of covering is gigantic and that Universe possesses gravitational quantum coherence in super-astronomical scales for masses which are large. This would suggest that gravitational radiation is emitted as dark gravitons which decay to pulses of ordinary gravitons replacing continuous flow of gravitational radiation.

It must be however emphasized that the interpretation of  $\hbar_{gr}$  could be different, and it will be found that one can develop an argument demonstrating how  $\hbar_{gr}$  with a correct order of magnitude emerges from the effective space-time metric defined by the anti-commutators appearing in the Kähler-Dirac equation.

4. Why Nature would like to have large effective value of Planck constant? A possible answer relies on the observation that in perturbation theory the expansion takes in powers of gauge couplings strengths  $\alpha = g^2/4\pi\hbar$ . If the effective value of  $\hbar$  replaces its real value as one might expect to happen for multi-sheeted particles behaving like single particle,  $\alpha$  is scaled down and perturbative expansion converges for the new particles. One could say that Mother



Nature loves theoreticians and comes in rescue in their attempts to calculate. In quantum gravitation the problem is especially acute since the dimensionless parameter  $GMm/\hbar$  has gigantic value. Replacing  $\hbar$  with  $\hbar_{gr} = GMm/v_0$  the coupling strength becomes  $v_0 < 1$ .

## 2.2 Space-Time Correlates For The Hierarchy Of Planck Constants

The hierarchy of Planck constants was introduced to TGD originally as an additional postulate and formulated as the existence of a hierarchy of embedding spaces defined as Cartesian products of singular coverings of  $M^4$  and  $CP_2$  with numbers of sheets given by integers  $n_a$  and  $n_b$  and  $\hbar = n\hbar_0$ .  $n = n_a n_b$ .

With the advent of zero energy ontology, it became clear that the notion of singular covering space of the embedding space could be only a convenient auxiliary notion. Singular means that the sheets fuse together at the boundary of multi-sheeted region. The effective covering space emerges naturally from the vacuum degeneracy of Kähler action meaning that all deformations of canonically imbedded  $M^4$  in  $M^4 \times CP_2$  have vanishing action up to fourth order in small perturbation. This is clear from the fact that the induced Kähler form is quadratic in the gradients of  $CP_2$  coordinates and Kähler action is essentially Maxwell action for the induced Kähler form. The vacuum degeneracy implies that the correspondence between canonical momentum currents  $\partial L_K / \partial(\partial_\alpha h^k)$  defining the Kähler-Dirac gamma matrices [K39] and gradients  $\partial_\alpha h^k$  is not one-to-one. Same canonical momentum current corresponds to several values of gradients of embedding space coordinates. At the partonic 2-surfaces at the light-like boundaries of CD carrying the elementary particle quantum numbers this implies that the two normal derivatives of  $h^k$  are many-valued functions of canonical momentum currents in normal directions.

Multi-furcation is in question and multi-furcations are indeed generic in highly non-linear systems and Kähler action is an extreme example about non-linear system (see **Fig.** <http://tgdtheory.fi/appfigures/planckhierarchy.jpg>, or **Fig. ??** in the appendix of this book). What multi-furcation means in quantum theory? The branches of multi-furcation are obviously analogous to single particle states. In quantum theory second quantization means that one constructs not only single particle states but also the many particle states formed from them. At space-time level single particle states would correspond to  $N$  branches  $b_i$  of multi-furcation carrying fermion number. Two-particle states would correspond to 2-fold covering consisting of 2 branches  $b_i$  and  $b_j$  of multi-furcation.  $N$ -particle state would correspond to  $N$ -sheeted covering with all branches present and carrying elementary particle quantum numbers. The branches coincide at the partonic 2-surface but since their normal space data are different they correspond to different tensor product factors of state space. Also now the factorization  $N = n_a n_b$  occurs but now  $n_a$  and  $n_b$  would relate to branching in the direction of space-like 3-surface and light-like 3-surface rather than  $M^4$  and  $CP_2$  as in the original hypothesis.

In light of this the working hypothesis adopted during last years has been too limited: for some reason I ended up to propose that only  $N$ -sheeted covering corresponding to a situation in which all  $N$  branches are present is possible. Before that I quite correctly considered more general option based on intuition that one has many-particle states in the multi-sheeted space. The erratic form of the working hypothesis has not been used in applications.

Multi-furcations relate closely to the quantum criticality of Kähler action. Feigenbaum bifurcations (see <http://tinyurl.com/2swb2p>) represent a toy example of a system which via successive bifurcations approaches chaos. Now more general multi-furcations in which each branch of given multi-furcation can multi-furcate further, are possible unless one poses any additional conditions. This allows to identify additional aspect of the geometric arrow of time. Either the positive or negative energy part of the zero energy state is “prepared” meaning that single  $n$ -sub-furcations of  $N$ -furcation is selected. The most general state of this kind involves superposition of various  $n$ -sub-furcations.

## 2.3 Basic Phenomenological Rules Of Thumb In The New Framework

It is important to check whether or not the refreshed view about dark matter is consistent with existent rules of thumb.

1. The interpretation of quantized multi-furcations as WCW anyons explains also why the effective hierarchy of Planck constants defines a hierarchy of phases which are dark relative

to each other. This is trivially true since the phases with different number of branches in multi-furcation correspond to disjoint regions of WCW so that the particles with different effective value of Planck constant cannot appear in the same vertex.

2. The phase transitions changing the value of Planck constant are just the multi-furcations and can be induced by changing the values of the external parameters controlling the properties of preferred extremals. Situation is very much the same as in any non-linear system.
3. In the case of massless particles the scaling of wavelength in the effective scaling of  $\hbar$  can be understood if dark  $n$ -photons consist of  $n$  photons with energy  $E/n$  and wavelength  $n\lambda$ .
4. For massive particle it has been assumed that masses for particles and they dark counterparts are same and Compton wavelength is scaled up. In the new picture this need not be true. Rather, it would seem that wave length are same as for ordinary electron.

On the other hand, p-adic thermodynamics predicts that massive elementary particles are massless most of the time. ZEO predicts that even virtual wormhole throats are massless. Could this mean that the picture applying on massless particle should apply to them at least at relativistic limit at which mass is negligible. This might be the case for bosons but for fermions also fermion number should be fractionalized and this is not possible in the recent picture. If one assumes that the  $n$ -electron has same mass as electron, the mass for dark single electron state would be scaled down by  $1/n$ . This does not look sensible unless the p-adic length defined by prime is scaled down by this fact in good approximation.

This suggests that for fermions the basic scaling rule does not hold true for Compton length  $\lambda_c = \hbar/m$ . Could it however hold for de-Broglie lengths  $\lambda = \hbar/p$  defined in terms of 3-momentum? The basic overlap rule for the formation of macroscopic quantum states is indeed formulated for de Broglie wave length. One could argue that an  $1/N$ -fold reduction of density that takes place in the de-localization of the single particle states to the  $N$  branches of the cover, implies that the volume per particle increases by a factor  $N$  and single particle wave function is de-localized in a larger region of 3-space. If the particles reside at effectively one-dimensional 3-surfaces - say magnetic flux tubes - this would increase their de Broglie wave length in the direction of the flux tube and also the length of the flux tube. This seems to be enough for various applications.

One important notion in TGD inspired quantum biology is dark cyclotron state.

1. The scaling  $\hbar \rightarrow k\hbar$  in the formula  $E_n = (n + 1/2)\hbar eB/m$  implies that cyclotron energies are scaled up for dark cyclotron states. What this means microscopically has not been obvious but the recent picture gives a rather clearcut answer. One would have  $k$ -particle state formed from cyclotron states in  $N$ -fold branched cover of space-time surface. Each branch would carry magnetic field  $B$  and ion or electron. This would give a total cyclotron energy equal to  $kE_n$ . These cyclotron states would be excited by  $k$ -photons with total energy  $E = khf$  and for large enough value of  $k$  the energies involved would be above thermal threshold. In the case of  $Ca^{++}$  one has  $f = 15$  Hz in the field  $B_{end} = .2$  Gauss. This means that the value of  $\hbar$  is at least the ratio of thermal energy at room temperature to  $E = hf$ . The thermal frequency is of order  $10^{12}$  Hz so that one would have  $k \simeq 10^{11}$ . The number branches would be therefore rather high.
2. It seems that this kinds of states which I have called cyclotron Bose-Einstein condensates could make sense also for fermions. The dark photons involved would be Bose-Einstein condensates of  $k$  photons and wall of them would be simultaneously absorbed. The biological meaning of this would be that a simultaneous excitation of large number of atoms or molecules can take place if they are localized at the branches of  $N$ -furcation. This would make possible coherent macroscopic changes. Note that also Cooper pairs of electrons could be  $n = 2$ -particle states associated with  $N$ -furcation.

There are experimental findings suggesting that photosynthesis involves de-localized excitations of electrons and it is interesting so see whether this could be understood in this framework.

1. The TGD based model relies on the assumption that cyclotron states are involved and that dark photons with the energy of visible photons but with much longer wavelength are involved. Single electron excitations (or single particle excitations of Cooper pairs) would generate negentropic entanglement automatically.
2. If cyclotron excitations are the primary ones, it would seem that they could be induced by dark  $N$ -photons exciting all  $N$  electrons simultaneously.  $N$ -photon should have energy of a visible photon. The number of cyclotron excited electrons should be rather large if the total excitation energy is to be above thermal threshold. In this case one could not speak about cyclotron excitation however. This would require that solar photons are transformed to  $n$ -photons in  $N$ -furcation in biosphere.
3. Second - more realistic looking - possibility is that the incoming photons have energy of visible photon and are therefore  $n = 1$  dark photons de-localized to the branches of the  $N$ -furcation. They would induce de-localized single electron excitation in WCW rather than 3-space.

## 2.4 Charge Fractionization And Anyons

It is easy to see how the effective value of Planck constant as an integer multiple of its standard value emerges for multi-sheeted states in second quantization. At the level of Kähler action one can assume that in the first approximation the value of Kähler action for each branch is same so that the total Kähler action is multiplied by  $n$ . This corresponds effectively to the scaling  $\alpha_K \rightarrow \alpha_K/n$  induced by the scaling  $\hbar_0 \rightarrow n\hbar_0$ .

Also effective charge fractionization and anyons emerge naturally in this framework.

1. In the ordinary charge fractionization (see <http://tinyurl.com/26tmhoe>) the wave function decomposes into sharply localized pieces around different points of 3-space carrying fractional charges summing up to integer charge. Now the same happens at the level of WCW ("world of classical worlds") rather than 3-space meaning that wave functions in  $E^3$  are replaced with wave functions in the space-time of 3-surfaces (4-surfaces by holography implied by General Coordinate Invariance) replacing point-like particles. Single particle wave function in WCW is a sum of  $N$  sharply localized contributions: localization takes place around one particular branch of the multi-sheeted space time surface. Each branch carries a fractional charge  $q/N$  for teh analogs of plane waves.

Therefore all quantum numbers are additive and fractionization is only effective and observable in a localization of wave function to single branch occurring with probability  $p = 1/N$  from which one can deduce that charge is  $q/N$ .

2. The is consistent with the proposed interpretation of dark photons/gravitons since they could carry large spin and this kind of situation could decay to bunches of ordinary photons/gravitons. It is also consistent with electromagnetic charge fractionization and fractionization of spin.
3. The original - and it seems wrong - argument suggested what might be interpreted as a genuine fractionization for orbital angular momentum and also of color quantum numbers, which are analogous to orbital angular momentum in TGD framework. The observation was that a rotation through  $2\pi$  at space-time level moving the point along space-time surface leads to a new branch of multi-furcation and  $N + 1$ : th branch corresponds to the original one. This suggests that angular momentum fractionization should take place for  $M^4$  angle coordinate  $\phi$  because for it  $2\pi$  rotation could lead to a different sheet of the effective covering.

The orbital angular momentum eigenstates would correspond to waves  $\exp(i\phi m/N)$ ,  $m = 0, 2, \dots, N - 1$  and the maximum orbital angular momentum would correspond the sum  $\sum_{m=0}^{N-1} m/N = (N - 1)/2$ . The sum of spin and orbital angular momentum be therefore fractional.

The different prediction is due to the fact that rotations are now interpreted as flows rotating the points of 3-surface along 3-surface rather than rotations of the entire partonic surface

in embedding space. In the latter interpretation the rotation by  $2\pi$  does nothing for the 3-surface. Hence fractionization for the total charge of the single particle states does not take place unless one adopts the flow interpretation. This view about fractionization however leads to problems with fractionization of electromagnetic charge and spin for which there is evidence from fractional quantum Hall effect.

## 2.5 What About The Relationship Of Gravitational Planck Constant To Ordinary Planck Constant?

Gravitational Planck constant is given by the expression  $\hbar_{gr} = GMm/v_0$ , where  $v_0 < 1$  has interpretation as velocity parameter in the units  $c = 1$ . Can one interpret also  $\hbar_{gr}$  as effective value of Planck constant so that its values would correspond to multi-furcation with a gigantic number of sheets. This does not look reasonable.

Could one imagine any other interpretation for  $\hbar_{gr}$ ? Could the two Planck constants correspond to inertial and gravitational dichotomy for four-momenta making sense also for angular momentum identified as a four-vector? Could gravitational angular momentum and the momentum associated with the flux tubes mediating gravitational interaction be quantized in units of  $\hbar_{gr}$  naturally?

1. Gravitational four-momentum can be defined as a projection of the  $M^4$ -four-momentum to space-time surface. It's length can be naturally defined by the effective metric  $g_{eff}^{\alpha\beta}$  defined by the anti-commutators of the modified gamma matrices. Gravitational four-momentum appears as a measurement interaction term in the Kähler-Dirac action and can be restricted to the space-like boundaries of the space-time surface at the ends of CD and to the light-like orbits of the wormhole throats and which induced 4- metric is effectively 3-dimensional.
2. At the string world sheets and partonic 2-surfaces the effective metric degenerates to 2-D one. At the ends of braid strands representing their intersection, the metric is effectively 4-D. Just for definiteness assume that the effective metric is proportional to the  $M^4$  metric or rather - to its  $M^2$  projection:  $g_{eff}^{kl} = K^2 m^{kl}$ .

One can express the length squared for momentum at the flux tubes mediating the gravitational interaction between massive objects with masses  $M$  and  $m$  as

$$g_{eff}^{\alpha\beta} p_\alpha p_\beta = g_{eff}^{\alpha\beta} \partial_\alpha h^k \partial_\beta h^l p_k p_l \equiv g_{eff}^{kl} p_k p_l = n^2 \frac{\hbar^2}{L^2} . \quad (2.1)$$

Here  $L$  would correspond to the length of the flux tube mediating gravitational interaction and  $p_k$  would be the momentum flowing in that flux tube.  $g_{eff}^{kl} = K^2 m^{kl}$  would give

$$p^2 = \frac{n^2 \hbar^2}{K^2 L^2} .$$

$\hbar_{gr}$  could be identified in this simplified situation as  $\hbar_{gr} = \hbar/K$ .

3. Nottale's proposal requires  $K = GMm/v_0$  for the space-time sheets mediating gravitational interacting between massive objects with masses  $M$  and  $m$ . This gives the estimate

$$p_{gr} = \frac{GMm}{v_0} \frac{1}{L} . \quad (2.2)$$

For  $v_0 = 1$  this is of the same order of magnitude as the exchanged momentum if gravitational potential gives estimate for its magnitude.  $v_0$  is of same order of magnitude as the rotation velocity of planet around Sun so that the reduction of  $v_0$  to  $v_0 \simeq 2^{-11}$  in the case of inner planets does not mean that the propagation velocity of gravitons is reduced.

4. Nottale's formula requires that the order of magnitude for the components of the energy momentum tensor at the ends of braid strands at partonic 2-surface should have value  $GMm/v_0$ . Einstein's equations  $T = \kappa G + \Lambda g$  give a further constraint. For the vacuum solutions of Einstein's equations with a vanishing cosmological constant the value of  $h_{gr}$  approaches infinity. At the flux tubes mediating gravitational interaction one expects  $T$  to be proportional to the factor  $GMm$  simply because they mediate the gravitational interaction.
5. One can consider similar equation for gravitational angular momentum:

$$g_{eff}^{\alpha\beta} L_\alpha L_\beta = g_{eff}^{kl} L_k L_l = l(l+1)\hbar^2 . \quad (2.3)$$

This would give under the same simplifying assumptions

$$L^2 = l(l+1) \frac{\hbar^2}{K^2} . \quad (2.4)$$

This would justify the Bohr quantization rule for the angular momentum used in the Bohr quantization of planetary orbits.

Maybe the proposed connection might make sense in some more refined formulation. In particular the proportionality between  $m_{eff}^{kl} = Km^{kl}$  could make sense as a quantum average. Also the fact, that the constant  $v_0$  varies, could be understood from the dynamical character of  $m_{eff}^{kl}$ .

### 3 Dark Matter And Living Matter

In the sequel general ideas about the role of dark matter in condensed matter physics are described.

#### 3.1 Dark Matter And Mind: General Ideas

Dark matter is identified as a macroscopic quantum phases with large  $\hbar$ .

An additional assumption that I have considered is that dark matter particles have complex conformal weights. This assumption is however not necessary. The sum of the imaginary parts of conformal weights was assumed for number theoretical reasons to be expressible as sums of imaginary parts for the zeros of Riemann Zeta would define a new conserved quantum number, "scaling momentum" [K5]. The conjugation of the complex conformal weight would distinguish between quantum states and their phase conjugates. This point is important since phase conjugate photons represent negative energy signals propagating into geometric past, assumed to be distinguishable from positive energy signals propagating into geometric future, play a key role in TGD based biology: this distinction cannot be made in QFT context.

Living matter could be matter with a large value of  $\hbar$  and hence dark, and form conformally confined blobs behaving like single units with extremely quantal properties, including free will and intentional action in time scales familiar to us. Dark matter would be the physics counterpart for the mysterious vital force.

Any system for which some interaction becomes so strong that perturbation theory does not work, could give rise to this kind of system in a phase transition in which  $\hbar$  increases to not lose perturbativity gives rise to this kind of "super-quantal" matter. In this sense emergence would corresponds to strong coupling. The interpretation would be that strong fluctuations at strong coupling give rise to a large number of orbifold points so that the S-matrix elements to a phase with larger Planck constant become large. Dark matter made possible by dynamical  $\hbar$  is necessary for macroscopic and macro-temporal quantum coherence and is thus prerequisite for emergence.

Physically large  $\hbar$  means a larger unit for quantum numbers and this requires that single particle states form larger particle like units. This kind of collective states with weak mutual interactions are of course very natural in strongly interacting systems. The  $N$  sheets of  $M_\pm^4$ , where  $N$  is the order of group  $G_b$  involved with the Jones inclusion in question. Each partonic 2-surface appears as  $N$  geometrically identical copies which can however carry different fermionic quantum numbers.

Hence the  $N$ -fold space-time sheet carry up to  $N G_b$  invariant partons with identical quantum numbers so that an effective breaking of Fermi statistics becomes possible.

A possible implication would be the notion of  $N$ -atom, which at the level of quantum jumps quantum jumps integrate effectively to single quantum jump and longer moments of consciousness result. Entire hierarchy of size scales for matter blobs is predicted corresponding to values of  $\hbar$ . The larger the value of  $\hbar$ , the longer the characteristic time scale of consciousness and of a typical life cycle.

In RHIC color glass condensate resembles incompressible liquid. Liquids might be liquids because they contain some dark matter at magnetic/ $Z^0$  magnetic flux tubes (darkness follows from the large value of  $\hbar$ ). Incompressibility of liquid could correspond to maximal density of flux tubes and to the fact that magnetic fields have no sources. In accordance with the previous ideas already water could be living and conscious system in some primitive sense.

The notion of field body in turn means that dark matter at the magnetic flux tubes would serve as an intentional agent using biological body as a motor instrument and sensory receptor. Dark matter would be the miraculous substance that living systems are fighting for, and perhaps the most important substance in metabolic cycle.

### 3.1.1 Hierarchy of dark matters and hierarchy of minds

The notion of dark matter is a relative concept in the sense that dark matter is invisible from the point of view of the ordinary matter. One can imagine an entire hierarchy of dark matter structures corresponding to the hierarchy of space-time sheets for which p-adic length scales differ by a factors  $r = 2^k$  allowed by Mersenne hypothesis. The fact that proton-electron mass ratio is near  $2^{11}$  inspires the question whether the multiples of 11 could be preferred values of  $k$ . The BE condensates of  $N_{cr}$  ordinary matter particles would serve as dynamical units for “doubly dark matter” invisible to the dark matter. The above discussed criticality criterion can be applied at all levels of the hierarchy to determine the value of the dynamical interaction strength for which BE condensates of BE condensates are formed.

The most interesting new physics would emerge from the interaction between length scales with different Planck constant but same scaled up variant of the p-adic length scale made possible by the decay of BE condensates of dark photons to ordinary photons having wavelength shorter by a factor  $1/r$ . This interaction could provide the royal road to the quantitative understanding how living matter manages to build up extremely complex coherent interactions between different length and time scales.

In the time domain dark matter hierarchy could allow to understand how moments of consciousness organize to a hierarchy with respect to the time scales of moment of consciousness coming as  $2^k$  multiples of  $CP_2$  time scale. Even human life span could be seen as single moment of consciousness at  $k = 154 = 14 \times 11$  level of the dark matter hierarchy.

### 3.1.2 Realization of intentional action and dark matter hierarchy

How long length scales are able to control the dynamics in short length scales so that the extremely complex process extending down to atomic length scales realizing my intention to write this word is possible. This question has remained without a convincing answer in the recent day biology and there strong objections against the idea that this process is planned and initiated at neuronal level.

I have proposed a concrete mechanism for the realization of intentional action in terms of time mirror mechanism (see **Fig.** <http://tgdtheory.fi/appfigures/timemirror.jpg> or **Fig. ??** in the appendix of this book) involving the emission of negative energy photons and proceeding as a cascade in a reversed direction of geometric time from long to short length scales [?]. This cascade would induce as a reaction analogous processes proceeding in the normal direction of geometric time as a response and would correspond to the neural correlates of intentional action in very general sense of the word.

The counterparts for the negative energy signals propagating to the geometric past would be phase conjugate (negative energy) laser beams identifiable as Bose-Einstein condensates of dark photons. In the time reflection these beams would transform to positive energy dark matter photons eventually decaying to ordinary photons. The space-time correlate would be MEs decaying into MEs and eventually to  $CP_2$  type vacuum extremals representing ordinary photons.

The realization of intentional action as desires of boss expressed to lower level boss would naturally represented the decay of the phase conjugate dark laser beam to lower level laser beams decaying to lower level laser beams decaying to.... This would represent the desire for action whereas the time reflection at some level would represent the realization desire as stepwise decay to lower level laser beams and eventually to ordinary photons. The strong quantitative prediction would be that these levels correspond to a length and time scale hierarchies consistent with Mersenne hypothesis or more general ruler and compass hypothesis.

### 3.1.3 Wave-length hierarchy, coherent metabolism, and proton-electron mass ratio

The fact that a given wavelength corresponds to energies related to each other by a scaling with powers of  $v_0$  provides a mechanism allowing to transfer energy from long to short long scales by a de-coherence occurring either in the standard or reversed direction of geometric time. De-coherence in the reversed direction of time would be associated with mysterious looking processes like self-assembly allowing thus an interpretation as a normal decay process in reversed time direction.

It is perhaps not an accident that the value of  $v_0 \simeq 4.6 \times 10^{-4}$  is not too far from the ratio of  $m_e/m_p \simeq 5.3 \times 10^{-4}$  giving the ratio of zero point kinetic energies of proton and electron for a given space-time sheet. Proton mass ratio  $m_p/m_e = 1836.15267261$  corresponds in good approximation to  $n = 2^2 \times 3^3 \times 17 = 1836$ . This integer is of form  $n = 9 \times n_F$ . This co-incidence could in principle make possible a metabolic mechanism in which dark protons and ordinary electrons co-operate in the sense that dark protons generate dark photon BE condensates with wave length  $\lambda$  transforming to ordinary photons with wavelength  $v_0\lambda$  absorbed by ordinary electrons.

Some examples are in order to illustrate these ideas.

1. As already found, in the case of dark atoms the scaling of binding energies as  $1/\hbar^2$  allows the coupling of  $\sim 9$  cm scale of brain hemisphere with the length scale  $\sim 50 \mu\text{m}$  of large neuron.  $N_{cr} \leq 137$  ordinary IR photons would be emitted in single burst and interacting with neuron.
2. For a non-relativistic particle in a box of size  $L$  the energy scale is given by  $E_1 = \hbar^2\pi^2/2mL^2$  so that the visible photons emitted would have energy scaled up by a factor  $(\hbar_s/\hbar)^2 \simeq 4 \times 10^6$ . The collective dropping of  $N_{cr}$  dark protons to larger space-time sheet would liberate a laser beam of dark photons with energy equal to the liberated zero point kinetic energy. For instance, for the p-adic length scale  $L(k = 159 = 3 \times 53) \simeq .63 \mu\text{m}$  this process would generate laser beam of IR dark photons with energy  $\sim .5$  eV also generated by the dropping of ordinary protons from  $k = 137$  atomic space-time sheet. There would thus be an interaction between dark protons in cell length scale and ordinary protons in atomic length scale. For instance, the dropping of dark protons in cell length scale could induce driving of protons back to the atomic space-time sheet essential for the metabolism [K16]. Similar argument applies to electrons with the scale of the zero point kinetic energy about 1 keV.

In many-sheeted space-time (see **Fig.** <http://tgdtheory.fi/appfigures/manysheeted.jpg> or **Fig. 9** in the appendix of this book) particles topologically condense at all space-time sheets having projection to given region of space-time so that this option makes sense only near the boundaries of space-time sheet of a given system. Also p-adic phase transition increasing the size of the space-time sheet could take place and the liberated energy would correspond to the reduction of zero point kinetic energy. In this case the process would occur coherently for all particles. Particles could be transferred from a portion of magnetic flux tube portion to another one with different value of magnetic field and possibly also of Planck constant  $\hbar_{eff}$  so that cyclotron energy would be liberated.

In the sequel the early version of the model assigning metabolic energy quantum to the dropping of protons is only considered. In [K27] a model of metabolism associating the metabolic energy quantum to the change of cyclotron energy is discussed.

3. If the energy spectrum associated with the conformational degrees of freedom of proteins, which corresponds roughly to a frequency scale of 10 GHz remains also invariant in the phase transition to dark protein state, coherent emissions of dark photons with microwave wave lengths would generate ordinary infrared photons. For instance, metabolic energy quanta of

$\sim .5$  eV could result from macroscopic Bose-Einstein condensates of 58 GHz dark photons resulting from the oscillations in the conformational degrees of freedom of dark proteins. A second option is that the conformal energies are scaled by  $\hbar_s/\hbar$  ( $\omega$  would remain invariant). In this case these coherent excitations would generate ordinary photons with energy of about 1 keV able to drive electrons back to the atomic  $k = 137$  space-time sheet.

4. Since magnetic flux tubes have a profound role in TGD inspired theory of consciousness, it is interesting to look also for the behavior of effective magnetic transition energies in the phase transition to the dark matter phase. This transition increases the scale of the magnetic interaction energy so that anomalously large magnetic spin splitting  $\hbar_s eB/m$  in the external magnetic field could serve as a signature of dark atoms. The dark transition energies relate by a factor  $\hbar_s/\hbar$  to the ordinary magnetic transition energies.

For instance, in the magnetic field  $B_{end} = 2B_E/5 = .2$  Gauss, where  $B_E = .5$  Gauss is the nominal value of the Earth's magnetic field, explaining the effects of ELF em fields on vertebrate brain, dark electron cyclotron frequency is  $6 \times 10^5$  Hz and corresponds to ordinary microwave photon with frequency  $\sim 1.2$  GHz and wavelength  $\lambda \simeq 25$  cm. For proton the cyclotron frequency of 300 Hz would correspond to energy of ordinary photon with frequency of  $6 \times 10^5$  Hz and could induce electronic cyclotron transitions and spin flips in turn generating for instance magneto-static waves.

It is easy to imagine a few step dark matter hierarchy connecting EEG frequencies of dark matter with frequencies of visible light for ordinary photons. This kind of hierarchy would give considerable concreteness for the notion of magnetic body having size scale of Earth.

#### 3.1.4 A connection with bio-photons

The biologically active radiation at UV energies was first discovered by Russian researcher Gurwitz using a very elegant experimental arrangement [I11]. Gurwitz christened this radiation mitogenetic radiation since it was especially intense during the division of cell.

A direct proof for the biological activity of mitogenetic radiation consisted of a simple experiment in which either quartz or glass plate was put between two samples. The first sample contained already growing onion roots whereas the second sample contained roots which did not yet grow. In the case of quartz plate no stimulation of growth occurred unlike for glass plate. Since quartz is not transparent to UV light whereas the ordinary glass is, the conclusion was that the stimulation of growth is due to UV light.

The phenomenon was condemned by skeptics as a pseudo science and only the modern detection technologies demonstrated its existence [I18], and mitogenetic radiation became also known as bio-photons (the TGD based model for bio-photons is discussed in [K16]). Bio-photons form a relatively featureless continuum at visible wavelengths continuing also to UV energies, and are believed to be generated by DNA or at least to couple with DNA. The emission of bio-photons is most intense from biologically active organisms and the irradiation by UV light induces an emission of mitogenetic radiation by a some kind of amplification mechanism. It has been suggested that bio-photons represent some kind of leakage of a coherent light emitted by living matter.

According to Russian researcher V. M. Injushin [I22], mitochondrios emit red light at wavelengths 620 nm and 680 nm corresponding to energies 2 eV and 1.82 eV. According to the same source, the nucleus of cell sends UV light at wavelengths 190, 280 and 330 nm corresponding to the energies 6.5, 4.4 and 3.8 eV. The interpretation as a kind of leakage of coherent light would conform with the identification in terms of BE condensates of dark photons with  $\hbar_s/\hbar \simeq 2^{k_d}$  decaying to photons with energies visible and UV range. The model for the cell membrane as almost vacuum extremal [K9] leads to a successful prediction of the frequencies of peak sensitivity for four kinds of photoreceptors and allows to identify bio-photons as decay products of dark Josephson photons. Also EEG photons can be understood as decay products of Josephson photons. Also a fractal generalization of EEG emerges.

The analysis of Kirlian photographs has shown that the pattern of visible light emitted by various body parts, for instance ear, code information about other body parts [I23]. These bi-holograms for which a general model is discussed in [K2] could be realized as dark photon laser beams.



In phantom DNA effect [I17] a chamber containing DNA is irradiated with a visible laser light and the DNA generates as a response coherent visible radiation at same wavelength. Strangely enough, the chamber continues to emit weak laser light even after the removal of DNA. This effect could be due to the decay of a dark photon BE condensate remaining in the chamber. Also the findings of Peter Gariaev [I15] about the effects of visible laser light on DNA, in particular the stimulated emission of radio waves in kHz-MHz frequency range might also relate to dark photons somehow.

### 3.1.5 A connection with the scaling law of homeopathy

The value of the parameter  $1/v_0 \simeq 2083$  is essentially the ratio of  $CP_2$  radius and Planck length scale (as also the ratio of Compton lengths of electron and proton) and rather near to  $2^{11} = 2048$ . This inspired the idea that powers of  $2^{11}$  might define a hierarchy of preferred value of Planck constant. It however seems that this hypothesis is quite too restrictive. Interestingly, much larger number  $2 \times 10^{11} \simeq 3 \times 2^{36}$  appears in the simplest form for what I have christened the scaling law of homeopathy [K14]. This rule has been proposed on basis of experimental findings [I13] but has no convincing theoretical justification. The scaling law of homeopathy states that high frequency em radiation transforms to a low frequency radiation and vice versa preferably with the frequency ratio  $f_{high}/f_{low} \simeq 2 \times 10^{11}$ .

The proposed hierarchy of dark matter and ensuing hierarchy of dark laser beams decaying into lower level beams might provide a deeper explanation for the scaling law of homeopathy. The factor  $2 \times 10^{11}$  is with 3 per cent accuracy equal to the integer  $n_F = 3 \times 2^{36} \simeq 2.06 \times 10^{11}$  characterizing ruler and compass quantum phase. Hence the interpretation in terms of a phase transition leading from a phase with a large value of Planck constant  $\hbar = n_F \hbar_0$  to ordinary phase is possible.

In [K14] I have discussed some mechanisms for the transformation of high energy photons to low energy photons consistent with the rule and proposed a generalization of the rule based on p-adic length scale hypothesis. For instance, high energy visible photons of frequency  $f$  could induce an excitation of the receiving system having same frequency, propagating with velocity  $\beta = v/c \simeq 10^{-11}/2$ , and having wave length equal  $\lambda_0 = f/v = \lambda/\beta$ . This excitation would in turn couple to photons of wavelength  $\lambda_0$  and frequency  $f_0 = \beta f$ .

## 3.2 Dark Matter Hierarchy, Sensory Representations, And Motor Action

Dark matter hierarchy allows to develop a detailed model for how magnetic bodies use biological bodies as sensory receptors and motor instruments [K9] leading among other things to a generalization of the notion of genome.

For ordinary quantum mechanics photons at EEG frequencies correspond to ridiculously small energies. Dark matter hierarchy is accompanied by a hierarchy of EEGs and its generalizations with the scalings of frequencies predicted by Mersenne hypothesis to come as powers  $2^{-k_d}$  [K9]. For  $k_d = 44$  the energies of EEG photons are above thermal threshold at room temperature for  $f \geq 1$  Hz, .

The fact that arbitrarily small frequencies can correspond to energies above thermal threshold at higher levels of dark matter hierarchy implies that photons with arbitrarily low frequencies can have sizeable physical effects on matter. This conforms with the findings about the effects of ELF em fields on living matter [K9], and these effects allow to develop a rather detailed model for EEG and identify the parts of EEG correlating with communications of sensory data to the magnetic body and with quantum control performed by the magnetic body [K9].

### 3.2.1 Bose-Einstein condensates at magnetic flux quanta in astrophysical length scales

The new model for the topological condensation at magnetic flux quanta of Earth's magnetic field is based on the dark matter hierarchy with levels characterized by the value of  $\hbar = 2^{k_d} \hbar_0$ , where  $k_d$  is given by Mersenne hypothesis.

1. There are several levels of dynamics. In topological condensation the internal dynamics of ions is unaffected and  $\hbar$  has the ordinary value. The formation of Cooper pairs involves

dynamics at relatively low level of dark matter hierarchy. Also the dynamics of ionic Cooper pairs remains unaffected in the topological condensation to magnetic flux quanta with larger value of Planck constant.

2. Cyclotron energies scale as  $\hbar$  so that for a sufficiently high value of  $k$  thermal stability of cyclotron states at room temperature is achieved for given value of field strength.
3. If the flux quanta of Earth's magnetic field correspond to  $k = 44$  level of dark matter hierarchy, cyclotron energies  $E = (\hbar/2\pi) \times ZeB/Am_p$  are scaled up by a factor  $2^{44}$  from their ordinary values and are above thermal energy at room temperature for  $A \leq 233Z$ , where  $Z$  is the charge of the ion. Even for  $Z = 1$  this includes all stable nuclei. Bose-Einstein condensates of bosonic ions are thus possible at room temperatures at Earth's surface.

### 3.2.2 Fractal hierarchy of magnetic flux sheets

The notion of magnetic body is central in the TGD inspired theory of living matter. Every system possesses magnetic body and there are strong reasons to believe that the magnetic body associated with human body is of order Earth size and that there could be hierarchy of these bodies with even much larger sizes. Therefore the question arises what distinguishes between the magnetic bodies of Earth and human body. The quantization of magnetic flux suggests an answer to this question.

1. If Josephson photons are transformed to a bunch of ordinary small  $\hbar$  photons magnetic flux tubes can correspond to the ordinary value of Planck constant. If one assumes the quantization of the magnetic flux in the form

$$\int BdA = n\hbar$$

used in super-conductivity, the radius of the flux tube must increase as  $\sqrt{\hbar}$  and if the Josephson frequency is reduced to the sound frequency, the value of  $\hbar$  codes for the sound frequency. This leads to problems since the transversal thickness of flux tubes becomes too large. This does not however mean that the condition might not make sense: for instance, in the case of flux sheets going through DNA strands the condition might apply.

2. The quantization of magnetic flux could be replaced by a more general condition

$$\oint (p - ZeA)dl = n\hbar \quad , \quad (3.1)$$

where  $p$  represents momentum of particle of super-conducting phase at the boundary of flux tube. In this case also  $n = 0$  is possible and poses no conditions on the thickness of the flux tube as a function of  $\hbar$ . This option looks reasonable in length scales assignable to biological body (say flux tubes assignable to axonal membranes and DNA strands since the charged particles at the boundary of flux tube would act as sources of the magnetic field. At the level of magnetic body of Earth the currents might vanishing and flux quantization would pose a condition of the size of the flux quantum.

As an example consider flux sheets, which have thickness  $L(151) = 2.5$  nm carrying magnetic field having strength of Earth's magnetic field. At  $k_d = 44$  level of dark matter hierarchy necessary in order that the energies associated with cyclotron frequencies are above thermal threshold these flux sheets would have minimum thickness of DNA double strand and total transversal length  $L(169 + 5 \times 22) = L(257) = 1.6 \times 10^8$  km from flux quantization without supra currents. Flux quantization without supra currents is not satisfied at the level of single nucleus or even organism. The simplest possibility is that the flux sheets of cells fuse to larger flux sheets representing organs and organisms and that even the flux sheets assignable to separate organisms fuse in turn to larger flux sheets for which quantization condition for magnetic flux can be satisfied without assuming  $n = 0$  and supra currents flowing at the boundaries of flux sheets.

Suppose that the magnetic flux flows in head to tail direction so that the magnetic flux arrives to the human body through a layer of cortical neurons. Assume that the flux sheets traverse through the uppermost layer of neurons and also lower layers and that DNA of each neuronal nuclei define a transversal sections organized along flux sheet like text lines of a book page. The total length of DNA in single human cell is about one meter. It seem that single brain cannot provide the needed total length of DNA if DNA dominates the contribution: this if of course not at all necessarily.

This leads to the notion of super- and hyper-genes. Super-genes consist of genes in different cell nuclei arranged to threads along magnetic flux sheets like text lines on the page of book whereas hyper-genes traverse through genomes of different organisms. Super- and hyper-genes provide an enormous representative capacity and together with the dark matter hierarchy allow to resolve the paradox created by the observation that human genome does not differ appreciably in size from that of wheat.

### 3.2.3 Charge entanglement as a tool of generalized motor action

The charge entanglement by  $W$  MEs is an essentially new element in the model for generalized motor actions by magnetic body. Also the telepathic sharing of mental images could rely on charge entanglement. The notion was originally applied in the model of nerve pulse generation [K28]. Neutral MEs would in turn be related to communications and memory. The reduction of charge entanglement can induce a quantum jump to a state in which local Bose-Einstein condensates become exotically ionized with certain probability depending on the intensity of  $W$  field. Bose-Einstein condensates define pixels of generalized motor maps.

Exotic ionization induces dark plasma oscillations in turn generating various physiological responses such as  $\text{Ca}^{++}$ ,  $\text{Mg}^{++}$  waves, and nerve pulse patterns giving rise to the motor action as an asymptotic self-organization pattern. Plasma oscillation patterns utilize typically dark microwave photons as metabolic energy. Field code is the correspondence between the spatio-temporal pattern of plasma oscillations and generalized motor action and the number theoretical model for genetic code [K7] generalizes to this context.

### 3.2.4 Overview about quantum control and coordination

The following general overview about quantum communication and control emerges in this framework.

1. Cyclotron frequencies relate to the control of the biological body by the magnetic body and could be assigned with the magnetic flux sheets going through DNA since it is genome where protein synthesis is initiated and is thus the optimal intermediate step in the cellular control.
2. One of the basic functions of cell membranes is to perceive the chemical environment using various kinds of receptors as sensors. Neurons have specialized to receive symbolic representations of the sensory data of primary sensory organs about the situation in the external world. Receptor proteins would communicate cell level sensory input to the magnetic body via MEs parallel to magnetic flux tubes connecting them to the magnetic body. We ourselves would be in an abstract sense fractally scaled up counterparts of receptor proteins and associated with dark matter iono-lito Josephson junction connecting the parts of magnetosphere below litosphere and above magnetosphere.
3. This picture would explain why the temperature of brain must be in the narrow range 36-37 K to guarantee optimal functionality of the organism. If interior superconductivity is lost, magnetic body receives sensory data but is paralyzed since its desires cannot be realized. If boundary superconductivity is lost, magnetic body can move but is blind.
4. In the length scales below the weak length scale  $L_w$  also charged weak bosons behave as massless particles and the exchange of virtual  $W$  bosons makes possible a non-local charge transfer. Dark quark-antiquark pairs associated with the color bonds of the atomic nuclei can become charged via the emission of dark  $W$  boson and thus produce and exotic ion.

The same can happen at the higher levels of dark matter hierarchy. This provides a non-local quantal mechanism inducing or changing electromagnetic polarization in turn inducing ordinary charge flows and thus making possible quantum control.

5. Massless extremals (MEs, topological light rays) serve as correlates for dark bosons. Besides neutral massless extremals (em and  $Z^0$  MEs) TGD predicts also charged massless extremals obtained from their neutral counterparts by a mere color rotation (color and weak quantum numbers are not totally independent in TGD framework). The interpretation of the charged MEs has remained open hitherto. Charged  $W$  MEs (hierarchy of WEGs!) could induce long length scale charge entanglement of Bose-Einstein condensates by inducing exotic ionization of ionic nuclei. State function reduction could lead to a state containing a Bose-Einstein condensate in exotically ionized state.

In this manner the dark charge inside neuron and thus by Faraday's law also membrane potential could be affected by magnetic body. The generation of nerve pulse could rely on the reduction of the resting potential below the critical value by this kind of mechanism inducing charge transfer between cell interior and exterior. The mechanism might apply even in the scale of magnetic body and make possible the control of central nervous system. Also remote mental interactions, in particular telekinesis, might rely on this mechanism.

Summarizing, charged massless extremals could be seen as correlates for non-local quantum control by affecting charge equilibria whereas neutral MEs would serve as correlates for coordination and communication. Color charged MEs could also induce color charge polarization and flows of color charges and thus generate visual color qualia by the capacitor mechanism discussed in [K12].

## 4 MEs And Mes

The development of the model for the detailed identification of the sensory qualia and brain led to a general vision about the evolution of consciousness and information processing in brain. In this section various properties of MEs are summarized.

### 4.1 Massless Extremals

Massless extremals (MEs) are an extremely general solution set of field equations associated with Kähler action [K15] and representing various gauge – and gravitational fields [K21]. Being scale invariant, MEs come in all size scales. The geometry has axial symmetry in the sense that  $CP_2$  coordinates are arbitrary functions of two variables constructed from Minkowski coordinates: light-like coordinate  $t - z$  and arbitrary function of the coordinates of the plane orthogonal to the  $z$ -axis defining the direction of propagation. The polarization of the electromagnetic field depends on the point of the plane but is temporally constant. MEs represent waves propagating with velocity of light in single direction so that there is no dispersion: preservation of the pulse shape makes MEs ideal for classical communications.

Electric and magnetic parts of various gauge fields are orthogonal to each other and to the direction of propagation. Classical gauge field is sum of a free part plus part having as its source light-like vacuum current. The time dependence of the vacuum current is arbitrary, this is only possible by its light-likeness. This makes it possible to code all kinds of physical information to the time dependence of the vacuum current. MEs can have finite spatial size and in this case they are classical counterparts of virtual photons exchanged between charged particles and represent classical communication between material space-time sheets. MEs carry gravitational waves and also classical  $Z^0$  fields propagating with light velocity.

MEs can also carry constant electric field. In this case either vacuum charges or actual charges near the boundaries of ME contain define the sources of this field. This situation can be also achieved if MEs form double-sheeted structures and wormhole contacts serve as effectively sources of the field. It is quite possible and even plausible that boundary conditions do not allow boundaries at all so that one must have at least double sheeted coverings so that MEs would appear as pairs.

TGD allows to consider also the possibility that the two sheets have opposite time orientations and therefore also opposite classical energies. This kind of structures are obvious candidates for cognitive structures since classical nondeterminism is localized in a finite space-time volume. The

Universe could be full of MEs with all possible sizes since they have vanishing action: addition of ME with finite time duration yields new preferred extremal of Kähler action. This suggests that MEs should be of crucial importance in TGD Universe.

MEs serve as receiving and sending quantum antennae [K21]. Light-like vacuum current generates coherent light. Also coherent gravitons are generated. MEs serve also as templates for BE condensation of photons and gravitons with momenta parallel to the light-like vacuum current. Linear structures, say DNA and micro-tubules, are natural but not the only candidates for structures accompanied by MEs. Since MEs are massless, they carry maximal possible momentum. This makes exchange of ME ideal mechanism for locomotion. The possibility of negative energy MEs is especially fascinating since it suggests “buy now, pay later” mechanism of energy production: perhaps living matter uses MEs to generate coherent motions [K23, K22].

#### 4.1.1 Massless extremals as general solutions of field equations

Let  $k = (k^0, k^3, 0, 0)$  be a light like vector of  $M^4$  and  $u = u(m^1, m^2)$  arbitrary function of the Minkowski coordinates  $m^1$  and  $m^2$  in the plane orthogonal to the direction of the 3-vector  $(k^3, 0, 0)$  associated with  $k$ . The surfaces defined by the map

$$s^k = f^k(k \cdot m, u) , \quad (4.1)$$

where  $f^k$  and  $u$  are arbitrary functions define massless extremals. They describe the propagation of massless fields in the direction of  $k$ : the fields are periodic with a period  $\lambda = 2\pi/k$  so that only  $k$  and its integer multiples are possible wave vectors. The polarization associated with various induced gauge fields depends on the position in  $(m^1, m^2)$ -plane and is in the direction of the gradient of  $u$ . Field equations involve tensor contractions of the energy momentum tensor and gauge current but these are proportional to  $kk$  and  $k$  respectively and vanish by the light-likeness of  $k$ . Linear superposition holds true only in a restricted sense since both the propagation direction and the polarization direction in each  $(m^1, m^2) = \text{const}$  plane is fixed.

What is remarkable that these solutions are not solutions of the ordinary Maxwell equations in vacuum: Kähler current density  $J_K$  is in general non-vanishing(!) and proportional to the light like four-momentum  $k$ . As a consequence, also a light-like electromagnetic current is in general (but not necessarily) present. The interpretation of the em current  $J$  as charged elementary particle current is impossible and the correct interpretation as a vacuum current associated with the induced gauge fields. The finite length of the micro-tubule plus the requirement that the total vacuum charge vanishes, implies that the Fourier decompositions of the massless fields contain only integer multiples of the basic four-momentum  $k$ . The direct detection of the light-like vacuum current inside a micro-tubule would provide strong support for TGD.

The physical importance of these extremals is suggested by the fact they are in certain sense elementary particle like objects: in fact, the original interpretation was as a model for the exterior space-time of a topologically condensed massless particle. The solution set is also very general involving several arbitrary functions. Although the minimization of the Kähler action favors the formation of Kähler electric fields, massless extremals might well appear as space-time sheets of the effective space-time. These space-time sheets should not contain ordinary charges since their presence implies a transition to the Maxwell phase described in an excellent approximation by the ordinary Maxwell electrodynamics. The fact that vacuum em current and vacuum Einstein tensor do not in general vanish, could mean that massless extremals serve as sources of coherent photons and gravitons.

Massless extremals can also reduce to vacuum extremals of the Kähler action in the case that the  $CP_2$  projection is, in general two-dimensional, Legendre manifold of  $CP_2$ . These extremals are however not gravitational vacua.

#### 4.1.2 Generalization of the solution ansatz defining MEs

The solution ansatz for MEs has developed gradually to an increasingly general form and the following formulation is the most general one achieved hitherto. Rather remarkably, it rather closely resembles the solution ansatz for the  $CP_2$  type extremals and has direct interpretation

in terms of geometric optics. Equally remarkable is that the latest generalization based on the introduction of the local light-cone coordinates was inspired by quantum holography principle.

The solution ansatz for MEs has developed gradually to an increasingly general form and the following formulation is the most general one achieved hitherto. Rather remarkably, it rather closely resembles the solution ansatz for the  $CP_2$  type extremals and has direct interpretation in terms of geometric optics. Equally remarkable is that the latest generalization based on the introduction of the local light-cone coordinates was inspired by quantum holography principle.

### 1. Local light-cone coordinates

The solution involves a decomposition of  $M_+^4$  tangent space localizing the decomposition of Minkowski space to an orthogonal direct sum  $M^2 \oplus E^2$  defined by light-like wave vector and polarization vector orthogonal to it. This decomposition defines what might be called local light-cone coordinates.

1. Denote by  $m^i$  the linear Minkowski coordinates of  $M^4$ . Let  $(S_+, S_-, E_1, E_2)$  denote local coordinates of  $M_+^4$  defining a *local* decomposition of the tangent space  $M^4$  of  $M_+^4$  into a direct *orthogonal* sum  $M^4 = M^2 \oplus E_2$  of spaces  $M^2$  and  $E^2$ . This decomposition has interpretation in terms of the longitudinal and transversal degrees of freedom defined by local light-like four-velocities  $v_{\pm} = \nabla S_{\pm}$  and polarization vectors  $\epsilon_i = \nabla E_i$  assignable to light ray.
2. In accordance with this physical picture,  $S_+$  and  $S_-$  define light-like curves and thus satisfy the equation:

$$(\nabla S_{\pm})^2 = 0 \quad .$$

The gradients of  $S_{\pm}$  are obviously analogous to local light like velocities  $v = (1, \bar{v})$  and  $\bar{v} = (1, -\bar{v})$ . These equations are also obtained in geometric optics from Hamilton Jacobi equation by replacing photon's four-velocity with the gradient  $\nabla S$ : this is consistent with the interpretation of MEs as Bohr orbits of em field.

3. With these assumptions the coordinates  $(S_{\pm}, E_i)$  define local light-cone coordinates with the metric element having the form

$$ds^2 = g_{S_+ S_-} dS_+ dS_- + g_{11} dE_1^2 + g_{22} dE_2^2 \quad .$$

Conformal transformations of  $M_+^4$  leave the general form of this decomposition invariant. The task is to find all possible local light-cone coordinates defining one-parameter families 2-surfaces defined by the condition  $S_i = \text{constant}$ ,  $i = + \text{ or } -$ , dual to each other and expanding with light velocity.

### 2. A conformally invariant family of local light-cone coordinates

The simplest solutions to the equations defining local light-cone coordinates are of form  $S_{\pm} = k \cdot m$  giving as a special case  $S_{\pm} = m^0 \pm m^3$ . For more general solutions of form

$$S_{\pm} = m^0 \pm f(m^1, m^2, m^3) \quad , \quad (\nabla_3 f)^2 = 1 \quad ,$$

where  $f$  is an otherwise arbitrary function, this relationship reads as

$$S_+ + S_- = 2m^0 \quad .$$

This condition defines a natural rest frame. One can integrate  $f$  from its initial data at some two-dimensional  $f = \text{constant}$  surface and solution describes curvilinear light rays emanating from this surface and orthogonal to it. The flow velocity field  $\bar{v} = \nabla f$  is irrotational so that closed flow lines are not possible in a connected region of space and the condition  $\bar{v}^2 = 1$  excludes also closed flow line configuration with singularity at origin such as  $v = 1/\rho$  rotational flow around axis.

One can identify  $E^2$  as a local tangent space spanned by polarization vectors and orthogonal to the flow lines of the velocity field  $\bar{v} = \nabla f(m^1, m^2, m^3)$ . Since the metric tensor of any

3-dimensional space allows always diagonalization in suitable coordinates, one can always find coordinates  $(E_1, E_2)$  such that  $(f, E_1, E_2)$  form orthogonal coordinates for  $m^0 = \text{constant}$  hyperplane. Obviously one can select the coordinates  $E_1$  and  $E_2$  in infinitely many ways.

3. Closer inspection of the conditions defining local light-cone coordinates

Whether the conformal transforms of the local light-cone coordinates  $\{S_{\pm} = m^0 \pm f(m^1, m^2, m^3), E_i\}$  define the only possible compositions  $M^2 \oplus E^2$  with the required properties, remains an open question. The best that one might hope is that any function  $S_+$  defining a family of light-like curves defines a local decomposition  $M^4 = M^2 \oplus E^2$  with required properties.

1. Suppose that  $S_+$  and  $S_-$  define light-like vector fields which are not orthogonal (proportional to each other). Suppose that the polarization vector fields  $\epsilon_i = \nabla E_i$  tangential to local  $E^2$  satisfy the conditions  $\epsilon_i \cdot \nabla S_+ = 0$ . One can formally integrate the functions  $E_i$  from these condition since the initial values of  $E_i$  are given at  $m^0 = \text{constant}$  slice.
2. The solution to the condition  $\nabla S_+ \cdot \epsilon_i = 0$  is determined only modulo the replacement

$$\epsilon_i \rightarrow \hat{\epsilon}_i = \epsilon_i + k \nabla S_+ ,$$

where  $k$  is any function. With the choice

$$k = - \frac{\nabla E_i \cdot \nabla S_-}{\nabla S_+ \cdot \nabla S_-}$$

one can satisfy also the condition  $\hat{\epsilon}_i \cdot \nabla S_- = 0$ .

3. The requirement that also  $\hat{\epsilon}_i$  is gradient is satisfied if the integrability condition

$$k = k(S_+)$$

is satisfied in this case  $\hat{\epsilon}_i$  is obtained by a gauge transformation from  $\epsilon_i$ . The integrability condition can be regarded as an additional, and obviously very strong, condition for  $S_-$  once  $S_+$  and  $E_i$  are known.

4. The problem boils down to that of finding local momentum and polarization directions defined by the functions  $S_+$ ,  $S_-$  and  $E_1$  and  $E_2$  satisfying the orthogonality and integrability conditions

$$\begin{aligned} (\nabla S_+)^2 = (\nabla S_-)^2 = 0 , \quad \nabla S_+ \cdot \nabla S_- \neq 0 , \\ \nabla S_+ \cdot \nabla E_i = 0 , \quad \frac{\nabla E_i \cdot \nabla S_-}{\nabla S_+ \cdot \nabla S_-} = k_i(S_+) . \end{aligned}$$

The number of integrability conditions is 3+3 (all derivatives of  $k_i$  except the one with respect to  $S_+$  vanish): thus it seems that there are not much hopes of finding a solution unless some discrete symmetry relating  $S_+$  and  $S_-$  eliminates the integrability conditions altogether.

A generalization of the spatial reflection  $f \rightarrow -f$  working for the separable Hamilton Jacobi function  $S_{\pm} = m^0 \pm f$  ansatz could relate  $S_+$  and  $S_-$  to each other and trivialize the integrability conditions. The symmetry transformation of  $M_{\pm}^4$  must perform the permutation  $S_+ \leftrightarrow S_-$ , preserve the light-likeness property, map  $E^2$  to  $E^2$ , and multiply the inner products between  $M^2$  and  $E^2$  vectors by a mere conformal factor. This encourages the conjecture that all solutions are obtained by conformal transformations from the solutions  $S_{\pm} = m^0 \pm f$ .

4. General solution ansatz for MEs for given choice of local light-cone coordinates

Consider now the general solution ansatz assuming that a local wave-vector-polarization decomposition of  $M_{\pm}^4$  tangent space has been found.

1. Let  $E(S_+, E_1, E_2)$  be an arbitrary function of its arguments: the gradient  $\nabla E$  defines at each point of  $E^2$  an  $S_+$ -dependent (and thus time dependent) polarization direction orthogonal to the direction of local wave vector defined by  $\nabla S_+$ . Polarization vector depends on  $E^2$  position only.
2. The most general MEs correspond to the solution family of the field equations having the general form

$$s^k = f^k(S_+, E) \quad ,$$

where  $s^k$  denotes  $CP_2$  coordinates and  $f^k$  is an arbitrary function of  $S_+$  and  $E$ . The solution represents a wave propagating with light velocity and having definite  $S_+$  dependent polarization in the direction of  $\nabla E$ . By replacing  $S_+$  with  $S_-$  one obtains a dual solution. Field equations are satisfied because energy momentum tensor and Kähler current are light-like so that all tensor contractions involved with the field equations vanish: the orthogonality of  $M^2$  and  $E^2$  is essential for the light-likeness of energy momentum tensor and Kähler current.

3. The simplest solutions of the form  $S_{\pm} = m^0 \pm m^3$ ,  $(E_1, E_2) = (m^1, m^2)$  and correspond to a cylindrical MEs representing waves propagating in the direction of the cylinder axis with light velocity and having polarization which depends on point  $(E^1, E^2)$  and  $S_+$  (and thus time). For these solutions four-momentum is light-like: for more general solutions this cannot be the case. Polarization is in general case time dependent so that both linearly and circularly polarized waves are possible. If  $m^3$  varies in a finite range of length  $L$ , then “free” solution represents geometrically a cylinder of length  $L$  moving with a light velocity. Of course, ends could be also anchored to the emitting or absorbing space-time surfaces.
4. For the general solution the cylinder is replaced by a three-dimensional family of light like curves and in this case the rectilinear motion of the ends of the cylinder is replaced with a curvilinear motion with light velocity unless the ends are anchored to emitting/absorbing space-time surfaces. The non-rotational character of the velocity flow suggests that the freely moving particle like 3-surface defined by ME cannot remain in a infinite spatial volume. The most general ansatz for MEs should be useful in the intermediate and nearby regions of a radiating object whereas in the far away region radiation solution is expected to decompose to cylindrical ray like MEs for which the function  $f(m^1, m^2, m^2)$  is a linear function of  $m^i$ .

## 4.2 About The Electro-Weak And Color Fields Associated With Massless Extremals

Space-time sheets carrying em fields carry usually also  $Z^0$  and  $W$  fields and it is not possible to speak about em or  $Z^0$  type MEs. It is however possible to speak about neutral and  $W$  MEs. The  $CP_2$  projection of ME is 2-dimensional and in a special case it reduces to a geodesic sphere. There are two kinds of geodesic spheres in  $CP_2$ .

1. For space-time sheets for which  $CP_2$  projection is  $r = \infty$  homologically non-trivial geodesic sphere of  $CP_2$  one has

$$\gamma = \left( \frac{3}{4} - \frac{\sin^2(\theta_W)}{2} \right) Z^0 \simeq \frac{5Z^0}{8} \quad .$$

The induced  $W$  fields vanish in this case and they vanish also for all geodesic sphere obtained by  $SU(3)$  rotation.

2. For homologically trivial geodesic sphere a standard representative is obtained by using for the phase angles of standard complex  $CP_2$  coordinates constant values. In this case induced em,  $Z^0$ , and Kähler fields vanish but induced  $W$  fields are non-vanishing. This holds also for surfaces obtained by color rotation. Hence one can say that for non-vacuum extremals with 2-D  $CP_2$  projection color rotations and weak symmetries commute.



The MEs corresponding to these two geodesic spheres could be called neutral and  $W$  MEs and they carry color fields for which the color group  $SU(3)$  reduces to some of its  $U(1)$  subgroups. Quite generally, the holonomy algebra of color group is Abelian since the induced color field is of the form  $g_{\alpha\beta}^A \propto H^A J_{\alpha\beta}$ , where  $H^A$  denotes color Hamiltonian. Neutral MEs are excellent candidates for mediating EEG type communications from the biological body to the magnetic body whereas charge entanglement induced by  $W$  MEs would be ideal for the realization of motor actions of the magnetic body.

MEs are excellent candidates for the space-time correlates of laser beams. Dark matter hierarchy implies that also MEs can be classified by the level of the dark matter hierarchy involved. Mersenne hypothesis [K9] is an explicit conjecture about the hierarchy of weak physics and their dark counterparts and allow to make explicit quantitative predictions about the role of weak interactions in living matter since as many as four Gaussian Mersennes are in the p-adic length scale range 10 nm-528 nm.

### 4.3 MEs As Absorbing And Emitting Quantum Antennae

#### 4.3.1 How massless extremals generate coherent states of photons?

ME: s can be in “dormant” or active state according to whether the em current associated with the ME is vanishing or not. In active state ME: s generate Bose Einstein condensate type state for ordinary photons. This means in TGD context the emission of (topological) vapour phase photons ( $CP_2$  type extremals), which can condense on other condensate levels. ME: s generate gravitonic BE condensate and the possible biological role of this condensate will be discussed later.

Assuming that the coupling of quantized photon field to the massless extremal is given by regarding the massless extremal as a classical background field one obtains QED with a light like source  $J^\alpha$ :

$$\begin{aligned} D_\beta F^{\alpha\beta} &= eJ^\alpha , \\ J^\alpha &= Jk^\alpha . \end{aligned} \quad (4.2)$$

The system is equivalent with an infinite number of harmonic oscillators each driven by a harmonic external force and a basic exercise in the quantum mechanics shows that the solutions of the field equations give the new oscillator operators as sums of free oscillator operators plus c-number term, which is essentially the Fourier component of the light like current in the direction of the polarization.

In the limit that ME has infinite duration and is a cylindrical structure of finite length  $L$  (that is micro-tubule) one has for  $J \propto \sin(k_z(t-z))$

$$\begin{aligned} a^\dagger(p) &\rightarrow a^\dagger(p) + g(p) , \\ g(p) &= \sum_n \delta(p^0, k_n^0) K(p, k_n) J(k_n^z, p_T) , \\ K(p, k) &= \epsilon(p) \cdot k \frac{1}{i(p_z - k_z)} (\exp(ip_z L) - 1) , \\ k_n &= nk_0 = \frac{n2\pi}{L} (1, 1, 0, 0) . \end{aligned} \quad (4.3)$$

Here  $p$  denotes the momentum of the photon and  $k$  the 4-momentum associated with the Fourier component of a light-like current.  $\epsilon(p)$  denotes the polarization of the photon.  $J(k_n^z, p_T)$  is essentially the 3-dimensional Fourier transform of the scalar function  $J$ . The infrared behavior of  $J(k_z, p_T)$  as a function of the transversal momentum  $p_T$  can be deduced from the fact that the transverse dimension of the micro-tubule is small (about 25 nm) as compared to  $1/p_T$  so that the Fourier component is in good approximation independent of  $p_T$ .

For the frequencies present in the Fourier decomposition of the massless extremal, the ordinary oscillator vacuum is transformed to a coherent state in the corresponding Fourier mode of the quantized photon field. The essential point is that the wave vectors of the radiation field

and massless extremal are nonorthogonal. The radiation pattern resembles the ordinary antenna pattern associated with an oscillating current  $J(t) = \exp(i\omega t)$  in that the intensity of radiation vanishes at angles  $\theta = \pi/2$  and  $\theta = 0$ . For  $J \propto \sin(k_z(z-t))$   $|K|^2$  has maxima for  $\theta = 48.6$  degrees and 131.4 degrees. For an ordinary dipole with  $J = \sin(\omega t)$ ,  $\omega = 2\pi/L$  the radiation pattern is concentrated at angles  $\theta \geq 40$  degrees with maximum and 69.3 degrees and 110.7 degrees.

A more complicated situation corresponds to a group of several massless extremals (say micro-tubules). If massless extremals are parallel and have same length the previous expression generalizes with superposition of terms

$$g(p) \rightarrow \sum_n \exp(i\phi_n) \exp(ip_z z_n) \exp(ip_T \cdot x_T) g_n(p) . \quad (4.4)$$

The phase  $\phi_n$  is the phase difference between  $n$ : th light like current with respect to some reference current. If the positions of micro-tubules and/or phases of the individual light like currents are suitably chosen then various terms interfere constructively and macroscopic quantum coherence is obtained at resonant frequencies. Suffice it so say that the needed timing is extremely accurate: less than  $10^{-12}$  seconds! Since  $p_z$  is small rather larger transversal distances are allowed by the requirement of constructive interference. In a more general situation also the orientations of micro-tubules can vary in certain limits. Note that light-like energy momentum generates also gravitonic BE condensates at preferred frequencies.

#### 4.3.2 Massless extremal is accompanied by a Bose-Einstein condensate of parallel photons

The interaction Lagrangian describing the interaction of photon field with the light-like vacuum current does not couple to the photons collinear with the vacuum current (light-like wave vector has vanishing length squared). Therefore the ground states of the system are degenerate since one can add to any coherent state generated by the vacuum current any number of photons collinear with the vacuum current and topologically condensed inside the massless extremal. This means Bose-Einstein condensation in collinear degrees of freedom.

Collinear Bose-Einstein condensates of photons are crucial for the model of the quantum correlates of the sensory qualia. Sensory quale is characterized partially by the BE condensate of photons associated with the massless extremal parallel to the axon. The existence of the BE condensate makes possible induced emission. For instance, Josephson currents generate photons with frequencies which are multiples of the Josephson frequency. If the potential difference in Josephson junction equals to a multiple of the cyclotron frequency of some super conducting ion, the current flows resonantly in the sense that Josephson current serves as a harmonic perturbation generating quantum jumps and gives rise to a large dissipative current and also quantum jumps in either super conductor. Since the emission rate for photons by the current is proportional to  $N^2$ , where  $N$  is the number of photons already in the state, the presence of the BE condensate of photons with this frequency amplifies the emission rate. This kind of resonance mechanism is assumed in the model of sensory experience since it elegantly explains why given neuron corresponds to single quale. Since the potential difference over the Josephson junction can correspond to only single cyclotron frequency, the dominance of single quale is unavoidable even when all macroscopic quantum phases are present.

The existing BE condensate increases the probability of topological condensation of coherent photons generated by other massless extremals to the massless extremal. This mechanism could provide inter-neuronal communication mechanism and realize the metaphor about brain as a society of neutrons, the notion of neuronal window idea and also give a more precise content to the music metaphor. In particular, neurons far away from each other could communicate using wavelengths in a narrow wave length range by this mechanism.

The wave vectors of the photons are multiples of  $k = \pi/L$ . This means that the length of the massless extremal correlates with the maximal allowed wavelength. For ELF photons associated with EEG frequencies of order 10 Hz the length of massless extremal is of order Earth's circumference. This suggests that more general massless extremals with a topology of torus instead of linear topology could characterize the topological field quanta of ELF fields. It is however impossible to say, whether the field equations allow more general solutions resembling massless extremals.

## 4.4 Quantum Holography And Quantum Information Theory

Sokolov and collaborators [B2] have proposed a model of quantum holographic teleportation in which the *classical* photocurrents from the sender to receiver take the role of a dynamical hologram. The connection with MEs is obvious.

1. MEs are carriers of classical light-like vacuum currents (one of the basic differences between TGD and Maxwell theory). This suggests that MEs could be interpreted also as *classical* holograms, which are *dynamical* as in quantum information theory. Light-like current would be like a dynamical (four-dimensional) diffraction grating. Light-like vacuum currents and vacuum Einstein tensor generate also coherent states of photons and gravitons and MEs serve as templates for the topological condensation of photons and gravitons to the Bose-Einstein condensate of photons collinear with ME. The Bose-Einstein condensation of collinear photons and their generalizations to colored WCW photons should affect the vacuum current by adding to the reference current what might be called evoked response. This condensation process could generate conscious experience and higher level qualia. Thus it would seem that MEs have a triple role as receiving and sending quantum antennae as well as classical holograms.
2. The proposal of [B2] generalizes to the case of MEs provided one can devise a method of coding quantum states of photon field to the vacuum currents. The high efficiency photodetector matrix in which each pixel gives rise to a photocurrent [B2], is replaced with ME or set of parallel MEs. The neural window hypothesis [K29] states that neuronal axons are accompanied by parallel MEs carrying information between sensory organs and brain and various parts of brain. This is only a less standard manner to say that ME represents classical dynamical hologram. The possibility of local light-cone coordinates allows also MEs which define curved deformations of the simplest cylindrical MEs.

The concrete realization of holographic teleportation proposed in [B2] brings strongly in mind the architecture of the visual pathways. Thus one can wonder whether brain is performing internal teleportation of photonic quantum states with spike patterns being directly coded to the pattern of the vacuum currents flowing along MEs. If spike patterns code the dynamical hologram, a surprisingly close relationship with Pribram's views about holographic brain results. Nerve pulse patterns could be seen as specifying the necessary classical aspects of the quantum teleportation (in TGD classical physics is essential part of quantum physics, rather than some effective theory).

3. Vacuum current at a 3-dimensional time-like section of ME as a function of time defines a dynamical 3-dimensional hologram. This is consistent with the fact that our visual experience is two-dimensional: the information is always about outer boundaries of the objects of the perceptive field. The values of the vacuum current at a given point are non-deterministic which means that vacuum current is ideal for coding information. Classical data also propagate without dispersion with light velocity obeying the laws of geometric optics and MEs imply channelling so that MEs are tailor-made for classical information transfer.
4. Space-time sheets can have both positive and negative time orientations and the sign of energy depends on time orientation in TGD framework. This means that classical communication can occur both in the direction of the geometric future and past: this is essential for the classical model of the long term memories as a question communicated to the geometric past followed by answer. The dynamical nature of the holograms means that there is no need to combine 2- or 3-dimensional holograms associated with several moments of geometric time to single hologram. To remember is to perceive an object located in the geometric past. Of course, fractality might make possible temporally scaled down versions of the geometric past but the principle would remain the same.
5. Quantum hologram view suggests that the super-symplectic representations at the light-like boundaries of MEs characterized by gigantic almost-degeneracies are the real carriers of biological information. According to the general theory of qualia [K12] this information would become conscious since elementary qualia would correspond to quantum jumps for which

increments of the quantum numbers correspond to the quantum numbers labelling super-symplectic generators in the complement of Cartan algebra. In this view super-conducting magnetic flux tubes could perhaps be seen as intermediate level in the control circuitry controlled by MEs and controlling atomic level.

6. This picture leaves open whether there is a level controlling the thicknesses of the magnetic flux tubes and thus also magnetic transition frequency scales, and what this level might be. The entrainment of the endogenous frequencies to exogenous frequencies [K14] explains water memory and the effects of homeopathic remedies [I13] and could make possible also endogenous NMR spectroscopy and chemical senses. The key to the puzzle might be a purely mathematical problem: how the boundary conditions at the boundaries of the magnetic flux tubes can be satisfied? It might be that the induced metric must become degenerate at the boundaries ( $\sqrt{g} = 0$ ) implying a degeneracy of the induced metric at the boundary of the magnetic space-time sheet. This need not however mean that the  $M_+^4$  projection of the boundary is a light-like surface: the projection could well be completely static. This supports the view that the boundaries do not carry super-symplectic representations, which are associated with the embedding space projection of the boundary rather than the boundary itself. One can imagine that ME with the same transversal section as magnetic flux tube is glued to the magnetic flux tube along this section: this kind of gluing results in a singular 4-surface analogous to the vertex region of Feynman diagram and some kind of smoothing-out procedure is needed. The smoothed-out vertex region would make possible for ME to control magnetic flux tube thickness by varying its own transversal thickness.

#### 4.4.1 MEs as quantum holograms in the sense of quantum gravitation

Quantum holography principle naturally generalizes to an approximate principle expected to hold true also in non-cosmological length and time scales.

1. The most general ansatz for MEs (inspired by the quantum holographic thinking) relies on the introduction of the notion of local light-cone coordinates  $S_+, S_-, E_1, E_2$ . The gradients  $\nabla S_+$  and  $\nabla S_-$  define two light-like directions just like Hamilton Jacobi functions define the direction of propagation of wave in geometric optics. The two polarization vector fields  $\nabla E_1$  and  $\nabla E_2$  are orthogonal to the direction of propagation defined by either  $S_+$  or  $S_-$ . Since also  $E_1$  and  $E_2$  can be chosen to be orthogonal, the metric of  $M_+^4$  can be written locally as  $ds^2 = g_{+-}dS_+dS_- + g_{11}dE_1^2 + g_{22}dE_2^2$ . In the earlier ansatz  $S_+$  and  $S_-$  were restricted to the variables  $k \cdot m$  and  $\tilde{k} \cdot m$ , where  $k$  and  $\tilde{k}$  correspond to light-like momentum and its mirror image and  $m$  denotes linear  $M^4$  coordinates: these MEs describe cylindrical structures with constant direction of wave propagation expected to be most important in regions faraway from the source of radiation.
2. Boundary conditions are satisfied if the 3-dimensional boundaries of MEs have one light-like direction ( $S_+$  or  $S_-$  is constant). This means that the boundary of ME has metric dimension  $d = 2$  and is characterized by an infinite-dimensional super-symplectic and super-conformal symmetries just like the boundary of the embedding space  $M_+^4 \times CP_2$ : The boundaries are like moments for mini big bangs (in TGD based fractal cosmology big bang is actually replaced with what might be called a silent whisper amplified to not necessarily so big bang). Quantum holography would mean that effectively 2-dimensional conformal field theory at the boundary of  $M_+^4$  region determined by ME determines what happens in the interior at QFT limit when space-time surface is not regarded as a dynamical object.
3. These observations inspire the conjecture that boundary conditions for  $M^4$  like space-time sheets fixed by the preferred extremal property of Kähler action quite generally require that space-time boundaries correspond to light-like 3-surfaces with metric dimension equal to  $d = 2$ . Quantum holography principle would state that the dynamics related to the metric of WCW, that is genuine quantum gravitation, would reduce to the boundaries of space-time sheets. The dynamics in zero modes and quaternion conformal degrees of freedom crucial for elementary particle physics would not however allow this kind of reduction. This would be consistent with the fractality which is expected to be a basic characteristic of

the quantum critical Universe predicted by TGD. The approximate super-symplectic and conformal symmetries would be associated with the light-like boundaries of the space-time sheets. super-symplectic invariance would be broken only by quantum gravitational effects at the level of the configuration space by the fact that the boundaries of space-time surfaces are actually dynamical rather than fixed. The cosmological light-cone boundary would be however non-dynamical and this would guarantee the exactness of the cosmological super-symplectic invariance.

#### 4.4.2 More concrete view about MEs as holograms

Sokolov and collaborators [B2] have proposed a model of quantum holographic teleportation in which the *classical* photocurrents from the sender to receiver take the role of a dynamical hologram. The connection with MEs is obvious.

1. MEs are carriers of classical light-like vacuum currents (one of the basic differences between TGD and Maxwell theory). This suggests that MEs could be interpreted also as *classical* holograms, which are *dynamical* as in quantum information theory. Light-like current would be like a dynamical (four-dimensional) diffraction grating. Light-like vacuum currents and vacuum Einstein tensor generate also coherent states of photons and gravitons and MEs serve as templates for the topological condensation of photons and gravitons to the Bose-Einstein condensate of photons collinear with ME. The Bose-Einstein condensation of collinear photons and their generalizations to colored WCW photons should affect the vacuum current by adding to the reference current what might be called evoked response. This condensation process could generate conscious experience and higher level qualia. Thus it would seem that MEs have a triple role as receiving and sending quantum antennae as well as classical holograms.
2. The proposal of [B2] generalizes to the case of MEs provided one can devise a method of coding quantum states of photon field to the vacuum currents. The high efficiency photodetector matrix is in which each pixel gives rise to a photocurrent [B2], is replaced with ME or set of parallel MEs. The neural window hypothesis [K29] states that neuronal axons are accompanied by parallel MEs carrying information between sensory organs and brain and various parts of brain. This is only a less standard manner to say that ME represents classical dynamical hologram. The possibility of local light-cone coordinates allows also MEs which define curved deformations of the simplest cylindrical MEs.

The concrete realization of holographic teleportation proposed in [B2] brings strongly in mind the architecture of the visual pathways. Thus one can wonder whether brain is performing internal teleportation of photonic quantum states with spike patterns being directly coded to the pattern of the vacuum currents flowing along MEs. If spike patterns code the dynamical hologram, a surprisingly close relationship with Pribram's views about holographic brain results. Nerve pulse patterns could be seen as specifying the necessary classical aspects of the quantum teleportation (in TGD classical physics is essential part of quantum physics, rather than some effective theory).

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4. Space-time sheets can have both positive and negative time orientations and the sign of energy depends on time orientation in TGD framework. This means that classical communication can occur both in the direction of the geometric future and past: this is essential for the classical model of the long term memories as a question communicated to the geometric past followed by answer. The dynamical nature of the holograms means that there is no need to combine 2- or 3-dimensional holograms associated with several moments of geometric time

to single hologram. To remember is to perceive an object located in the geometric past. Of course, fractality might make possible temporally scaled down versions of the geometric past but the principle would remain the same.

5. Quantum hologram view suggests that the super-symplectic representations at the light-like boundaries of MEs characterized by gigantic almost-degeneracies are the real carriers of biological information. According to the general theory of qualia [K12] this information would become conscious since elementary qualia would correspond to quantum jumps for which increments of the quantum numbers correspond to the quantum numbers labelling super-symplectic generators in the complement of Cartan algebra. In this view super-conducting magnetic flux tubes could perhaps be seen as intermediate level in the control circuitry controlled by MEs and controlling atomic level.
6. This picture leaves open whether there is a level controlling the thicknesses of the magnetic flux tubes and thus also magnetic transition frequency scales, and what this level might be. The entrainment of the endogenous frequencies to exogenous frequencies explains water memory and the effects of homeopathic remedies [I13], and could make possible also endogenous NMR spectroscopy and chemical senses. The key to the puzzle might be a purely mathematical problem: how the boundary conditions at the boundaries of the magnetic flux tubes can be satisfied? It might be that the induced metric must become degenerate at the boundaries ( $\sqrt{g} = 0$ ) implying a degeneracy of the induced metric at the boundary of the magnetic space-time sheet. This need not however mean that the  $M_+^4$  projection of the boundary is a light-like surface: the projection could well be completely static. This supports the view that the boundaries do not carry super-symplectic representations, which are associated with the embedding space projection of the boundary rather than the boundary itself. One can imagine that ME with the same transversal section as magnetic flux tube is glued to the magnetic flux tube along this section: this kind of gluing results in a singular 4-surface analogous to the vertex region of Feynman diagram and some kind of smoothing-out procedure is needed. The smoothed-out vertex region would make possible for ME to control magnetic flux tube thickness by varying its own transversal thickness.

#### 4.4.3 MEs and super-symplectic and super-conformal symmetries

TGD predicts two kinds of super-conformal symmetries [K34]. Quaternion conformal symmetries correspond to the gauge symmetries of fundamental interactions. Cosmological super-symplectic symmetries act on the boundary of light-cone and are cosmological symmetries.

The non-determinism of Kähler action however implies that the light-like  $M_+^4$  projections of light-like boundaries of MEs take the role of the boundary of future light-cone as quantum holograms and super-symplectic symmetry becomes ordinary macroscopic symmetry. Thus there is a fractal hierarchy of quantum holograms inside quantum holograms. One can identify the light-like boundaries of MEs as geometric correlates for selves. Also space-like selves are very probably needed and magnetic flux tube structures could represent them. Indeed, the non-determinism of  $CP_2$  type extremals representing elementary particles (their  $M_+^4$  projections are random light-like curves) makes it impossible to characterize the quantum state completely by the data on the light-like boundaries of MEs.

MEs are natural carriers of super-symplectic representations obtained by multiplying ordinary physical states by WCW Hamiltonians (functions of  $CP_2$  coordinates and coordinates  $E_1, E_2$  and  $S_+$  or  $S_-$  which can obviously be arranged into irreducible representations of the color group  $SU(3)$ ) and define an excellent candidate for a hierarchy of higher level life forms. The intuitive belief that quantum gravitation is crucial for higher level consciousness can be indeed justified in this framework: the “worlds about worlds” aspect of higher level consciousness is what requires genuine quantum gravitational states.

The boundary of ME having one light-like direction gives rise to conformal quantum hologram representing quantum correlation functions for quantum field theory defined in the interior of ME. This 3-dimensional dynamical quantum hologram should code for conscious information about external world. This information could be determined by coherent light and gravitons scattered from the outer boundaries of other space-time sheets and could provide a quantum representation for the geometry of the boundaries of the other space-time sheets.

super-symplectic degrees of freedom makes MEs ideal candidates for the correlates of higher level consciousness.

1. The states of super-symplectic representations have gigantic almost-degeneracies broken only by non-commutativity of super-symplectic and Poincare symmetries which means huge information storage capacities. super-symplectic representations can be realized in real context using Bose Einstein condensates of massless elementary particles on MEs. Super-symplectic representations correspond to genuine quantum gravitational effects since wave functionals in the space of 3-surfaces are involved and space-time ceases to be a passive arena of quantum dynamics. In fact, symplectic transformations of  $CP_2$  are approximate symmetries of the theory broken only by classical gravitation. The notion of “WCW photon” having nontrivial dependence on WCW degrees of freedom characterized by Hamiltonian suggests strongly itself and seems to be crucial for understanding of the visual colors.
2. super-symplectic representations have universal transition frequency spectrum given as multiples of the fundamental frequency determined by the length of ME. If one assumes that MEs have lengths given by p-adic length scale hypothesis, fundamental frequencies turn out to correspond to important resonance frequencies in EEG.

For these reasons super-symplectic representations are ideal candidates for an infinite hierarchy of life forms associated with MEs. The great vision is that MEs and magnetic super-conductors associated with the magnetic flux tube structures form a fractal hierarchy interacting with the ordinary bio-matter via the classical gauge fields associated with MEs [K12, K9, K30].

The standard manner to see the evolution of organism is as an initial value problem with data given at time=constant space-like section of Minkowski space. This view is definitely wrong in TGD framework, where the classical non-determinism of Kähler action is absolutely essential for the understanding of bio-systems and consciousness. Rather, one should see the problem as a boundary value problem with data given at light-like surfaces bounding MEs analogous to light-cone boundary identifiable as the moment of big bang. This view conforms nicely with the active intentional aspects of the biological evolution: system can decide what it will be and life is more like a narrative with definite goals than random Brownian zigzag curve. The life cycle of the organism is specified by posing some requirements which it must satisfy in the form of boundary conditions and organism does it best to satisfy them.

#### 4.4.4 Mechanism for generation of WCW photons

The super-symplectic representations should have some interaction mechanism with ordinary matter, if they are to be important for life. In particular, a mechanism making MEs to emit and absorb configuration space photons coupling to em charge, should exist. There are good reasons to expect that direct couplings between exotic super-symplectic states and ordinary elementary particles are very weak. The quantum number  $L_0 = n$  defined by the Virasoro generator  $L_0 = zd/dz$  (complex scaling) acting effectively as Hamiltonian in string diagrams is conserved in vertices. For matter representations massless ground states correspond have scaling quantum number  $n = n_0$ , where  $n_0$  defines the negative value of the vacuum weight. It must be emphasized that for super-symplectic representations  $L_0$  does not seem to allow the interpretation as mass squared operator as in the case of quaternion conformal representations. The vertices in which  $L_0 = O(p^k)$  state emits ordinary particle correspond to  $np^k \leftrightarrow (np^k - m_0) + (m_0)$ . The intermediate state is with  $L_0 = np^k - m_0$  is has ultra large scaling quantum number so that the amplitude is suppressed by a huge propagator factor. The processes involving only  $L_0 = O(p^k)$  states are however not suppressed.

The interaction of the exotic super-symplectic states with the classical gauge fields associated with MEs provides a unique mechanism of “matter-mind interaction”. The vanishing of the vacuum weight of Super Virasoro is very much analogous to the vanishing of the Higgs vacuum expectation value in ordinary gauge theories. Indeed, the exotic super-symplectic representations have unbroken gauge symmetries, which means that electro-weak and color interactions occur like in unconfined gauge theory without symmetry breaking. The presence of long range classical color and electro-weak gauge fields implying unbroken symmetries at classical level is important part of the story.

MEs have already at the space-time level symmetries supporting the view that super-symplectic algebra acts as isometry algebra of the WCW .

First, symplectic transformations of  $E^2 \times CP_2$ , where  $E^2$  is plane orthogonal to the light-like wave vector  $k$  associated with ME, are symmetries of MEs. Also symplectic transformations made local with respect to the light-like coordinate  $u$  and coordinate variable  $v$  orthogonal to  $u$  are also symmetries.

Secondly, arbitrary dependence on the variable  $u$  is equivalent with the invariance with respect to hypercomplex analytic transformations

$$x + ey \rightarrow f(x + ey) ,$$

$$e^2 = 1 .$$

where  $f$  is arbitrary function. These transformations obey Lie-algebra which is essentially identical with the Virasoro algebra spanned by the infinitesimal holomorphic transformations.

The general interaction Hamiltonian for this interaction can be guessed by recognizing the following facts.

1. Interaction Hamiltonian should have the general current-vector potential form

$$H_{int} = \sum_D \int G_\mu^A(D) J^{A\mu}(x|D) \sqrt{g_4} d^4x ,$$

where sum is over the representations  $D$  of color group defined by color Hamiltonians and where  $G^A(D)$  represents analog of the classical gluon field associated with a particular color representation. In the case of color octet representation  $G_\mu^A(\backslash 8^v)$  represents classical gluon field and is simply the projection of the Killing vector field of the color isometry to the space-time surface. The obvious generalization is that also in general case the vector field defined by the color transformation defines the classical gluon field.  $J^{A\mu}(x|D)$  is the local current defined as the superposition of symplectic generators continued to a function of space-time coordinates.

2. The construction of a local current defined on entire space-time surface having super-symplectic generator as conserved charge is highly nontrivial task. It should be based on the observation that for ME there is a unique decomposition of  $M^4$  tangent space to  $M^4 = M^2 \times E^2$  such that  $E^2$  is space-like plane orthogonal to the light-like wave vector  $k$  associated with ME. Let  $u$  denote the coordinate

$$u = k \cdot m .$$

The task is to continue the symplectic generator localized with respect to the radial coordinate of the light-cone boundary to a function in entire  $M_+^4$ . A possible manner to do this is to multiply the generator by a plane wave

$$\exp(i2\pi f(u - u_0)) ,$$

where  $u$  denotes the restriction of the coordinate  $u$  to the light-cone boundary

$$u_0 = u|_{\delta M_+^4} .$$

The task is to fix the physical identification of the ME frequency. It turns out that interpretation as energy is the most plausible identification.

It might well be that only classical color fields define interaction vertices leading to the generation of WCW photons. If this is the case the octet representation for WCW photons would have a unique role. This would explain why visual colors, which can be identified as counterparts of the charged Hamiltonians associated with WCW photons, are in a special role. Furthermore, MEs have always 2-dimensional  $CP_2$  projection and carry classical color fields and currents restricted to  $U(1)$  sub-algebra of color algebra, which need not be however color neutral. This implies that only particular WCW photon and its conjugate are emitted and that only single color is created by the BE condensation of WCW photons generated by a particular ME on other MEs.



## 4.5 MEs And Quantum Control

### 4.5.1 MEs and classical de-coherence

TGD approach inspires the idea that classical de-coherence corresponds to the decomposition of a space-time sheet carrying superposition of em fields to separate space-time sheets carrying the em fields appearing in the superposition. Since em fields live at different space-time sheets, interference effects are indeed absent which means de-coherence. A more precise and rather far reaching form of this hypothesis is that classical em field is unstable against decomposition to MEs. This mechanism allows to understand what might happen when amplitude modulated em field acts with living matter in the experiments of Blackman [J4].

The extreme nonlinearity of the dynamics of preferred extremals of Kähler action implies that ELF modulated radio frequency field induces also em field component with modulating ELF frequency. If classical de-coherence generates MEs then classical amplitude modulated em fields leads to the generation of a large number of MEs at various frequencies and directions of wave vector. For instance, modulation frequency and carrier frequency could correspond to different MEs glued to each other by “wormhole contacts”. Classical de-coherence and geometrically realized Fourier analysis would be the geometric and classical counterparts for field quantization reflecting the fact that the property of being preferred extremal of Kähler action implies that space-time surfaces are analogous to Bohr orbits.

### 4.5.2 MEs and conscious holograms

The notion of conscious hologram is much more practical than the concept of quantum gravitational hologram and generalizes the notion of ordinary hologram by fusing it with the notion of self [K2]. Universe is an extremely complex fractal Feynman diagram with lines replaced by 4-dimensional space-time sheets and MEs are particular kinds of lines analogous to photon lines. These lines are like laser beams, which interfere in the vertices of the Feynman diagram: vertices correspond to material space-time sheets, atoms, molecules, ..., cells, ... The 3-D hologram vision corresponds at the level of conscious hologram stereo consciousness resulting when the mental images associated with different points of the hologram fuse to single mental image by quantum entanglement involving also the sharing of mental images.

An important piece of the picture is fact that MEs appear as pairs of high frequency and low frequency MEs. The low frequency MEs serve as correlates for remote quantum entanglement, now between different parts of brain. High frequency MEs travel like massless particles along the bridges defined by the low frequency MEs and serve as bridges between different space-time sheets at the receiving end. This induces a leakage of ions between different space-time sheets, breaking of superconductivity and dissipative self-organization: this process which is analogous to the formation of hologram, is responsible for homeostasis and metabolism and gives rise to many-sheeted ionic flow equilibrium. Also many-sheeted lasers acting in a very wide range of frequencies become possible. The frequencies correspond to differences for the energies of ions at the space-time sheets involved. MEs parallel to axons can also act as Josephson junctions connecting space-time sheets which can correspond to different p-adic primes.

Phase conjugate laser beams have as their counterpart negative energy MEs and negative energy photons resulting in time reversal. The time reversal for the dissipation induced by super current leakage seems also to be a key mechanism of bio-control. This leads to the working hypothesis that negative energy MEs are responsible for motor control whereas positive energy MEs are involved with perception and cognition: motor action is time reversed sensory perception in appropriate p-adic time scale. Among other things negative energy MEs make possible emission of negative energies making possible buy now-pay later (or let others pay) mechanism and thus extreme flexibility of energy economy.

### 4.5.3 Many-sheeted ionic flow equilibrium controlled by MEs

A crucial empirical ingredient supporting the view about a hierarchy of magnetic super-conductors are the puzzling observations of cell biology (for a summary see the first chapter of [I21] ) challenging the association of ionic channels and pumps to cell membrane. The paradoxes disappear if cell and its exterior are assumed to be in a many-sheeted ionic flow equilibrium with ionic currents flowing

from super-conducting space-time sheets to atomic space-time sheets and back, so that the densities of ions at atomic space-time sheets are controlled by the very small densities and quantized currents of dark ions at super-conducting magnetic flux tube space-time sheets and coding the information about homeostasis of bio-matter [K3]. Also a reason why for liquid crystal and electret properties of bio-matter emerges and one can understand the function of electric circuitry associated with body [J2].

In this picture ionic channels and pumps would play the role of sensors detecting the concentrations of various ions and membrane voltages. The dominant part of the ionic currents would flow between cell interior and exterior as (possibly dark) supra currents and would dissipate very little. The dominant part of the metabolic energy would be used to build-up of dark EEG with photon energies above thermal threshold. Also negative dark  $W$  MEs responsible for motor actions would suck metabolic energy.

$W$  MEs connecting magnetic body and biological body can induce charge entanglement by superposition of pairs of exotically ionized states with opposite exotic charges. State function reduction then selects either of the resulting states. Exotic ionization generates dark plasma oscillations which induce by Faraday law electric fields at the space-time sheets of the ordinary matter. The resulting ohmic currents in turn realize the control action on the ordinary matter (nerve pulse patterns,  $Ca^{2+}$  waves, etc...).

Neutral MEs can induce supra currents in super-conducting magnetic circuits by magnetic induction mechanism, serve as Josephson junctions between magnetic flux tubes, and induce magnetic quantum phase transitions. MEs can generate reference waves or their phase conjugates (time reversals) acting on lower level MEs serving as dynamical holograms. The induced coherent light pattern and its phase conjugate could act as a control command and its time reversed version. Conjugate reference waves provide an extremely simple mechanism of healing by time reversal allowing the living matter to fight against second law.

MEs could “read” DNA strand to the light-like vacuum current by moving along it and thus code DNA strand/conjugate strand to a hologram or its phase conjugate in turn acting as a control command or its time reversal. ELF MEs could do the same at the level of axons: instead of DNA sequences nerve pulse patterns would be read now. Thus living matter could be regarded as a symbiosis in which MEs control super-conducting magnetic flux tubes controlling ordinary matter at atomic space-time sheets via many-sheeted ionic flow equilibrium. DNA would represent the ROM of this system.

What makes this so interesting is that MEs are at the highest level of quantum control in the TGD based view about bio-system as a symbiosis in which MEs control super-conducting magnetic flux tubes controlling ordinary matter at atomic space-time sheets via many-sheeted ionic flow equilibrium. The coherent light pattern emitted by ME resulting from the interaction of ME with the reference wave (its phase conjugate) could act as a control command (time reversed control command) inducing process (time reversed process). Conjugate reference waves would thus provide an incredibly simple and general mechanism of healing by time reversal allowing the living matter to fight against second law. This would be like a general initiating a war by just nodding or shaking his head.

The formation of the phase conjugates could occur completely routinely and explain also why DNA appears in double strands. ME could read DNA strand to the pulse pattern of the light-like vacuum current by moving along the strand and thus code DNA strand (conjugate strand) to a hologram (its phase conjugate) in turn acting as a control command (its time reversal). ELF MEs could do the same at the level of axons: instead of DNA sequences nerve pulse patterns would be read now. DNA would clearly represent the ROM of this system. The coding of proteins would thus not be the only function related to DNA: DNA would be for the cell society what the first written laws were for human society, and the presence of the conjugate strand would make possible a systematic self repair at the cellular level by time reversal. More detailed considerations along these lines, in particular some empirical evidence for the hologrammic realization of the genetic code in terms of light-like vacuum currents, are represented in [K20].

#### 4.5.4 MEs as Josephson junctions?

MEs can induce Josephson junctions between bio-structures. Since the electric field of ME is orthogonal to the direction of the propagation of vacuum current, the Josephson junction with

potential difference is formed most naturally when super conductors are joined by join along boundaries bonds to ME in the direction of the electric field associated with ME. MEs can in principle be arbitrary thin so that the thickness of Josephson junction can be much smaller than the dominating wavelength of ME.

ME electric field can contain also constant component. In this case is however ME is necessary double sheeted since constant electric field is created by wormhole throats on boundaries of ME serving as effective charges. These MEs could give rise to the Josephson junctions with constant potential difference. An attractive hypothesis is that these ME pairs have opposite time orientations so that total energy of ME pair can vanish and can be created from vacuum without any energy cost. Clearly, these structures are cognitive in the strong sense of the word.

This coding of the transversal potential difference associated with ME pair to Josephson frequency is expected to be fundamental information coding mechanism in living matter. ME pair can contain also oscillating electric field over Josephson junction at magnetic or some other transition frequency so that MEs are ideal for control purposes.

#### 4.5.5 MEs and the interaction of the classical em fields with bio-matter

MEs acting as Josephson junctions and containing oscillating em field at ELF frequency give rise to a harmonic perturbation inducing quantum jumps of the magnetic states of ions and explains the effect of ELF em fields on bio-matter. Also the presence of the mysterious intensity windows [J7, J3] can be understood. Josephson current paradigm allows to understand this effect if RF or MW MEs associated with the external field act as Josephson junctions.

1. The external electric field oscillating with frequency  $\omega$  (now radio frequency) defines slowly varying potential difference over Josephson junction of length  $d$  acting as Josephson junction provided that the condition

$$\omega \ll \omega_J(max) = ZeV = ZeEd$$

holds true. This gives

$$d \gg \frac{\omega}{ZeE} .$$

For  $E \sim .1$  V/m and  $\omega \sim GHz$  which are typical values used in experiments [J4], this condition gives  $d \gg 10^{-6}$  meters which is satisfied if Josephson junctions have size not smaller than cell length scale.

2. For fixed length of Josephson junction amplitude window results if the maximal Josephson frequency  $\omega_J(max)$  is slightly above some transition frequency since in this case the stationary maxima and minima of amplitude lead to long lasting resonant excitation of quantum transitions. Denoting the relative width of the resonance by  $\Delta\omega/\omega = P$ , the ratio of the time spent in resonance at  $\Omega_J(max)$  to the time spent off resonance at  $\Omega_J$  is of order

$$\frac{t(max)}{t} \sim \sqrt{1 - \frac{\Omega_J^2}{\Omega_J^2(max)}} \times \frac{1}{\sqrt{P}} .$$

For a narrow resonance width this ratio can be very large so that amplitude window results for fixed value of  $d$ .

3. Amplitude window results if there is a correlation between the thickness of ME and transversal electric field so that  $\omega_J(max) = ZeEd(E)$  satisfies resonance condition for some values of  $E$  only, if any. In absence of this correlation Josephson junctions must have discrete spectrum of effective lengths for amplitude window to result.
4. For electric fields in the range .1 V/m the frequencies  $\omega_J$  are above GHz for  $d$  larger than  $3 \times 10^{-5}$  meters and correspond to the frequencies for the conformational dynamics of proteins. There are obviously a large number of frequencies of this kind and several intensity windows.

EM fields with these strengths should have special effects on living matter: it could be even that some kind of feature recognition process involving self-organization occurs at these field strengths. Note that the minimal size of Josephson junctions corresponds to the scaled up electron Compton length  $L_e(173) = \sqrt{5}L(173) \simeq 1.6 \times 10^{-5}$  meters characterizing structures next to cells in the p-adic length scale hierarchy.

#### 4.5.6 The interaction of MEs with super-conducting magnetic flux tubes

The interaction of brain with MEs could mean that the super-conducting magnetic flux tube circuitry associated with brain effectively acts as magnetometer somewhat in the same way as SQUID magnetometer measures the magnetic fields generated by brain. The resulting conceptual framework makes it easier to develop a quantum level model for the generation of nerve pulse and for the interaction of MEs and bio-super-conductors in terms of Josephson currents and super currents and relying on the notion of stochastic resonance.

Brain could measure the magnetic fields of MEs by using a mechanism which is very much like the mechanism of SQUID based magnetometers [J8] used to measure the magnetic fields induced by brain.

1. A large collecting circuit in which the magnetic field of ME generates a compensating current by the quantization of the magnetic flux might be involved.
2. The amplification of this field could be achieved if the circuit contains a part which is spiral like and contains large number of loops in a small area.
3. In the core region the current flowing in the loop gives rise to an amplified magnetic field which in turn can penetrate into a super-conductor in form of flux tubes and in multiples of flux quantum. By counting the number of flux quanta one obtains rough measure for the magnetic field. In the case of brain the quantized magnetic flux would directly affect the state of neurons and the model for the generation of nerve pulse specifies this interaction. This effect on neurons would be long lasting as compared with the short-lasting action induced by the nerve pulse patterns.
4. The deviation of the flux of the amplified magnetic field from an integer number of flux quanta could be measured by a neuronal counterpart of SQUID, which basically consists of a closed loop decomposing to two parts which are joined together by insulator so that current rapidly dissipates to a minimum value forced by the flux quantization. The current in SQUID serves as a measure for very weak magnetic fields of MEs. The non-linear dynamics of SQUID allows also stochastic resonance allowing to amplify very weak periodic signals. This measurement mechanism might be interpreted as a mechanism of interaction between super-conducting magnetic flux tubes and neuronal circuits inducing also an interaction between MEs and neuronal circuits. One might guess that nerve pulse generation might involve this kind of mechanism: stochastic resonance seems to be indeed involved but not in this manner.

The collecting circuits for the neuronal SQUIDs could be of order body size or even larger. In [K12] I have proposed the notion of magnetic circulation analogous to blood circulation to be a basic control system in bio-systems. This circulation could be seen also as a collecting circuitry for magnetic flux amplified in brain, where amplifying and SQUID type components of the circuitry are located. Amplifying and SQUID type parts of the circuitry might be also located in other organs like heart: perhaps even muscles contain amplifying circuits and neuronal SQUIDs. One cannot exclude the possibility of much larger collecting circuits making possible the control of the organism by the higher levels of self hierarchy.

The spiral loops used in SQUIDs to amplify the magnetic field bring in mind the spiral structures associated with the self-organizing excitable media [A1]. I have proposed in [K23, K22] that spiral structures might in TGD framework correspond to magnetic or  $Z^0$  magnetic flux tubes which enter along the first space-time sheet to the vertex of the spiral structure, flow to the second space-time sheet, and return along the spiral loop. These spiral loops could be also ionic em or  $Z^0$  super-conductors. This kind of spiral loop might perhaps serve as an amplifier of the magnetic flux generated by the super current flowing along the loop.

Very general empirical inputs [I21] in dramatic conflict with the standard vision about what homeostasis between cell interior and exterior means, lead naturally to a model in which the interaction of MEs with neuron occurs via magnetic induction mechanism leading also to the generation of nerve pulses. The notion of flow equilibrium in the many-sheeted space-time is essentially involved. The mechanism can also involve stochastic resonance as a means of transforming the oscillatory motion of the gravitational pendulum serving as an analog system to a rotational motion. The necessary noise could correspond to the noisy part of the super current perhaps induced by the incoming nerve pulses.

#### 4.5.7 Genetic code and color?

It is gradually becoming clear that the possibility of classical color gauge fields, the center of mass color degrees of freedom of space-time sheets analogous to rigid body degrees of freedom, and configuration space color might have deep implications for the understanding of living matter and consciousness. Colored MEs, or what what might be called WCW photons, are one possible candidate for colored particles involved with the realization of color vision. They might be also an essential element of bio-control using the analogs of laser beams and their phase conjugates to represent control commands and their time reversals. This raises the question whether color might relate somehow with the realization of genetic code. The following speculations are just first speculations but might help to open gates of imagination.

##### 1. *Minimal translation of the genetic code to holograms*

WCW photons represent genuinely quantum gravitational states, state functionals in the “world of classical worlds”, and thus they should correspond to highest level of self hierarchy and perform quantum control. Since color and polarization represented as angular momentum component in direction of ME characterize WCW dependence, they could play a fundamental role in the control mechanism and control commands represented by quantum holograms should be characterized by a collection of these quantum numbers. In particular, genetic code might be expressible in terms of these basic quantum numbers.

There is a thought provoking connection with the TGD based model of genetic code predicting entire hierarchy of genetic codes.

1. At the first interesting level one has 4 nucleotides corresponding to  $2^2 = 4$  of statements consistent with given atomic statement (one bit fixed) in the set of  $7 = 2^3 - 1$  statements coded by 3 bits and one statement thrown away.
2. DNA triplets correspond to the subset of  $2^6 = 64$  mutually consistent statements of  $2^7 - 1 = 127$  statements coded by 7 bits with one statement thrown away. At the next level one has  $2^{127} - 1$  statements and the number of these preferred statements is  $2^{126} = 2^{6 \times 21}$ . It is not an accident that 126 decomposes into the product of numbers 6 and 21, where 21 is the number of different amino-acids with stopping sign counted formally as an amino-acid.

What makes the bell ringing is the appearance of the number  $6 = 3 + 3$  primary colors and their conjugates. Could the number of nucleotides in the DNA triplet and its conjugate somehow correspond to the 3 primary colors and their complementary colors somehow? Note that also the 2-dimensional configuration spin is involved, and has two symmetry-related values  $J$  and  $-J$  ( WCW spin should be responsible for polarization sense). How could this correspondence be consistent with the idea about MEs generating coherent states of WCW photons having WCW color and spin and acting as control commands?

Consider first a minimal model in which, somewhat disappointingly, color is not necessarily needed.

1. The proposal of Gariaev and collaborators that DNA can be effectively regarded as a static sequence of laser mirrors [I17] suggests a concrete guess for the coding of genes to sequences of MEs. In TGD framework laser mirrors could correspond to transversal MEs associated with DNA nucleotides. The requirement that two orthogonal polarizations are possible, implies that there must be a pair of mutually orthogonal MEs associated with each nucleotide and orthogonal to the DNA strand.

2. WCW spin of ME, which is 2-dimensional spin, is either  $J$  or  $-J$  so that  $2 \times 2 = 4$  spin combinations  $(\pm J, \pm J)$  are possible for the pair of MEs. The four nucleotides A, C, T, G naturally code for these spin configurations and the reversal of spin orientations corresponds naturally to the conjugations  $A \leftrightarrow T$ ,  $C \leftrightarrow G$  conjugations. Clearly, this model does not require color.

### 2. *How color could emerge in the translation of the genetic code to holograms?*

Color does not code for anything in the minimal model of the genetic code, and one could realize the genetic code using non-colored WCW photons having only polarization degree of freedom or even ordinary polarized coherent light. There are some motivations for color however.

Each hologrammic command should have time reversed version giving rise to the phase conjugate command. Color and spin conjugation is a very natural manner to represent this operation. The conjugate hologram is naturally associated with the conjugate DNA strand. This observation allows to considerably generalize the model by only requiring that MEs correspond to any of the six basic colors and that complementary nucleotides correspond to conjugate colors. This option raises the possibility that DNA code words, genes or some other sub-units of DNA strands could define color singlets. This would obviously provide a very elegant manner to decompose genetic text to subunits. A more general, and perhaps more plausible, manner to decompose genetic text to subunits is as tensor products of unentangled and irreducible color representations.

This option however allows the possibility that genetic codewords are self conjugate. What if one excludes this possibility? It is possible to exclude the possibility of self conjugate commands by using 3+3 decomposition of color algebra corresponding to colors and complementary colors. The pairs of MEs associated with the subsequent nucleotides could be assumed to correspond to, say, (red, blue, white) in this order so that the conjugate strand corresponds to (green, yellow, black). In fact, the ordering of the colors is not essential since spin states of MEs code for the information. At quantum level the requirement that three colors are different would boil down to the requirement that there is complete asymmetry with respect to the permutations of the colors of three parallel MEs. Note that in this case the color quantum numbers of the DNA strand or its complementary strand cannot sum up to zero.

Note that the three different colors for the subsequent nucleotides might make possible that the corresponding control commands act on different MEs, which could be MEs associated with DNA itself.

### 3. *Color confinement and bio-control*

If color is really there, it must have some crucially important function besides making it possible to define time reversals of the control commands and decomposition of DNA to unentangle linguistic subunits. A good guess is that color confinement is involved with this function very intimately. Color confinement in the length scale of DNA MEs requires color neutrality in this length scale. DNA strand and its conjugate, even triplet and its conjugate, can give rise to a color singlet state but this is not possible if only the MEs associated with DNA strand are activated. In this case color confinement requires that somewhere else another colored state is activated so that the resulting overall state is color singlet. Thus long range correlations in the length scale of MEs perhaps crucial for biological self organization are unavoidable.

The work of Gariaev and collaborators is based on effects associated with visible laser light interacting with DNA. This encourages to think that the lengths of DNA MEs should be of order  $E-7-E-6$  meters. This conforms with the idea that genes should directly control the functioning of the cell or at least the cell nucleus. Note that genes might be regarded as longitudinally color entangled portions of DNA acting. WCW color entanglement in length scale of chromosome and nucleus could obviously be possible. If this picture is correct, color confinement would be much more, than an eternal nuisance of elementary particle theorist.

### 4. *Also memetic codewords could be coded to holograms*

One can imagine also the translation of the memetic code to a sequence of orthogonal ME pairs. The  $6 \times 21 = 126$  bits for the maximal number of statements consistent with given atomic statement of the memetic code decompose into a sequence of 21 6-bit sequences interpreted as statements consisting of 21 words. Each 6-bit sequence consisting of three 2-bit units in turn is in

one-one correspondence with a DNA triplet. Each 2-bit unit would code for WCW spins  $\pm J$  for a pair of orthogonal MEs possibly forming an antisymmetrized triplet of the basic colors. The duration of the memetic codeword corresponds to the secondary p-adic time scale  $T_2(M_{127}) = .1$  seconds so that by Uncertainty Principle memetic code could imply long range color correlations in the length scale of Earth. ELF MEs propagating in phase with the nerve pulse sequence (this is essential and explains why ELF MEs must scan the cortex!) could translate the memetic codewords represented by the sequences of the cognitive neutrino pairs to quantum holograms.

## 4.6 Experimental Evidence For Mes

There is indeed evidence for the presence of MEs in bio-system. In CASYS'2000 conference Peter Marcer reviewed the work done by him in collaboration with Russian group [I17] led by Peter Gariaev providing experimental evidence for the hypothesis that DNA acts as a receiving and sending quantum antenna. What was observed that irradiation of DNA with visible laser light induced emission of coherent light with both visible and radio frequencies. The emitted radiation was also modulated in time scale of about .01 seconds. The modulation could be due to propagation of soliton sequences propagating along Josephson junction formed by the strands of DNA or due to non-propagating spatially constant Josephson current: both cases are mathematically equivalent with gravitational pendulum. Phantom DNA effect [I26] has explanation in terms of mind like space-time sheets identifiable as MEs. The experiments of Russian group replicated the observations of Poponin.

With inspiration coming from the experimental results, Gariaev has also suggested that DNA is accompanied by a sequence of some kind of laser mirrors. TGD suggests their interpretation as MEs [I17]. The assumption that each nucleotide is accompanied by an orthogonal pair of MEs (two orthogonal polarizations) allows a holographic realization of the genetic code. Four nucleotides are mapped to four pairs of values of the configuration spin  $\pm J$  in the simplest realization [K12]. Color degrees of freedom would bring in the long term correlations forced by color confinement in the length scale of DNA ME, which should be of order of wavelength of visible light, and thus forcing structures of this size to behave like coherent units.

The bio-photons of Popp [I18] could correspond to coherent photons generated by MEs. Homeopathy could also have explanation in terms of MEs coding relevant frequency information to MEs about medicine, whose effect is also based on MEs [K40]. MEs would simply mimic the medicine. There are well documented effects related to the ability of water to absorb and transmit frequencies [J9]. The ability of water to absorb and transmit frequencies could rely on the generation of mind like space-time sheets, most naturally MEs, oscillating with the same frequency as stimulus. Water would form cognitive representation for the stimulus, mimic it, in terms of light-like vacuum current giving rise to classical em or  $Z^0$  field providing hologram like representation for the stimulus.

MEs are predicted to form a scale invariant family and quite recent cosmological data provides support for MEs in cosmological(!) length scales [E2]. An intense beam of photons with energies of roughly 100 proton masses from a blazar at distance of about  $10^8$  light years have been observed. Blazar is so called gamma ray burster producing extremely intense energy fluxes in form of two jets. How these jets are produced is mystery of its own in standard physics. In TGD these jets correspond to the ends of cosmic string decaying like a cosmic firecracker into ordinary matter giving rise to galaxies. What makes observation "impossible" is that photons with these energies should never reach Earth but lose their energy via scattering with cosmic microwaves background. Somehow these photons are however able to defy laws of standard physics. One TGD based model for phenomenon is very simple: photons are Bose-Einstein condensed on and travel, not along material space-time sheet where energy would be rapidly lost, but along "massless extremal" (ME) of cosmic size scale. Cosmic laser beam is in question. One can also consider the possibility that the light-like vacuum current associated with cosmic ME generates the observed photons.

The general model for quantum control and coordination relies crucially on the existence of a hierarchy of superconductors associated with the self hierarchy (self defined as a quantum system able to avoid bound state entanglement with environment) controlling the ionic densities at atomic space-time sheets via many-sheeted ionic flow equilibrium and being quantum controlled with the mediation of the fractal hierarchy of MEs.

## 5 Bio-Systems As Superconductors

TGD Universe provides also the hardware for the realization of bio-system, in particular brain, as a macroscopic quantum system involving various kinds of super conductors. The essential elements are quantum criticality, spin glass analogy and generalization of the space-time concept and TGD based gauge field concept.

### 5.1 General Mechanisms For Superconductivity

The many-sheeted space-time concept (see **Fig.** <http://tgdtheory.fi/appfigures/manysheeted.jpg> or **Fig.** 9 in the appendix of this book) provides a very general mechanism of superconductivity based on the “dropping” of charged particles from atomic space-time sheets to larger space-time sheets. The first guess was that larger space-time sheets are very dry, cool and silent so that the necessary conditions for the formation of high  $T_c$  macroscopic quantum phases are met.

The possibility of large  $\hbar$  quantum coherent phases makes however the assumption about thermal isolation between space-time sheets un-necessary. At larger space-time sheet the interactions of the charged particles with classical em fields generated by various wormhole contacts feeding gauge fluxes to and from the space-time sheet in question give rise to the necessary gap energy. The simplest model for Cooper pair is space-time sheet containing charged particles having attractive Coulombic interaction with the quarks and antiquarks associated with the throats of the wormhole contacts (see **Fig.** <http://tgdtheory.fi/appfigures/wormholecontact.jpg> or **Fig.** ?? in the appendix of this book).

A crucial element is quantum criticality predicting that superconductivity appears at the fluctuating boundaries of competing ordinary and large  $\hbar$  phases for nuclei. This assumption predicts several anomalous phenomena such as cold fusion and nuclear transmutations. Also high  $T_c$  superfluidity of bosonic atoms dropped to space-time sheets of electronic Cooper pairs becomes possible besides ionic super conductivity. Even dark neutrino superconductivity can be considered below the weak length scale of scaled down weak bosons.

Magnetic and  $Z^0$  magnetic flux tubes and walls are especially interesting candidates for supra current carries. In this case the Cooper pairs must have spin one and this is indeed possible for wormholly Cooper pairs. The fact that the critical magnetic ( $Z^0$  magnetic) fields can be very weak or large values of  $\hbar$  is in accordance with the idea that various almost topological quantum numbers characterizing induced magnetic fields provide a storage mechanism of bio-information.

This mechanism is extremely general and works for electrons, protons, ions and even charged molecules so that an entire zoo of high  $T_c$  bio-superconductors and super-fluids is predicted. All atoms and ions can be regarded as completely ionized  $Z^0$  ions and also  $Z^0$  superconductors (or super fluids) are predicted.

1. The experimental data about the effects of ELF em fields at cyclotron frequencies of various ions in Earth’s magnetic field on bio-systems [J5] provide support for this scenario. Most remarkably, the cyclotron frequencies of biologically important ions correspond to the important frequencies of EEG and the time scale of nerve pulse corresponds to  $n = 3$  multiple of proton cyclotron frequency so that a direct quantitative contact with brain consciousness results.
2. Electronic super conductors are of type II with defect regions being typically cylindrical: DNA sequences, proteins, microtubules, ... could provide examples of the defect regions. One ends up also with a model of high  $T_c$  super conductors in which the interaction of the electrons with wormhole BE condensate gives rise to Cooper pairs. The model explains elegantly the basic peculiar features of the high  $T_c$  superconductors.
3. Long ranged  $Z^0$  force due to anomalous weak isospin of nuclei [K31, K10] and  $Z^0$  charged wormholes make possible also  $Z^0$  ionic superconductivity and even dark neutrino super conductivity. For instance,  $Z^0$  ionic superconductivity is crucial in the model for the quantum correlate of hearing: audible frequencies are mapped to  $Z^0$  cyclotron frequencies. Dark neutrino super conductors are of type I in the interesting length scale range and defect regions are stripe like. Besides cell and endoplasmic membranes, epithelial sheets consisting of two cell layers and some larger structures in cortex could correspond to regions of this kind and the interpretation as a physical realization of cognitive hierarchy suggests itself.



## 5.2 Superconductivity At Magnetic Flux Quanta In Astrophysical Length Scales

Magnetic flux tubes of endogenous magnetic field  $B_{end} = 2B_E/5 = .2$  Gauss, where  $B_E = .5$  Gauss is the nominal value of the Earth's magnetic field, are crucial for the TGD based model of superconductivity. Since the models of auroras assume that the magnetic flux lines act effectively as conducting wires, the natural hypothesis is that superconductivity is an astrophysical phenomenon. This leads to a model of auroras explaining the latest findings and providing further insights to the superconductivity and the manner how it breaks down. Critical temperature can be identified as the temperature at which the join along boundaries bonds making possible the leakage of the supra currents to the non-superconducting space-time sheets become possible and can be gigantic as compared to the temperature at the superconducting space-time sheets if space-time sheets are thermally isolated. On the other hand, the possibility of large  $\hbar$  phases in principle makes possible arbitrarily high critical temperatures in a given length scale.

p-Adic length scale hierarchy and the hierarchy of dark matters labelled by values of  $\hbar$  suggest the existence of an entire hierarchy of super conducting space-time sheets giving rise to a hierarchy of cognitive representations (abstractions about abstractions about...). The possibility of complex conformal weights expressible in terms of zeros of Riemann Zeta such that the net conformal weight is real, and the hierarchy of algebraic extensions of p-adic number fields suggest the existence of additional hierarchies.

## 5.3 Fractal Hierarchy Of EEGs

There are three contributions to EEG besides neural noise: Schumann frequencies, cyclotron frequencies, and the frequencies associated with Josephson junctions determined by the sum of the constant voltage and voltage perturbation determined by the superposition of cyclotron frequencies. Cyclotron contribution can be interpreted as a control signal from a magnetic body in question labelled by  $k_d$  characterizing the power of 2 defining the effective Planck constant as  $\hbar_{eff} = 2^{k_d}\hbar$ , and affects both the ions at the flux sheets traversing DNA and the Josephson junction. The coherent state of photons generated by Josephson current corresponds to a reaction to this signal received by the magnetic body as a feedback. Schumann frequencies can be assigned to the control by magnetic body of Earth and correlate with the collective aspects of consciousness.

The analysis of the Josephson current [K9] suggests the conclusion that the frequencies in the coherent state of photons are in general sums and differences of Josephson frequency and harmonics of cyclotron frequencies. For small amplitudes this implies that alpha band to which the cyclotron frequencies most biologically important bosonic ions corresponds has as satellites theta and beta bands. Higher harmonics correspond to gamma and higher bands having also satellites. For large amplitudes EEG becomes chaotic which is indeed the property of beta band during say intense concentration or anxiety. The findings of Nunez [J11] about narrow 1-2 Hz wide bands at 3, 5, 7 Hz and 13, 15, 17 Hz confirm with the prediction of satellite bands and fix the Josephson frequency to 5 Hz. This picture explains the general characteristics of EEG in wake-up state qualitatively and quantitatively.

In order to understand the characteristics during various stages of deep sleep one must assume that the cyclotron frequency scale of ions is scaled down by a factor of 1/2. One explanation is that right *resp.* left brain hemisphere corresponds to  $Z = 2$  *resp.*  $Z = 1$  quantization condition  $Z \int BdS = n\hbar$  for the magnetic flux.  $Z = 2$  case allows only doubly charged bosonic ions at magnetic flux sheets.  $Z = 1$  case also allows singly charged ions be their bosons or fermions and for this option magnetic field is scaled down by a factor of 1/2. The alternative explanation is that during sleep only Bose-Einstein condensates of singly charged exotic ions resulting when color bond inside nucleus becomes charged are present. This reduces the scale of cyclotron frequencies by a factor 1/2 and leaves only theta and delta bands. During stage 4 sleep only DNA cyclotron frequencies in delta band are around 1 Hz and just above the thermal threshold are predicted to be present. For  $k_d = 3$  and magnetic field scaled up by  $\lambda$  and flux tube area scaled down by  $\lambda^{-2}$  DNA frequencies are scaled up to kHz for  $Z = 2$  flux quantization and might define neuronal synchronization frequencies.

The generalization of the model for EEG hierarchy to the case of ZEG is formally straightforward and cyclotron frequency spectrum is essentially the same [K9]. One can of course be very

cautious since the notion of induced gauge field is far from well-understood: in particular.  $Z^0$  ions are obtained when nuclear color bonds become charged and the combination of ordinary and exotic ionization can produce also em neutral  $Z^0$  ions. Any atom, almost always boson, has an exotically charged counterpart with same statistics so that very rich spectrum of Bose-Einstein condensates results.

## 5.4 TGD Assigns 10 Hz Biorhythm To Electron As An Intrinsic Frequency Scale

p-Adic coupling constant evolution and origins of p-adic length scale hypothesis have remained for a long time poorly understood. The progress made in the understanding of the S-matrix of the theory (or rather, its generalizations M-matrix and U-matrix) [K4] has however changed the situation. The unexpected prediction is that zero energy ontology assigns to elementary particles macroscopic times scales. In particular, the time scale assignable to electron correspond to the fundamental biorhythm of 10 Hz.

### 5.4.1 M-matrix and coupling constant evolution

A breakthrough in the understanding of p-adic coupling constant evolution came through the understanding of S-matrix, or actually M-matrix defining entanglement coefficients between positive and negative energy parts of zero energy states in zero energy ontology [K4]. M-matrix has interpretation as a “complex square root” of density matrix and thus provides a unification of thermodynamics and quantum theory. S-matrix is analogous to the phase of Schrödinger amplitude multiplying positive and real square root of density matrix analogous to modulus of Schrödinger amplitude.

S-matrix for a CD with scale size  $n$  is given by  $S(n) = S^n$ , where  $S$  is the S-matrix for minimal sized CD, as one might expect from the fact that  $S(n)$  is discrete counterpart for the unitary time evolution operator of quantum field theories. S-matrix at the limit of the large CD size is the counterpart of the ordinary S-matrix.

The notion of finite measurement resolution realized in terms of inclusions of von Neumann algebras allows to demonstrate that the irreducible components of M-matrix are unique and possesses huge symmetries in the sense that the hermitian elements of included factor  $\mathcal{N} \subset \mathcal{M}$  defining the measurement resolution act as symmetries of M-matrix, which suggests a connection with integrable quantum field theories.

It is also possible to understand coupling constant evolution as a discretized evolution associated with time scales  $T_n$ , which come as integer multiples of a fundamental time scale:  $T_n = n \times T_0$ . p-Adic length scale hypothesis allows to consider a stronger hypothesis  $T_n = 2^n T_0$  and a slightly more general hypothesis  $T_n = p^n T_0$ ,  $p$  prime. It seems that these scales are dynamically favored but that also other scales are possible. Number theoretic universality requires that renormalized coupling constants are rational or at most algebraic numbers and this is achieved by this discretization since the logarithms of discretized mass scale appearing in the expressions of renormalized coupling constants reduce to the form  $\log(2^n) = n \log(2)$  and with a proper choice of the coefficient of logarithm  $\log(2)$  dependence disappears so that rational number results.

### 5.4.2 p-Adic coupling constant evolution

Could the time scale hierarchy  $T_n = 2^n T_0$  defining hierarchy of measurement resolutions in time variable induce p-adic coupling constant evolution and explain why p-adic length scales correspond to  $L_p \propto \sqrt{p}R$ ,  $p \simeq 2^k$ ,  $R CP_2$  length scale? This looks attractive but there is a problem. p-Adic length scales come as powers of  $\sqrt{2}$  rather than 2 and the strongly favored values of  $k$  are primes and thus odd so that  $n = k/2$  would be half odd integer. This problem can be solved.

1. The observation that the distance traveled by a Brownian particle during time  $t$  satisfies  $r^2 = Dt$  suggests a solution to the problem. p-Adic thermodynamics applies because the partonic 3-surfaces  $X^2$  are as 2-D dynamical systems random apart from light-likeness of their orbit. For  $CP_2$  type vacuum extremals the situation reduces to that for a one-dimensional random light-like curve in  $M^4$ . The orbits of Brownian particle would now correspond to

light-like geodesics  $\gamma_3$  at  $X^3$ . The projection of  $\gamma_3$  to a time=constant section  $X^2 \subset X^3$  would define the 2-D path  $\gamma_2$  of the Brownian particle. The  $M^4$  distance  $r$  between the end points of  $\gamma_2$  would be given  $r^2 = Dt$ . The favored values of  $t$  would correspond to  $T_n = 2^n T_0$  (the full light-like geodesic). p-Adic length scales would result as  $L^2(k) = DT(k) = D2^k T_0$  for  $D = R^2/T_0$ . Since only  $CP_2$  scale is available as a fundamental scale, one would have  $T_0 = R$  and  $D = R$  and  $L^2(k) = T(k)R$ .

2. p-Adic primes near powers of 2 would be in preferred position. p-Adic time scale would not relate to the p-adic length scale via  $T_p = L_p/c$  as assumed implicitly earlier but via  $T_p = L_p^2/R_0 = \sqrt{p}L_p$ , which corresponds to secondary p-adic length scale. For instance, in the case of electron with  $p = M_{127}$  one would have  $T_{127} = .1$  second which defines a fundamental biological rhythm. Neutrinos with mass around .1 eV would correspond to  $L(169) \simeq 5 \mu\text{m}$  (size of a small cell) and  $T(169) \simeq 1. \times 10^4$  years. A deep connection between elementary particle physics and biology becomes highly suggestive.
3. In the proposed picture the p-adic prime  $p \simeq 2^k$  would characterize the thermodynamics of the random motion of light-like geodesics of  $X^3$  so that p-adic prime  $p$  would indeed be an inherent property of  $X^3$ .
4. The fundamental role of 2-adicity suggests that the fundamental coupling constant evolution and p-adic mass calculations could be formulated also in terms of 2-adic thermodynamics. With a suitable definition of the canonical identification used to map 2-adic mass squared values to real numbers this is possible, and the differences between 2-adic and p-adic thermodynamics are extremely small for large values of  $p \simeq 2^k$ . 2-adic temperature must be chosen to be  $T_2 = 1/k$  whereas p-adic temperature is  $T_p = 1$  for fermions. If the canonical identification is defined as

$$\sum_{n \geq 0} b_n 2^n \rightarrow \sum_{m \geq 1} 2^{-m+1} \sum_{(k-1)m \leq n < km} b_n 2^n .$$

It maps all 2-adic integers  $n < 2^k$  to themselves and the predictions are essentially same as for p-adic thermodynamics. For large values of  $p \simeq 2^k$  2-adic real thermodynamics with  $T_R = 1/k$  gives essentially the same results as the 2-adic one in the lowest order so that the interpretation in terms of effective 2-adic/p-adic topology is possible.

### 5.4.3 p-Adic length scale hypothesis and biology

The basic implication of zero energy ontology is the formula  $T_2(k) = T(k) \simeq 2^{k/2} L(k)/c = L(2, k)/c$  for the secondary p-adic time scale for  $p \simeq 2^k$ . This would be the analog of  $E = hf$  in quantum mechanics and together hierarchy of Planck constants would imply a direct connection between elementary particle physics and macroscopic physics. Especially important this connection would be in macroscopic quantum systems, say for Bose Einstein condensates of Cooper pairs, whose signature the rhythms with  $T(k)$  as period would be. The presence of this kind of rhythms might even allow to deduce the existence of Bose-Einstein condensates of hitherto unknown particles.

Unfortunately, the mistake in the identification of the p-adic length scales above electron scale forces to modify the definition of  $T(k)$  by introducing a  $\sqrt{5 + X}$  factor so that it becomes the secondary Compton time scale of electron in the p-adic length scale considered. Writing this explicitly, one has  $T_e(k) \equiv T_{2,e}(k) = 2^{k-127} T_{2,e}(127) \equiv 2^{k-127} T_e(127)$ . Apologies for a loose notation replacing subscript “2, e” with “e”.

1. For electron secondary Compton time equal to  $T_e(k) = .1$  seconds defines the fundamental  $f_e = 10$  Hz bio-rhythm appearing as a peak frequency in alpha band. This could be seen as a direct evidence for a Bose-Einstein condensate of Cooper pairs of high  $T_c$  super-conductivity. That transition to “creative” states of mind involving transition to resonance in alpha band might be seen as evidence for formation of large BE condensates of electron Cooper pairs.
2. TGD based model for atomic nucleus [K19] predicts that nucleons are connected by flux tubes having at their ends light quarks and anti-quarks with masses not too far from electron mass. The corresponding p-adic frequencies  $f_q = 2^k f_e$  could serve as a biological signature

of exotic quarks connecting nucleons to nuclear strings.  $k_q = 118$  suggested by nuclear string model would give  $f_q = 2^{18} f_e = 26.2$  Hz. Schumann resonances are around 7.8, 14.3, 20.8, 27.3 and 33.8 Hz and  $f_q$  is not too far from 27.3 Hz Schumann resonance and the cyclotron frequency  $f_c(^{11}B^+) = 27.3$  Hz for  $B = .2$  Gauss explaining the effects of ELF em fields on vertebrate brain.

3. For a given  $T_e(k)$  the harmonics of the fundamental frequency  $f = 1/T(k)$  are predicted as special time scales. Also resonance like phenomena might present. In the case of cyclotron frequencies they would favor values of magnetic field for which the resonance condition is achieved. The magnetic field which in case of electron gives cyclotron frequency equal to 10 Hz is  $B_e \simeq 3.03$  nT. For ion with charge  $Z$  and mass number  $A$  the magnetic field would be  $B_I = \frac{A}{Z}(m_p/m_e)B_e$ . The  $B = .2$  Gauss magnetic field explaining the findings about effects of ELF em fields on vertebrate brain is near to  $B_I$  for ions with  $f_c$  alpha band. Hence the value of  $B$  could be understood in terms of resonance with electronic B-E condensate.
4. The hierarchy of Planck constants predicts additional time scales  $T_e(k)$ . The prediction depends on the strength of the additional assumptions made. One could have scales of form  $nT(k)$ . Integers  $n$  could correspond to ruler and compass integers expressible as products of first powers of Fermat primes and power of 2. There are only four known Fermat primes so that one has  $n = 2^n \prod_i F_i$ ,  $F_i \in \{3, 5, 17, 257, 2^{16} + 1\}$ . In the first approximation only 3- and 5- and 17-multiples of 2-adic length scales would result besides 2-adic length scales.
5. Mersenne primes are expected to define the most important fundamental p-adic time scales. The list of real and Gaussian (complex) Mersennes  $M_n$  possibly relevant for biology is given by  $n=89, 107, 113^*, 127, 151^*, 157^*, 163^*, 167^*$  (\* tells that Gaussian Mersenne is in question).

$n$	89	107	113	127	
$f_e/Hz$	$2.7 \times 10^{12}$	$1.0 \times 10^7$	$1.6 \times 10^5$	10	
$n$	151	157	163	167	(5.1)
$T$	19.4 <i>d</i>	3.40 <i>y</i>	218.0 <i>y</i>	$3.49 \times 10^3$ <i>y</i>	

## 6 Many-Sheeted Space-Time, Universal Metabolic Quanta, AndPlasmoids As Primitive Life Forms

In the following the evidence for many-sheeted space-time will be discussed.

### 6.1 Evidence For Many-Sheeted Space-Time

The dropping of particle to a larger space-time sheet liberates energy which is the difference of the energies of the particle at two space-time sheets.

In many-sheeted space-time particles topologically condense at all space-time sheets having projection to given region of space-time so that this option makes sense only near the boundaries of space-time sheet of a given system. Also p-adic phase transition increasing the size of the space-time sheet could take place and the liberated energy would correspond to the reduction of zero point kinetic energy. Particles could be transferred from a portion of magnetic flux tube portion to another one with different value of magnetic field and possibly also of Planck constant  $\hbar_{eff}$  so that cyclotron energy would be liberated. In the following only the “dropping” option is discussed.

If the interaction energy of the particle with the matter at space-time sheet can be neglected the energy is just the difference of zero point kinetic energies. This energy depends on the details of the geometry of the space-time sheet. Assuming p-adic length scale hypothesis the general formula for the zero point kinetic energy can be written as

$$E(k) = x \times E_0(k) \quad , \quad E_0(k) = \frac{3}{2} \frac{\pi^2}{mL^2(k)} \quad .$$

Here  $x$  is a numerical factor taking into account the geometry of the space-time sheet and equals to  $x = 1$  for cubic geometry.

$\lambda/nm$	$E/.5eV$	$k$	$\Delta k$	$\Delta E(k, \Delta k)/E$	$p/e$
3300	.7515	137	$\sim \infty$	1.002	p
6200	.4000	138	3	1.067	p
11300	.2195	139	3	0.878	p
11300	.2195	139+11=150	3	1.076	e

**Table 1:** Table gives the best fit for UIBs assuming that they result from dropping of proton or electron to a larger space-time sheet and one has  $E_0(148, e) = .5$  eV. The fourth column the table gives the ratio of predicted photon energy to the energy characterizing the band and assuming  $x = 1$ .  $e/p$  tells whether electron or proton is in question.

The liberated zero point kinetic energy in the case that the particle drops to a space-time sheet labelled by  $k_f = k + \Delta k$  with same value of  $x$  is

$$\Delta E(k, \Delta k) = x \times E_0(k) \times (1 - 2^{-\Delta k}) .$$

The transitions are seen as discrete lines for some resolution  $\Delta k \leq \Delta k_{max}$ . At the limit  $k \rightarrow \infty$  transitions give rise to a quasi-continuous band. The photon energy for  $k \rightarrow \infty$  transition is same as the energy from  $k - 1 \rightarrow k$  transition, which brings in additional option to the model building.

For a proton dropping from the atomic space-time sheet  $k = 137$  to very large space-time sheet ( $\Delta k \rightarrow \infty$ ) one has  $\Delta E(k) = E(k) \sim x \times .5$  eV. Since the ratio of electron and proton masses is  $m_p/m_e \simeq .94 \times 2^{11}$ , the dropping of electron from space-time sheet  $k_e = k_p + 11$  liberates zero point kinetic energy which is by a factor.9196 smaller. For  $k_p = 137$  one would have  $k_e = 148$ . This energy corresponds to the metabolic energy currency of living systems and the idea is that the differences of zero point kinetic energies define universal metabolic energy currencies present already in the metabolism of pre-biotic systems. In the following fit electron's zero point kinetic energy will be taken to be  $E_0(148) = .5$  eV so that for proton the zero point kinetic energy would be  $E_0(137) = .544$  eV.

The hypothesis predicts the existence of anomalous lines in the spectrum of infrared photons. Also fractally scaled up and scaled down variants of these lines obtained by scaling by powers of 2 are predicted. The wavelength corresponding to .5 eV photon would be  $\lambda = 2.48 \mu m$ . These lines should be detectable both in laboratory and astrophysical systems and might even serve as a signature for a primitive metabolism. One can also consider dropping of Cooper pairs in which case zero point kinetic energy is scaled down by a factor of 1/2.

Interestingly, the spectrum of diffuse interstellar medium exhibits three poorly understood structures [I3]: Unidentified Infrared Bands (UIBs), Diffuse Interstellar Bands (DIBs) [I1], and Extended Red Emission (ERE) [I25] allowing an interpretation in terms of dropping of protons or electrons (or their Cooper pairs) to larger space-time sheets. The model also suggests the interpretation of bio-photons in terms of generalizes EREs.

### 6.1.1 Unidentified Infrared Bands

Unidentified infrared bands (UIBs) contain strong bands at  $\lambda = 3.3, 6.2, 11.3$  microns [I3]. The best fit for the values of  $k$  and  $\Delta k$  assuming dropping of either electron or proton are given by **Table 1** The last row of the table gives the ratio of predicted photon energy to the energy characterizing the band and assuming  $x = 1$  and  $E_0(148, e) = .5$  eV. Discrepancies are below 8 per cent. Also the dropping of protonic Cooper pair from  $k = 137$  space-time sheet could reproduce the line  $\Delta E = .2$  eV. The fit is quite satisfactory although there is of course the uncertainty related to the geometric parameter  $x$ .

According to [I3], UIBs are detected along a large number of interstellar sight-lines covering a wide range of excitation conditions. Recent laboratory IR spectra of neutral and positively charged poly-cyclic aromatic hydrocarbons (PAHs) has been successfully used by Allamandola [I12] to model the observed UIBs. It is believed that PAHs are produced in reactions involving photosynthesis and are regarded as predecessors of biotic life [I2]. This would conform with the presence of metabolic energy quanta.

$\lambda/nm$	$E/.5eV$	$k$	$\Delta k$	$\Delta E(k, \Delta k)/E$	$p/e$
628.4	3.947	$135 = 3^3 \times 5$	$\sim \infty$	0.987	p
661.4	3.750	$135 + 11 = 2 \times 73$	3	0.985	e
443.0	5.598	$134 = 2 \times 67$	2	0.933	p
578.0	4.291	$135 + 11 = 2 \times 73$	$\sim \infty$	0.986	e
579.7	4.278	$135 + 11 = 2 \times 73$	$\sim \infty$	0.984	e

**Table 2:** Table gives the best fit for DIBs assuming that they result from dropping of proton or electron to a larger space-time sheet. Notations are same as in the previous table.

DNA sugar backbone, some amino-acids, and various hallucinogens involve 5- and 6-cycles and the proposal is that these cycles involve free electron pairs, which possess Planck constant  $\hbar = n\hbar_0$ ,  $n = 5, 6$ . These free electron pairs would explain the anomalous conductivity of DNA and would be an essential characteristic of living matter. The emergence of  $n = 5, 6$  levels could be seen as the first step in the pre-biotic evolution.

### 6.1.2 Diffuse Interstellar Bands

There are diffuse interstellar bands (DIBs) at wavelengths 578.0 and 579.7 nanometers and also at 628.4, 661.4 and 443.0 nm. The 443.0 nm DIB is particularly broad at about 1.2 nm across - typical intrinsic stellar absorption features are 0.1 nm [I3]. The following table proposes a possible identification of these lines in terms of differences of zero point kinetic energies. Also now the best fit has errors below 7 per cent.

The peak wavelengths in chlorophyll and photosynthesis are around 650 nm and 450 nm and would correspond to second and third row of the table.

### 6.1.3 The Extended Red Emission

The Extended Red Emission (ERE) [I3, I25] is a broad unstructured emission band with width about 80 nm and located between 540 and 900 nm. The large variety of peak wavelength of the band is its characteristic feature. In majority of cases the peak is observed in the range 650-750 nm but also the range 610-750 nm appears. ERE has been observed in a wide variety of dusty astronomical environments. The necessary conditions for its appearance is illumination by UV photons with energies  $E \geq 7.25$  eV from source with  $T \geq 10^4$  K. The position of the peak depends on the distance from the source [I25].

According to [I3] the current interpretation attributes ERE to a luminescence originating from some dust component of the ISM, powered by UV/visible photons. Various carbonaceous compounds seem to provide a good fit to the observational constraints. However, the real nature of ERE is still unknown since most candidates seem to be unable to simultaneously match the spectral distribution of ERE and the required photon conversion efficiency.

1. Consider first the band 650-750 nm appearing in the majority of cases. The most natural interpretation is that the lower end of the band corresponds to the zero point kinetic energy of electron at  $k = 135 + 11 = 146 = 2 \times 73$  space-time sheet. This would mean that the lines would accumulate near 650 nm and obey the period doubling formula

$$\frac{\lambda(k) - \lambda(\infty)}{\lambda(\infty)} = \frac{2^{-k}}{1 - 2^{-k}} .$$

By the estimate of Table 2 the lower end should correspond to  $\lambda = 628.4$  nm with a correction factor  $x < 1$  reducing the zero point kinetic energy. The reduction would be smaller than 4 per cent.  $\Delta k = 3$  transition would correspond to 744 nm quite near to the upper end of the band. For  $\Delta k = 2$  transition one has  $\lambda = 867$  nm not to far from the upper end 900 nm.  $\Delta k = 1$  corresponds to 1.3  $\mu m$ .

2. For proton with  $k = 135 = 146$  the energy band would shift by the factor  $2^{11}m_e/m_p \simeq 1.0874$  giving the range (598, 690) nm.

3. The variation for the position of the peak can be understood if the charged particles at the smaller space-time sheet can have excess energy liberated in the dropping to the larger space-time sheet. This excess energy would determine the position of the lower end of the band in the range (540, 650) nm.
4. One should also understand the role of UV photons with energy larger than 7.25 eV. For proton the energy would be 8.76 eV. UV photon with energy  $E \geq 8$  eV could kick electrons from large space-time sheets to  $k = 144 = 146 - 4$  space-time sheet where they have zero point kinetic energy of 8 eV plus possible additional energy (for proton the energy would be 8.76 eV). One possibility is that these electrons drop first to  $k = 145$  by the emission of  $\sim 4$  eV UV photon and then to  $k = 144$  by the emission  $\sim 2$  eV photon corresponding to 650 nm line. The further dropping to larger space-time sheets would produce besides this line also the lines with longer wavelengths in the band.

The energy of UV photons brings in mind the bond energy 7.36 eV of  $N_2$  molecule and the possibility of metabolic mechanism using UV light as metabolic energy and based on the dissociation of  $N_2$  followed by re-association liberating metabolic energy kicking protons or electrons to a smaller space-time sheet. For the  $k \rightarrow k + 3$  transition of electron the energy would be 7 eV which suggests that this transition defines important metabolic energy quantum for living interstellar dust using dissociation and its reversal as basic metabolic mechanism.

## 6.2 Laboratory Evidence For Plasmoids As Life Forms

### 6.2.1 From dust to dust

The article *From Plasma crystals and helical structures towards inorganic living matter* of Tsytovich *et al* in August issue of New Journal of Physics provides new empirical support for plasmoids as living life forms. The results of article suggest that interstellar dust could behave like living matter in some respects: it could even have variant of genetic code. This is a really shattering finding and with single blow destroys the standard dogma about life as something purely chemical. It should also give also some headaches for those influential colleagues who have decided that it is necessary to accept the anthropic principle. Here is little popularization of the result.

Scientists have discovered that inorganic material can take on the characteristics of living organisms in space, a development that could transform views of alien life.

An international panel from the Russian Academy of Sciences, the Max Planck institute in Germany and the University of Sydney found that galactic dust could form spontaneously into helixes and double helixes and that the inorganic creations had memory and the power to reproduce themselves.

A similar rethinking of prospective alien life is being undertaken by the National Research Council, an advisory body to the US government. It says Nasa should start a search for what it describes as weird life - organisms that lack DNA or other molecules found in life on Earth.

The new research, to be published this week in the New Journal of Physics, found nonorganic dust, when held in the form of plasma in zero gravity, formed the helical structures found in DNA. The particles are held together by electromagnetic forces that the scientists say could contain a code comparable to the genetic information held in organic matter. It appeared that this code could be transferred to the next generation.

Professor Greg Morfill, of the Max Planck institute of extra-terrestrial physics, said:

*Going by our current narrow definitions of what life is, it qualifies. The question now is to see if it can evolve to become intelligent. It's a little bit like science fiction at the moment. The potential level of complexity we are looking at is of an amoeba or a plant. I do not believe that the systems we are talking about are life as we know it. We need to define the criteria for what we think of as life much more clearly.*

*It may be that science is starting to study territory already explored by science fiction. The television series *The X-Files*, for example, has featured life in the form of a silicon-based parasitic spore. The Max Planck experiments were conducted in zero gravity conditions in Germany and on the International Space Station 200 miles above earth.*

*The findings have provoked speculation that the helix could be a common structure that underpins all life, organic and nonorganic.*

To sum up the essentials, plasma phase is involved and the dust life is able to construct analogs of DNA double helices and this has been achieved also in laboratory. “From dust to dust” seems to have a very deep side meaning!

Here is a more quantitative summary of the results reported in [I20].

1. The scale of the dust balls seems to be few micrometers. It is essential that the system is open in the sense that there is both metabolic energy feed and continual feed of plasma to negatively charged dust particles to preserve their charges. Authors speak about effective “gravitational” instability as a mechanism leading to the formation of the helices and identify effective gravitational coupling (the formula contains a trivial typo) as a function of charge and mass of the particle plus dimensionless parameter characterizing the modification of Debye model implied by the fact that dust particles are not electrically closed systems. Authors give a long list of life-like properties possessed by the helical structures.
2. Helical structures are generated spontaneously and possess negative charges. The repulsion of the helical structures transforms to attraction at some critical distance interval due to the fact that the large electrostatic self energy depends on the distance between helices and this makes possible double helices (authors speak about over-screening in the formal model). Similar mechanism might work also in the case of ordinary DNA double helices whose stability is poorly understood since also in this case the large negative charge could be preserved by continual feed of charge.
3. The twist angle of the helix makes bifurcations as a function of radius of helix and the values of twist angle could define the letters of genetic code. Also a mechanism for how the twist angle is communicated to neighboring helix is proposed. Also dust vortices are observed and might be those which one can occasionally observe during hot summer days.
4. Authors do not mention magnetic fields but my guess is that the helical structures reflect directly the geometry of the helical magnetic flux tubes, and that dark electron pairs with large Planck constant at these tubes might be the quantal aspect of the system. These currents might relate closely to the plasma current, which charges the dust particles. Also DNA, which is insulator, is known to be able to act as conductor, and here the free electron pairs associated with aromatic rings having  $\hbar = n \times \hbar_0$ ,  $n = 5$  or  $6$ , could make conduction possible since their Compton size would be  $n$ -fold.

### 6.2.2 Elephant trunks in astrophysics

TGD Universe is fractal and this means that the visible structures are formed around magnetic flux quanta containing dark matter with large value of effective Planck constant  $\hbar_{eff}$  appear in all length scales and have geometric patterns reflecting the exact discrete symmetries of dark matter acting as rotational symmetries of the field body and at the level of visible matter giving rise to broken symmetries typical for molecular structures. The helical structures found from the rings of some planets could be one example of fractal life.

For some time ago I learned about “elephant trunks” found by Hubble (I am grateful for Miika Väisälä telling about the trunks and for giving references to the papers about the finding). They appear in very wide range of length scales: at least from 1000 au to 1 pc. They are found in close connection with molecular clouds and HII regions excite by one or more young hot stars (a “metabolic connection” with the above mentioned unidentified bands and lines and PAHs present only if there is also UV source present does not look like a bad guess). In general the trunks are

Another important finding supporting TGD view about Universe which might be seen as a fractally scaled variant of above helices. pointing like fingers to the hot stars. Here is abstract of the paper by P. Carlquist, G. F. Gahm, and H. Kristen [I14].

*Using the 2.6 m Nordic Optical Telescope we have observed a large number of elephant trunks in several regions. Here, we present a small selection of this material consisting of a few large, well-developed trunks, and some smaller ones. We find that: (i) the well-developed trunks are made up of dark filaments and knots which show evidence of twisted structures, (ii) the trunks*



are connected with essentially two filamentary legs running in V-shape, and (iii) all trunks have the maximum extinction in their heads. We advance a theory of twisted elephant trunks which is based on the presence of magnetic flux ropes in molecular clouds where hot OB stars are formed. If the rope contains a local condensation it may adopt a V-shape as the region around the hot stars expands. If, in addition, the magnetic field in the rope is sufficiently twisted, the rope may form a double helix at the apex of the V. The double helix is identified with the twisted elephant trunks. In order to illustrate the mechanisms behind the double helix we have constructed a mechanical analogy model of the magnetic flux rope in which the rope has been replaced by a bundle of elastic strings loaded by a weight. Experiments with the model clearly show that part of the bundle will transform into a double helix when the twist of the bundle is sufficiently large. We have also worked out a simple theoretical model of a mass-loaded magnetic flux rope. Numerical calculations show that a double helix will indeed form when the twist of the rope exceeds a certain critical limit. Numerical model calculations are applied to both the analogy model experiments and one of the well-developed elephant trunks. On the basis of our model we also suggest a new interpretation of the so called EGGs.

*The double helix mechanism is quite general, and should be active also in other suitable environments. One such environment may be the shell of supernova remnants. Another example is the expanding bubble outlined by the North Celestial Pole Loop.*

For fractally thinking physicist consisting mostly of dark matter with large Planck constant this does not leave many options: life and even intelligent life is everywhere and in all length scales. This provides also a new view about Fermi paradox.

## 6.3 Universal Metabolic Quanta

Universal energy quanta might have rather interesting implications. For instance, irradiation of cells could provide a direct metabolic mechanism when the normal metabolic machinery fails. The universal metabolic quanta should have also played a key role during pre-biotic evolution when chemical storage mechanism were absent or primitive so that energy metabolism relied on direct absorption of photons.

### 6.3.1 Direct support for universal metabolic energy quanta

There is direct support for the notion of universal energy quanta. The first support comes from the effect of low-power laser light on living matter. More than 30 years ago a method known with various names such as low-power laser therapy, biostimulation, or photobiomodulation emerged [I24] and has now a wide range of applications. The treatment can apply both non-coherent (light emitting diodes) or coherent (laser light). In the case of non-coherent light the method applies thin structures with thickness smaller than coherence length of light so that there is no difference between non-coherent and laser light. Laser light applies to situation when both the thickness of the surface layer and structure itself in range 1 mm- 1 cm and shorter than coherence length. Often the irradiation is applied to wounds and sites of injuries, acupuncture points, and muscle trigger points. The method involves several parameters such as wavelength in the range 400-900 nm (IR and near IR light), output power (10 100 mW), continuous wave and pulsed operation modes, and pulse parameters.

#### 1. What is known?

The article of Karu [I24] gives a good summary about what is known.

1. The action spectrum characterizes the maxima of the biological response as a function of wavelength. Action spectrum is essentially universal. For near IR and IR light the maxima of spectra are at 620, 680, 760, 820-830 nm. The spectrum continues also to visible light [I24] but I do not have access these data.
2. The action can induce both physiological and morphological changes in non-pigmental cells via absorption in mitochondria. HeNe laser ( $\lambda = 632.8$  nm) can alter the firing pattern of nerves and can mimic the effect of peripheral stimulation of a behavioral reflex.

#### 2. Biochemical approach

In [I24] the biochemical approach to the situation is discussed.

1. In standard biochemistry based approach the natural hypothesis is that the maxima correspond to some molecular absorption lines and the task is to identify the photo acceptor. The primary acceptor in IR-to red spectral region is believed to be the terminal enzyme of the respiratory chain cytochrome c oxidase located in mitochondrion but this is just an assumption. In the violet-to-blue spectral region flavoproteins (e.g. NADH dehydrogenase in the beginning of respiratory chain) are among the photo acceptors as terminal oxidases. It is known that also non-mitochondrial enhancement of cellular metabolism exist, which does not fit well with the vision about mitochondria as power plants of cell. It is believed that electronic excitation occurs and somehow leads to the biological effect.
2. The natural assumption in biochemistry framework is that the stimulation increases the effectiveness of cellular metabolism by making the utilization of oxygen more effective. The effect of the light would occur at the control level and induce secondary reactions (cellular signalling cascades or photo signal transduction and amplification) affecting eventually the gene expression.
3. Three different regulation pathways have been suggested [I24]. Since small changes in ATP level can alter cellular metabolism significantly, the obvious idea is that photoacceptor controls the level of intracellular ATP. In starving cells this looks especially attractive hypothesis. In many cases however the role of redox homeostasis is however believed to be more important than that of ATP. The second and third pathways would indeed affect cellular redox potential shifting it to more oxidized direction. The mechanism of regulation is however not understood. Hence one can say that there is no experimental proof or disproof for the standard approach.

### 3. TGD inspired approach

In TGD framework the first guess is that irradiation pumps directly metabolic energy to the system by kicking particles to smaller space-time sheets. This kind of direct energy feed would be natural when the cell is starving or injured so that its control mechanisms responsible for the utilization of oxygen are not working properly. For Bose-Einstein condensate of photons this effect would be especially strong being proportional to  $N^2$  rather than  $N$ , where  $N$  is photon number. The effect would also appear coherently in a region whose size is dictated by coherence length when the target is thick enough.

There is a simple killer test for the proposal. The predicted energies are universal in the approximation that the interactions of protons (or electrons) kicked to the smaller space-time sheets with other particles can be neglected. The precise scale of metabolic energy quanta can be fixed by using the nominal value of metabolic energy quantum .5 eV in case of proton. This predicts the following spectrum of universal energy quanta for proton and electron

$$\begin{aligned} \Delta E_{k,n}(p) &= E_0(k,p) \times (1 - 2^{-n}) , \\ E_0(k,p) &= E_0(137,p) 2^{137-k} \simeq 2^{137-k} \times .5 \text{ eV} . \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \Delta E_{k,n}(e) &= E_0(k,e) \times (1 - 2^{-n}) , \\ E_0(k,e) &= \frac{m_p}{2^{11} m_e} E_0(137,p) 2^{148-k} \simeq 2^{148-k} \times .4 \text{ eV} . \end{aligned}$$

$k$  characterizes the p-adic length scale and the transition corresponds to the kicking of charged particle from space-time sheet having  $k_1 = k + n$  to  $k = n$ .

The shortest wavelength 630 nm is rather close to the wavelength of HeNe laser and corresponds to red light with  $E_0 = 2.00$  eV. Thus one would have  $k = 135$  in the case of proton which corresponds to roughly one of atomic radius for ordinary value of  $\hbar$ . For electron one would have  $k = 150$  which corresponds to  $L(151)/\sqrt{2}$ :  $L(151) = 10$  nm corresponds to cell membrane thickness. The following equations give the energies of photons for action spectrum and predicted values in the case of proton, which provides a better fit to the data.

$\Delta k$	1	2	$\geq 3$	$\infty$
$\Delta E(144, \Delta k)/eV$	4	6	$\geq 7$	8
$\lambda/nm$	310(UVB)	207(UVB)	$\leq 177$ (VUV)	155 (VUV)

**Table 3:** The lines corresponding to the dropping of electron from  $k = 144$  space time sheet defining a candidate for UV light inducing generation of ERE in the interstellar dust.

$n$	2	3	4	5	
$\lambda/nm$	825	760	680	620	
$E_{exp}/eV$	1.50	1.63	1.82	2.00	(6.1)
$E_{pred}/eV$	1.50	1.75	1.88	1.94	
$E_{pred}/E_{exp}$	1.00	1.07	1.02	0.97	

The largest error is 7 per cent and occurs for  $n = 3$  transition. Other errors are below 3 per cent. Note that also in experiments of Gariaev [I17, I15] laser light consisting of 2 eV photons was used: in this case the induced radio wave photons - possibly dark photons with energy 2 eV - had positive effect on growth of potatoes.

### 6.3.2 Possible explanation for the effect of IR light on brain

The exposure of brain to IR light at wavelength of 1072 nm is known to improve learning performance and give kick start to cognitive function [I4]. The simplest explanation is that this light reloads the metabolic energy batteries of neurons by kicking electrons or protons or their Cooper pairs to larger space-time sheets. The wavelength in question is roughly one half of the wavelength associated with metabolic energy quantum with average energy 5 eV (2480  $\mu m$ ) assignable to the dropping of proton to a very large space-time sheet from  $k=137$  space-time sheet or of electron from  $k=137+11= 148$  space-time sheet. This if the electron and proton are approximated to be free particles. Energy band is in question since both the particles can have additional interaction energy.

For the kicking of electron from very large space-time sheet to  $k = 147$  space-time sheet the wave length would be below 1240 nm which is more than 10 per cent longer than 1072 nm. This would suggest that the final state electron is in excited state. The surplus energy is consistent with the width about 100 nm for the UIBs. This identification - if correct - would support the view that metabolic energy quanta are universal and have preceded the evolution of the biochemical machinery associated with metabolism and that the loading of metabolic energy batteries at the fundamental level correspond to the kicking of charged particles to smaller space-time sheets.

### 6.3.3 Could UV photons have some metabolic role?

The correlation between UV photons and ERE brings in mind the vision that high temperature plasmoids are primitive life-forms possibly having universal metabolic energy quanta in UV range. One can imagine that the development of chemical energy storage mechanisms has made it possible to use visible light from Sun as a source of metabolic energy and get rid of UV quanta having disastrous biological effects. Ozone layer shields out most of UV light and also air absorbs the UV light below wavelength 200 nm, which justifies the term vacuum UV (VUV) for this range.

From Table 3 one finds that  $\Delta k > 2$  electronic transitions cascading to 8 eV (155 nm) by period doubling) belong to vacuum UV (VUV) absorbed by air. The lines 310 nm and 207 nm corresponding to  $\Delta k = 1$  and  $\Delta k = 2$  could however define frequency windows since these lines need not correspond to any atomic or molecular electronic transitions.

In the solar photosphere the temperature is about 5800 K, roughly half of the minimum temperature  $10^4$  K needed to generate the UV radiation inducing ERE in interstellar dust. Solar corona however has temperature of about  $10^6$  K, which corresponds to a thermal energy of order 100 eV and the UV radiation from corona at above mentioned discrete frequencies resulting in dropping of electrons could serve as a metabolic energy source for pre-biotics in the interstellar space. This

Molecule	H <sub>2</sub>	O <sub>2</sub>	N <sub>2</sub>	CO	NO
$E_D/\text{eV}$	4.48	5.08	7.37	11.11	5.2

**Table 4:** Dissociation energies of some simple molecules.

raises obvious questions. Should the stellar sources inducing ERE possess also corona? Could 4 eV and 6 eV UV photons from the solar corona serve as a source of metabolic energy for some primitive organisms like blue algae?

### 6.3.4 A simple model for the metabolism of plasmoids

Extended Red Emissions (EREs) are associated with the interstellar dust in presence of UV light with energies above 7.25 eV and source with temperature not below  $10^4$  K (maximum of wave length distribution of black body radiation corresponds to the energy 4.97 eV at this temperature). This suggests that plasmoids using UV photons as metabolic energy are involved.

1. Since the bond energies of molecules vary in few eV range and their formation typically liberates photons in UV range, the natural hypothesis is that the metabolic cycle is based on the formation of some molecule liberating UV photon kicking electron/proton to a smaller space-time sheet. UV photons from energy source would in turn induce dissociation of the molecule and thus drive the process. The process as a whole would involve several p-adic length scales and several metabolic currencies.
2. This situation is of course encountered also in the ordinary biology but with highly developed sharing of labor. Biosphere would burn hydrocarbons in animal cells with carbon dioxide as the eventual outcome. Carbon dioxide would in turn be used by plants to regenerate the hydrocarbons. Note that in the recent day technology the loop is open: hydrocarbons are burned but there is no process regenerating them: perhaps photons with large Planck constant might some day used to regenerate the fuel and give rise to “living” and perhaps tidier technology.
3. It is believed that complex organic molecules like amino-acids can form in the interstellar dust and the spontaneous formation of amino-acids is known to be possible in the interstellar ice under UV radiation. Hence at least  $N_2$  and perhaps also  $CO$  can be expected to be present. The **Table 4** gives dissociation energies of some simple molecules.
  - (a)  $N_2$  has bond energy 7.37 eV is slightly above the UV threshold 7.26 eV for ERE, which strongly suggests that  $N_2$  is one of the molecules involved with the metabolism of interstellar plasmoids.
  - (b) If ice is present then carbon monoxide  $CO$  would be an excellent candidate for a metabolic molecule since its bond energy is as high as 11.11 eV. The exceptionally large bond energy would naturally relate to the fact that carbon and oxygen are the key molecules of life.

### 6.3.5 Anomalous light phenomena as plasmoids

TGD suggests that anomalous light phenomena (ALPs, or light balls, or UFOs depending on one’s tastes and assumptions) are identifiable as plasmoids behaving as primitive life forms. In the conference held in Røros Björn Gitle-Hauge told about the determination of the spectrum of visible light emitted by some light balls observed in Hessdalen [H1] (“Hessdalen phenomenon” is the term used).

1. The spectrum is a band in the interval 500-600 nm whereas the typical ERE [I25] is concentrated in the interval 650-750 nm. The peak is in the interval 540-900 nm, the width of the band is also now 100 nm, and there are no sharp peaks. Therefore the interpretation as ERE can be considered.

2. Because Hessdalen is an old mining district, authors propose that the light ball could consist of burning dust containing some metals. Author proposes that the burning of Titanium and Scandium (encountered only in Scandinavia) might provide the energy for the light ball. *Sc* reacts vigorously with acids and air (burning in oxygen gives  $Sc_2O_3$  as end product). *Ti* burns in oxygen and is the only element that burns in nitrogen. *Ti* is used in fireworks since it produces spectacular fires.

Author notices that the emission lines of  $N^+$ ,  $Al^{++}$ , *resp.*  $Sc^+$  at 528.02 nm, 528.2 nm, *resp.* 528.576 nm might contribute to the band. This might be the case but the explanation of the band solely in terms of molecular transitions is not favored by its smoothness.

3. The bond energies of *TiO* and *TiN* are 6.9 eV and 5.23 eV so that the radiation resulting in their formation is in UV range and could provide part of the metabolic energy. I do not know about bond energy of Scandium oxide.
4.  $TiO_2$  is known to catalyze photolysis in the presence of UV light [I5, I6], which in turn is basic step in [I7] [I7], the basic step of which in TGD Universe would be the kicking of electrons/protons to smaller space-time sheets. Therefore the UV photons liberated in the formation of molecules containing *Ti* could catalyze photosynthesis like process.

## 6.4 Life As A Symbiosis Of Plasmoids And Biological Life

If evolution has discovered something it usually keeps it so that plasmoids and UV metabolism should be still there. This suggests that plasmoids are still in ionosphere. What could this mean? There also other questions and I am grateful for Sampo Vesterinen for some of them. The key questions are perhaps the following ones. Do plasmoids and biological life forms live in symbiosis in some sense? If this is the case, what plasmoids can give to us and what we can give to plasmoids?

### 1. *Magnetic bodies as quantum plasmoids and plasmoids in magnetosphere*

One must make clear what one means with plasmoid. One can consider a plasma made of ordinary visible matter and also large  $\hbar$  quantum plasma at magnetic bodies in a form of Bose-Einstein condensates of charged particles. The symbiosis of plasmoids and biomatter could correspond to the symbiosis of magnetic body and biological body.

One can imagine also the possibility that visible matter plasmoids and bio-matter are in symbiosis via the mediation of magnetic bodies. Note that DNA strands are negatively charged so that there is a resemblance with a plasma like state. One aspect of symbiosis would be that magnetic body would feed charged particles to DNA.

### 2. *Some basic facts about magnetosphere*

Magnetosphere would be a natural environment for plasmoid population. If one restricts plasmoids to visible matter, then ionosphere, plasma sphere and plasma sheet are the most interesting objects of interest.

1. The temperature in the highest F layer of the ionosphere (extending from 150 km to 1500 km depending on source) is about 1200-1300 K: the photon energy is about 6-65 eV at the maximum wavelength of thermal distribution. Hence F layer plasmoids might receive metabolic energy in the form of 5 eV metabolic energy quanta via thermal photons. Self-organization occurs in transition layers and especially interesting is the transition region 85-300 km from mesosphere to ionosphere at which temperature increases 300 K to about 1200 K.
2. Inner magnetosphere is a toruslike structure whose extension varies between  $4R_E$  (day side) and  $8R_E$  (night side) and shielded from solar wind. In the inner magnetosphere the typical density is about 1 ion per cubic centimeter. Inner magnetosphere is bounded by a transition layer of thickness of  $\sim R$  (magneto-pause). In this region the density of the ions drops rapidly.

Inner magnetosphere contains plasma sphere whose radius varies in the range  $2R_E - 4R_E$  at day side and  $2R_E - 6R_E$  at night side. Plasma has a ionospheric origin. The density of the cold plasma consisting mainly of protons sphere varies in the range  $10 - 10^3$  ions/cm<sup>3</sup>,

whereas the temperature is  $\sim 5 \times 10^3$  K, which corresponds to metabolic energy quantum of 5 eV. Note however that the energy of photon at maximum of thermal distribution is about 2.5 eV which suggests 2 eV metabolic quantum.

The cold, dense plasma of plasma sphere is frozen around magnetic flux lines which co-rotate with Earth. In TGD framework this means that flux tubes co-rotate and thus change shape. In the equatorial plane the density of the plasma sphere drops sharply down to  $\sim 1$  ion/cm<sup>3</sup> at  $r = 4R$ . This transition region is known as a plasma pause. During magnetic storms the outer radius decreases since the pressure of the solar wind compresses the plasma sphere. The day-night variation of the shape of the plasma sphere is rather small. Within this region the magnetic field has in a reasonable approximation dipole shape with radiation belts forming an exception.

The surface temperature of Sun is  $6 \times 10^3$  K. This temperature is roughly half of the minimum temperature  $10^4$  K needed for EREs from interstellar dust [I25]. This corresponds to photon energy of 3 eV at the maximum of thermal distribution and cannot induce dissociation of  $N_2$  and other simple diatomic molecules. There is also solar corona but its temperature is about  $10^6$  K ( $10^2$  eV) so that the flux of thermal photons at UV energies is very low.

Taking seriously the finding that  $T \geq 10^4$  K for source is necessary for EREs, one might ask whether the plasmoids at the day side are able to receive enough metabolic energy from UV radiation of Sun. If course, there is no need to assume that dissociation of  $N_2$  molecules is key element in metabolic mechanism. The temperatures in both F layer and plasma sphere allow kicking of protons and electrons to smaller space-time sheets and this might save the situation. Hence metabolism is not a problem for the plasmoids except perhaps during night-time when the plasma cools down somewhat.

3. The plasma sheet [K18], [F1] at the night side of Earth dark is the most prominent feature of the outer magnetosphere. It has a thickness about Earth radius  $R_E$  and extends beyond Moon's orbit (with radius  $10^3 R_E$ ). The average densities of charged particles are very low and same order of magnitude as in plasma sphere: about 4-2 per cm<sup>3</sup> for both protons and electrons and correlates with solar wind density.

The temperature is very high: the thermal energy of electrons is in keV range and ionic temperatures are even higher. The high temperature is due to the leakage of matter from solar wind. Note that up to the distance  $d \sim 10^2 R_E$  equator region of outer magnetosphere at the night side of Earth experiences a continual solar eclipse so that this region does not receive radiation energy from Sun: the high temperature of plasma sheet solves this metabolic problem.

The presence of keV photons would destroy molecules at plasma sheet and induce a high degree of ionization so that plasmoid life must be based on ions and electrons. The energy needed to kick an electron to an atomic space-time sheet is about keV from  $m_e/m_p \sim 2^{-11}$ : hence the dropping of electrons from atomic space-time sheets would be the natural metabolic mechanism for plasmoid life at plasma sheet.

One of the original motivations for the plasmoid hypothesis was the strange finding that plasma sheet at the equator at the dark side of Earth is highly self-organized structure and the velocity distributions of electrons present patterns like "flowers", "eyes", "butterflies" [K18].

### 3. *What plasmoids could give to us and what we could give to plasmoids?*

An attractive general motivation for the symbiosis would be that magnetic bodies would give us ability to think and we would give them ability to sense.

1. The model of cognitive representations relies on the intersections of magnetic bodies with corresponding p-adic space-time sheets possessing literally infinite size in the real sense. The larger the magnetic body, the better the representations. Magnetic bodies could thus provide us with cognitive representations and an interesting question is whether and how this relates to the strange self-organization patterns at plasma sheet.

2. We could provide for magnetic bodies sensory input and serve as their motor instruments. These magnetic bodies might be also associated with plasma sheet and the plasmoids of ionosphere and plasma sphere and could also use plasmoids of visible matter as sensory receptors and perhaps even primitive motor instruments.

One can imagine also more concrete motivations for the symbiosis.

1. Plasmoids in the day-side ionosphere could shield biosphere from UV light by “eating” the incoming UV light. Magnetic bodies could also feed negative electronic charge from the plasmoids of magnetosphere to DNA double strands.
2. Plasmoids are not in a need of metabolic energy unless it happens that the temperature in F layer cools too much during night time from  $T \sim 0.12$  eV. One might imagine that plasmoids suck metabolic energy from the biosphere during sleep (say brains which remain active): this would be a possible explanation for why we sleep. One can even imagine that during sleep magnetospheric collective levels of consciousness take command and life forms in the biosphere entangle to form kind of stereo consciousness providing a collective view what is to be human, member of species, or a part of biosphere.

#### 4. *About the interpretation of bio-photons?*

Also the wave lengths of bio-photons are in the range of visible photons. Their spectrum is claimed to be featureless, which would suggest that identification in terms of photons resulting in dropping of electrons and protons to larger space-time sheets might not make sense. The variation of the geometric shape of space-time sheets, the possibility of surplus energy, and the clustering of the transition lines around the lower end of wave length spectrum might however give rise to effectively featureless spectrum.

Suppose that bio-photons correspond to superposition of ERE bands and thus reflect the presence of UV energy feed. Unless biological body is not able to generate the needed UV photons, they must arrive from Sun. Bio-photons or their dark counterparts with much longer wavelengths could indeed live at the flux quanta of the magnetic bodies and observed visible bio-photons could represent some kind of leakage.

#### 5. *Gariaev's experiments*

Gariaev's experiments [I15] involved the irradiation of DNA using visible laser light with photon energy 1.9595 eV. The irradiation induced emission of radio waves with same polarization with frequencies above kHz. Radio waves induced growth of potatoes. A possible interpretation is that 2 eV photons kicked electrons to a smaller space-time sheet and thus gave metabolic energy to DNA. The radio waves possibly resulting in the dropping of electrons back to the larger space-time sheets could have consisted of dark photons with same or smaller energy and could have been used as a metabolic energy by the potatoes. That the dropping can occur to several space-time sheets would explain why several radio wave frequencies were observed. The prediction would be sum of period doubling spectra discussed earlier since sequences of droppings are possible. The radio-wave signal would result from the de-coherence of dark radio-wave photons to a bundle of ordinary radio-wave photons.

#### 6. *Earth's interior as a living system?*

For years ago I developed in detail the working hypothesis that entire magnetosphere is a living system. Even Earth's interior (and also solar surface) could contain plasmoid life [?, K18]. The temperature below the mantle of Earth does not differ too much from the surface temperature of Sun and metabolic energy could come from the radioactive decays from the interior of Earth. There would be UV shielding by Earth: UV light has energies above 3.1 eV whereas the temperature at the mantle-core boundary is 4300 K which corresponds to energy 2.2 eV energy at the maximum of thermal distribution. Metabolic energy quantum of 2 eV would be highly suggestive and might be directly used to kick protons and electrons to smaller space-time sheet.

The metabolism would not probably involve energy quantum of .5 eV. Magnetic flux tubes could also mediate metabolic energy from the biosphere and possibly also ionosphere and the plasmoid life in question could be at an evolutionary level not tolerating UV light and involve molecules in essential manner.

## 7 Quantum Model For The Direct Currents Of Becker

Robert Becker [J2] proposed on basis of his experimental work that living matter behaves as a semiconductor in a wide range of length scales ranging from brain scale to the scale of entire body. Direct currents flowing only in preferred direction would be essential for the functioning of living manner in this framework.

One of the basic ideas of TGD inspired theory of living matter is that various currents, even ionic currents, are quantal currents. The first possibility is that they are Josephson currents associated with Josephson junctions but already this assumption more or less implies also quantal versions of direct currents.

TGD inspired model for nerve pulse assumes that ionic currents through the cell membrane are quantal currents. If they are Josephson currents, the situation is automatically stationary and dissipation is small as various anomalies suggest. One can criticize this assumption since the Compton length of ions for the ordinary value of Planck constant is so small that magnetic flux tubes carrying the current through the membrane look rather long in this length scale. Therefore either Planck constant should be rather large or one should have a non-ohmic quantum counterpart of a direct current in the case of ions and perhaps also protons in the case of neuronal membrane: electronic and perhaps also protonic currents could be still Josephson currents. This would conform with the low dissipation rate.

In the following the results related to laser induced healing, acupuncture, and DC currents are discussed first. The obvious question is whether these direct currents are actually supracurrents and whether they could be universal in living matter. A TGD inspired model for quantal direct currents is proposed and its possible implications for the model of nerve pulse are discussed.

Whether the model for quantum direct currents is consistent with the proposed vacuum extremal property of the cell membrane remains an open question but both options explain the special role of  $Ca^{++}$  currents and current of  $Na^+$  Cooper pairs in the generation of nerve pulse as in would take place in TGD Universe. In fact, it is not clear what one exactly means with the vacuum extremal property of cell membrane. Many-sheeted space-time (see **Fig. <http://tgdtheory.fi/appfigures/manysheeted.jpg>** or **Fig. 9** in the appendix of this book) allows to consider space-time sheets which can be both almost vacuum extremals and far from vacuum extremals. Also space-time sheets for which Planck constant is so large that both electronic and protonic Josephson currents become possible. Various pumps and channels could actually correspond to magnetic flux tubes along which various ionic supra currents or even Josephson currents can flow. The condition that both electronic and protonic supra currents are possible in same length scale leads to the hierarchy of Planck constants coming approximately as powers of  $m_p/m_e \simeq 2^{11}$  proposed originally as a general truth. Radiation at Josephson frequency serves as a signature for Josephson currents.

In the following a TGD inspired quantum model for the direct currents of Becker as direct quantum currents is developed and shown to be consistent with what is known about nerve pulse generation.

### 7.1 Connection Between Laser Induced Healing, Acupuncture, And Association Of DC Currents With The Healing Of Wounds

The findings of Robert Becker (the book “The Body Electric: Electromagnetism and the Foundation of Life” by Becker and Selden, which can be found from web (see <http://tinyurl.com/y8rbgebw>) [J2], meant a breakthrough in the development of bioelectromagnetics. One aspect of bioelectromagnetic phenomena was the discovery of Becker that DC currents and voltages play a pivotal role in various regeneration processes. Why this is the case is still poorly understood and Becker’s book is a treasure trove for anyone ready to challenge existing dogmas. The general vision guiding Becker can be summarized by a citation from the introduction of the book.

*Growth effects include the alteration of bone growth by electromagnetic energy, the restoration of partial limb regeneration in mammals by small direct currents, the inhibition of growth of implanted tumors by currents and fields, the effect upon cephalocaudal axis development in the regenerating flatworm in a polarity-dependent fashion by applied direct currents, and the production of morphological alterations in embryonic development by manipulation of the electrochemical species present*



*in the environment. This partial list illustrates the great variety of known bioelectromagnetic phenomena.*

*The reported biological effects involve basic functions of living material that are under remarkably precise control by mechanisms which have, to date, escaped description in terms of biochemistry. This suggests that bioelectromagnetic phenomena are fundamental attributes of living things, ones that must have been present in the first living things. The traditional approach to biogenesis postulates that life began in an aqueous environment, with the development of complex molecules and their subsequent sequestration from the environment by membranous structures. The solid-state approach proposes an origin in complex crystalline structures that possess such properties as semi-conductivity, photoconductivity, and piezoelectricity. All of the reported effects of electromagnetic forces seem to lend support to the latter hypothesis.*

### 7.1.1 Observations relating to CNS

The following more quantitative findings, many of them due to Becker, are of special interest as one tries to understand the role of DC currents in TGD framework.

1. CNS and the rest of perineural tissue (tissue surrounding neurons including also glial cells) form a dipole-like structure with neural system in positive potential and perineural tissue in negative potential. There is also an electric field along the neuron in the direction of nerve pulse propagation (dendrites correspond to - and axon to +) (note that motor nerves and sensory nerves form a closed loop). Also microtubules within axon carry electric field and these fields are probably closely related by the many-sheeted variants of Gauss's and Faraday's laws implying that voltages along two different space-time sheets in contact at two points are the same in a static situation.
2. A longitudinal potential along front to back in the brain with the frontal lobes in negative potential with respect to occipital lobes and with a magnitude of few mV was discovered. The strength of the electric field correlates with the level of consciousness. As the potential becomes weaker and changes sign, consciousness is lost. Libet and Gerard observed traveling waves of potentials across the cortical layers (with speeds of about 6 m/s: TGD inspired model of nerve pulse predicts this kind of waves [K28] ). Propagating potentials were also discovered in glial cells. The interpretation was in terms of electrical currents.
3. It was found that brain injury generated positive polarization so that the neurons ceased to function in an area much larger than the area of injury. Negative shifts of neuronal potentials were associated with incoming sensory stimuli and motor activity whereas sleep was associated with a positive shift. Very small voltages and currents could modulate the firing of neurons without affecting the resting potential. The "generating" potentials in sensory receptors inducing nerve pulse were found to be graded and non-propagating and the sign of the generating potential correlated with sensory input (say increase/reduction of pressure). Standard wisdom about cell membrane has difficulties in explaining these findings.
4. The natural hypothesis was that these electric fields are accompanied by DC currents. There are several experimental demonstrations for this. For instance, the deflection of assumed DC currents by an external magnetic field (Hall effect) was shown to lead to a loss of consciousness.

### 7.1.2 Observations relating to regeneration

The second class of experiments used artificial electrical currents to enhance regeneration of body parts. These currents are nowadays used in clinical practice to induce healing or retard tumor growth. Note that tissue regeneration is a genuine regeneration of an entire part of the organism rather than mere simple cell replication. Salamander limb generation is one of the most studied examples. Spontaneous regeneration becomes rare at higher evolutionary levels and for humans it occurs spontaneously only in the fractures of long bones.

1. An interesting series of experiments on Planaria, a species of simple flatworm with a primitive nervous system and simple head-to-tail axis of organization, was carried out. Electrical

measurements indicated a simple head-tail dipole field. The animal had remarkable regenerative powers; it could be cut transversely into a number of segments, all of which would regenerate a new total organism. The original head-tail axis was preserved in each regenerate, with that portion nearest the original head end becoming the head of the new organism. The hypothesis was that the original head-tail electrical vector persisted in the cut segments and provided the morphological information for the regenerate. The prediction was that the reversal of the electrical gradient by exposing the cut surface to an external current source of proper orientation should produce some reversal of the head-tail gradient in the regenerate. While performing the experiment it was found that as the current levels were increased the first response was to form a head at each end of the regenerating segment. With still further increases in the current the expected reversal of the head-tail gradient did occur, indicating that the electrical gradient which naturally existed in these animals was capable of transmitting morphological information.

2. Tissue regeneration occurs only if some minimum amount of neural tissue is present suggesting that CNS plays a role in the process although the usual neural activity is absent. The repeated needling of the stump had positive effect on regeneration and the DC current was found to be proportional to innervation. Hence needling seems to stimulate innervation or at least inducing formation of DC currents. Something like this might occur also in the case of acupuncture.
3. Regeneration involves de-differentiation of cells to form a blastema from which the regenerated tissue is formed. Quite early it was learned that carcinogens induce de-differentiation of cells because of their steric properties and by making electron transfer possible and that denervation induces tumor formation. From these findings Becker concluded that the formation of blastema could be a relatively simple process analogous to tumor growth whereas the regeneration proper is a complex self-organization process during which the control by signals from CNS are necessary and possibly realized in terms of potential waves.
4. Regeneration is possible in salamanders but not in frogs. This motivated Becker and collaborators to compare these situations. In an amputated leg of both salamander and frog the original negative potential of approximately -1 mV was raised first to a positive value of about +10 mV. In the frog it returned smoothly to its original value without regeneration. In the salamander it returned over a period of three days to the original base line and then went to a much higher negative value around -20 mV (resting potential is around -70 mV) followed by a return to the original value once regeneration had occurred. Thus the large negative potential is necessary for the regeneration and responsible for the formation of blastema. Furthermore, artificial electron current also induced regeneration also in the case of the frog, even in the denervated situation. Thus the flow of electrons to the stump seems to be necessary for the formation of blastema and the difference between salamander and frog is that frog is not able to provide the needed electronic current although positive potential is present.
5. It was also learned that a so called neuroepidermal junction (NEJ) formed in the healing process of salamander stump was responsible for the regeneration in the presence of denervation. The conclusion was that the DC voltage and electronic current relevant for regeneration could be assigned the interface between CNS and tissue rather than to the entire nerve and the regeneration seemed to be a local process, perhaps a feed of metabolic energy driving self-organization. Furthermore, NEJ seemed to make possible the flow of electrons from CNS to the stump.
6. The red blood cells of animals other than mammals are complete and thus possess nuclei. Becker and collaborators observed that red blood cells also dedifferentiated to form blastemas. Being normally in a quiescent state, they are ideal for studying de-differentiation. It was found that the electric current acted as a trigger at the level of cell membrane inducing de-differentiation reflected as an increased amount of mRNA serving as marker of gene expression. Also pulsed magnetic field was found to trigger the de-differentiation, perhaps via induced electric field. By the way, the role of the cell membrane fits nicely with the TGD inspired view about DNA-cell membrane system as topological quantum computer

with magnetic flux tubes that are assumed to connect DNA and cell membrane and serve as braid strands in TGD inspired model of DNA as topological quantum computer [K1].

7. The experiments of Becker and collaborators support the identification of the charge carriers of DC currents responsible for the formation of the stump's large negative potential as electrons. The test was based on the different temperature dependence of electronic and protonic conductivities. Electronic conductivity increases with temperature and protonic conductivity decreases and an increase was observed.

### 7.1.3 Gene activation by electrostatic fields?

The basic question concerns the method of activation. The discovery of chemists Guido Ebner and Guido Schuerch [J1] raises the hope that these ideas might be more than over-active imagination and their work also provides a concrete proposal for the activation mechanism. Ebner and Schuerch studied the effect of electrostatic fields on the growth and morphogenesis of various organisms. Germ, seeds, or eggs were placed between conducting plates creating an electric field in the range .5-2 kV/m: note that the Earth's electric field is in the range .1 – 4 kV/m and of the same order of magnitude.

The outcome was rather surprising and in the year 1989 their employer Ciba Geigy (now Novartis) applied for a patent "Method of enhanced fish breeding" [J1] for what is called Ciba Geigy effect. The researchers describe how fishes (trouts) develop and grow much better, if their eggs have been conditioned in an electrostatic field. The researchers also reported [J1] that the morphology of the fishes was altered to what seems to represent an ancient evolutionary form: this was not mentioned in the patent.

The chemists founded their own Institute of Pharmaceutical Research near Basel, where Guido Ebner applied for another very detailed patent, which was never granted. In the patent he describes the effect of electrostatic fields on several life forms (cress, wheat, corn, fern, micro-organisms, bacteria) in their early stage of development. A clear change in the morphogenesis was observed. For instance, in one example fern had all sort of leaves in single plant apparently providing a series of snapshots about the evolution of the plant. The evolutionary age of the first leaf appeared to be about 300 million years whereas the last grown-up leaf looked close to its recent form.

If one takes these finding seriously, one must consider the possibility that the exposure to an electrostatic field can activate passive genes and change the gene expression so that older morphologies are expressed. The activation of not yet existing morphologies is probably more difficult since strong consistency conditions must be satisfied (activation of program requires activation of a proper hardware). This would suggest that genome is a kind of archive also containing also older genomes even potential genomes or that topological quantum computer programs [K1] determine the morphology to a certain extent and that external conditions such as electric fields determine the self-organization patterns characterizing these programs.

It is known that the developing embryo has an electric field along the head-tail axis and that this field plays an important role in the control of growth. These fields are much weaker than the fields used in the experiment. p-Adic length scale hierarchy however predicts an entire hierarchy of electric fields and living matter is indeed known to be full of electret structures. The strength of the electric field in some p-adic length scale related to DNA might somehow serve as the selector of the evolutionary age. The recapitulation of phylogeny during ontogeny could mean a gradual shift of the activated part of both genome and "memone" (as a memetic analog of genome: for a proposal of memetic code see [K13] ), perhaps assignable to topological quantum computer programs realized as braidings, and be controlled by the gradually evolving electric field strength.

The finding that led Ebner to his discovery was that it was possible to "wake up" ancient bacteria by an exposure to an electrostatic field. The interpretation would be in terms of loading of metabolic batteries. This would also suggest that in the case of primitive life forms like bacteria the electric field of the Earth has served as metabolic energy source whereas in higher life forms endogenous electric fields have taken the role of Earth's electric field.

### 7.1.4 A TGD based model for the situation

On the basis of these observations one can try to develop a unified view about the effects of laser light, acupuncture, and DC currents. It is perhaps appropriate to start with the following -

somewhat leading - questions inspired by a strong background prejudice that the healing process - with control signals from CNS included - utilises the loading of many-sheeted metabolic batteries by supra currents as a basic mechanism.

The first series questions, observations, and ideas relates to the connection of DC currents with metabolism and ordinary biochemistry. The hierarchy of Planck constant is expected to be involved somehow.

1. How the DC currents relate to metabolism and ordinary biochemistry? For what purpose they are needed? The crucial point is that the energy of order 1 meV gained by electron in the electric field is much below the metabolic energy quantum and also thermal energy so that the interpretation in terms of metabolic energy quantum does not look promising. This forces to consider the possibility that the basic role of electric field is to drive electrons to where they are needed, say wounded part of tissue in positive potential and thus attracting electrons. Electrons are indeed needed by the electron transport cycle appearing in both photosynthesis and cell respiration since the transport cycle induces leakage of electrons due to the formation of ROS (reactive oxygen species) such as  $O_2^-$ . The purpose of electronic Becker currents would be therefore the re-establishment of metabolism.

The change of the sign of the Becker potential to positive induce a loss of electrons and reduced metabolism. This could explain why consciousness is lost when the sign of Becker potential is changed or electrons are deviated by Hall effect. Wound damages the connections of the tissue to the organism and the transfer of electrons compensating for leaked electrons is prevented since Becker potential changes sign. The regeneration induced by an artificial Becker potential of correct sign would induce healing by re-establishing the electron feed.

The crucial question concerns the role of electrons. It seems that in all situations electron flow to the damaged tissue induces healing. Why electrons generating negative potential should help in healing? The first input is TGD model [K26] [L6] for the findings of Pollack [L6] involves the connection of dark matter hierarchy  $h_{eff} = n \times h$  with negentropic entanglement characterized by density matrix reducing to  $n \times n$  unit matrix for entanglement matrix proportional to a unitary matrix. In infinite-dimensional case the divisor is infinite unless one uses von Neumann's hyperfinite factor of type  $II_1$  for which the normalization factor can be taken to be unity: in the case of quantum groups this corresponds to using quantum trace instead of the ordinary one. A further input is the observation that the gravitational Planck constant  $h_{gr}$  explaining planetary Bohr quantization rules can be equal to  $h_{eff}$  in living matter for microscopic systems like elementary particles, atoms, and ions, even molecules [K32, K27].

1. Pollack's findings about fourth phase of water formed when external energy feed induces formation of negatively charged exclusion zones of water obeying stoichiometry  $H_{1.5}O$  with 1/4: th of protons going to the complement of exclusion zone. Something similar might happen also now.
2. In TGD framework this process is explained as a formation dark phase of protons at the magnetic flux tubes associated with the exclusion zone with dark protons realizing genetic code so that one obtains what might be regarded as primitive primordial life form.
3. There is evidence for a huge anomalous gravimagnetic Thomson field in rotating super conductors. Thomson field is proportional to square of Planck constant  $h_{eff}$  and TGD explanation is that large  $h_{gr}$  phase is formed at gravitational flux tubes. The assumption  $h_{gr} = h_{eff}$  in elementary particle and atomic scales is possible and is consistent with the hypothesis that bio-photons in visible and UV energy range correspond to decay products of dark EEG photons.
4.  $\hbar_{gr}$  can be generalized to  $\hbar_{em} = -Z_1 Z_2 e^2 / v_0$ :  $v_0$  would be typical rotational velocity in a system with opposite charges  $Z_1$  and  $Z_2$ . Exclusion zone would be good example. For ATP  $v_0$  would be rotational velocity of ATP. For exclusion zone  $v_0$  could be rotational velocity of Cooper pairs in magnetic field associated with flux tubes or walls or rotational velocity of magnetic body.  $Z_2 = -Z_1$  is natural assumption by charge neutrality.

5. In this framework the feed of electrons would increase the value of  $h_{eff}$  by increasing the negative charge associated with the analog of exclusion zone accompanying the wound and induce also a flow of dark protons to the magnetic flux tubes associated with the magnetic body of the analog of exclusion zone.
6. The DC currents would be needed because the damage of the tissue means that the  $\hbar_{eff} = \hbar_{em} = Z^2 e^2 / v_0$  is reduced for a pair formed by damaged system and its complement. Healing would be essentially attempt to increase  $h_{eff}$  to its original value. The parameter  $Z^2$  is reduced and must be increased to its original value and perhaps even to a higher value since the larger the value of  $h_{eff}$  is, the richer the negentropic resources of system are. The transfer of electrons to the system analogous to exclusion zone induces transfer of dark protons to the magnetic flux quanta of the magnetic body of the system. Recall that dark proton strings at flux tubes could be analogs of dark nuclei and that the model for dark nucleons allows to identify nucleon states as counterparts of DNA, RNA, amino-acids and even tRNA. This leads to a model of prebiotic lifeforms [K14].
7. ATP synthase transforming ADP to ATP involves rotating shaft and one can ask whether the velocity parameter  $v_0$  appearing in the expression for  $\hbar_{em}$  equals to the rotation speed of the shaft. This predicts that the value of  $\hbar_{em}$  to be same order as  $\hbar_{eff}$  and  $\hbar_{gr}$  for Earth-electron system assuming that  $v_0$  corresponds to the rotation velocity at the surface of Earth. The assumption  $h_{eff} = h_{gr} = h_{em}$  makes it possible for the gravitational and em flux tubes to reconnect.
8. The original guess was that electrons to provide energy giving rise to the formation of ATP in cell respiration and photosynthesis. Electrons themselves receive their energy either from the oxidation of molecules or from solar photons. This model is consistent with the model above since electron transport chain is crucial for cell transpiration and needs both electrons and dark protons located at the dark flux tubes associated with the exclusion zones. Dark protons would flow through the ATP synthase attached to mitochondrial membrane and liberate dark cyclotron energy if the value of the magnetic fields associated with the flux tube is different for the interior and exterior portions of the flux tube [K9, K25].

The experimental support for the role of bio-photons in living matter is accumulating and a natural question concerns their role in metabolism. In TGD framework dark photons with large value of  $\hbar_{eff}$  with energy of visible photon can transform to ordinary photons of same energy with some - presumably rather small - probability, and would be interpreted as bio-photons. Could dark photons take the role of solar photons and provide in some situations energy to the electrons in the electron transport cycle? This would mean a non-conventional non-local mechanism of metabolism. The effects of laser light on tissue suggest that laser light indeed takes the role of solar light and feed energy to the electron transport cycle transforming it to the energy of high energy phosphate bond of ATP. A more detailed TGD inspired view about what might happen is discussed in [K17].

One can consider also the possibility that quantum credit card mechanism (remote metabolism) could be at work in some the situations when chemical metabolic energy sources are absent. Damaged tissue might define this kind of exceptional situation. This brings in mind the strange ability of plants suffering under-nutrition to attract insects responsible for their pollination observed by Callahan, who has also reported that plants and insects communicate using infrared light which according to his findings serves as a sensor input in insect olfaction [I8]: also in this case quantum credit card mechanism building magnetic flux tube bridges guiding the insects to the plant might be at work. The electrons which have gained 1 meV energy during travel along pairs formed by MEs and parallel magnetic flux tubes (meridians), could send negative energy dark photons with energy of order -5 eV to gain same positive energy allowing to get over the semiconductor junction after they have arrived to the damaged tissue. These negative energy photons would be absorbed by a metabolic energy store (ATP in mitochondria transforming to ADP) in the healthy part of the organism.

$h_{eff} = h_{em}$  implies that the spectrum of bio-photons originating from dark cyclotron photons is universal having no dependence on ion mass and in visible and UV range, which is also the range for molecular excitation energies. Dark cyclotron photons decaying to bio-photons would

therefore allow magnetic body to control biochemistry by resonant absorption inducing transitions of molecules.

The original model for the charging of the metabolic batteries and for effective semi-conductor junction assumed that the electrons of supra current are transferred to smaller space-time sheets.

1. For ground state electrons this requires energy which is at least the difference of zero point kinetic energies of electron at the two space-time sheets. This energy should be of the order of fundamental metabolic energy quantum of about .5 eV.

For Cooper pairs of electrons the sheet should correspond to p-adic length scale of order  $L_e(k_e = 149) = 10$  nm, the thickness of lipid layer of cell membrane. For single proton corresponding scale would be  $L_e(k_p = 139) \simeq 2^{-12}L_e(151)$  from  $m_p/2m_e \simeq 2^{10}$  and  $E_{0,p}/E_{0,2e} = (2m_e/m_p) \times (L_e(k_e)/L_e(k_p))^2 = (2m_e/m_p) \times 2^{k_e-k_p} \sim 1$ .

This suggests that electron Cooper pair is kicked to a smaller space-time sheet assignable to a mitochondrial lipid layer having  $k_e = 149$ . The larger space-time sheet could be that of cell membrane with  $k = 151$ . For protons the zero point kinetic energies at these space-time sheets are by a factor  $2m_e/m_p$  lower and of the order of .5 meV. This happens to be of the same order of magnitude as the energy gained by proton or electron in the Becker potential. Maybe this is not an accident.

There is also a second intriguing quantitative co-incidence. In the absence of an action potential, acetylcholine vesicles spontaneously leak into the synaptic junction and cause very small de-polarizations in the postsynaptic membrane known as miniature end plate potentials (see <http://tinyurl.com/y98zhxzh>) (mEPSP) of magnitude .5 mV. These potentials are too small to generate action potential but together they can sum up to the needed action potential. Maybe the interpretation in terms of proton kicked to lipid layer space-time sheet might make sense.

2. The re-charging mechanism should relate directly to  $ADP \rightarrow ATP$  process occurring during electronic transport cycle in mitochondrial membrane. The connection with metabolism forces to ask how the formation of high energy phosphate bond in the addition of phosphate to ADP relates to the transfer of electrons to smaller space-time sheet. Somehow the energy of electrons must go to the formation of this bond: perhaps the dropping of electron back to larger space-time sheet transfers the energy to the high energy phosphate bond.

In many-sheeted space-time particles topologically condense at all space-time sheets having projection to given region of space-time so that this option makes sense only near the boundaries of space-time sheet of a given system. Also p-adic phase transition increasing the size of the space-time sheet could take place and the liberated energy would correspond to the reduction of zero point kinetic energy. Particles could be transferred from a portion of magnetic flux tube portion to another one with different value of magnetic field and possibly also of Planck constant  $h_{eff}$  so that cyclotron energy would be liberated.

3. The transfer of particles between space-time sheets with different p-adic length scales is not the only one that one can consider, and recently a more elegant mechanism has emerged [K17]. If the particles are free, a phase transition in which the p-adic prime of the space-time sheet containing particles decreases adiabatically increases the scale of kinetic energy but leaves particle quantum numbers unchanged. If the same happens for charge particles at magnetic flux tubes, similar increase of cyclotron energy scale takes place since magnetic field strength increase to conserve magnetic flux. The predictions are in good approximation the same as for the original model. If the phase transition reducing p-adic length scale is accompanied by a compensating increase of Planck constant, the size scale of space-time sheet remains unaffected but metabolic batteries are loaded. The reversal of this phase transition liberates metabolic energy. What is important that metabolic energy and negentropic entanglement (measured in terms of the value of Planck constant) are closely correlated for this mechanism. The loading/liberation of energy is also a quantum coherent process.
4. Acupuncture and the application of DC current are known to induce the generation of endorphins. Do endorphins contribute to well-being by reducing the pain? In TGD framework the deeper level interpretation of metabolism is as a provider of negentropic entanglement in

turn giving rise to well-being. Are endorphins kind of negentropy packets or just conscious signals about the improved situation?

Second series of questions, observations, and ideas relates to the meridians, acu points, and “chi”.

1. A permanent potential difference of same sign between head and tail could mean an accumulation of positive and negative charges to the ends of the of the system if only electron currents are present. If both electron and proton currents with opposite directions are present, there is no accumulation of charge but there is an accumulation of protons and electrons. Probably there exists a pumping mechanism forcing the electrons (and possibly also protons) to move against the potential gradient from the tail back to the head. This however requires metabolic energy and the simplest source of this energy would be just the energy of electrons otherwise used to generate ATP. If so, the leakage would not be an unavoidable dissipative effect but a way to avoid charge accumulation.

If the pumping mechanism is not at work, this situation cannot continue for ever and the sign of the potential difference must eventually change and induce loss of consciousness. The simplest possibility is that the potential difference changes sign rhythmically. A natural question is whether the sleep-awake rhythm is unavoidable and corresponds to the oscillatory behavior of the head-to-tail voltage.

“Chi” would correspond electrons or their Cooper pairs in this picture. Abnormal chi flow (reduced flow, flow in wrong direction, accumulation of chi) would cause various problems including also insomnia in which too much electron charge tends to accumulate.

3. What is the nature of acupuncture meridians, what kind of currents flow along them, and why are they not directly observed? The most natural identification in TGD Universe would be in terms of magnetic flux tubes accompanied by parallel massless extremals (MEs) making possible also the propagation of dark photons used for control purposes and perhaps even in metabolism as already discussed. Dark currents along pairs of MEs and magnetic flux tubes are ideal for the transfer of particles and energy.

If the length of the superconducting “wire” is long in the scale defined by the appropriate quantum scale proportional to  $\hbar$ , the classical picture makes sense and charge carriers can be said to accelerate and gain energy  $ZeV$ . For large values of  $\hbar_{eff}$  an oscillating Josephson current would be in question. Since Becker currents are associated with CNS, it would be natural to associate the meridians with neural pathways although this assignment is not necessary. Magnetic flux tube system defined kind of magnetic circulation which could serve as a template for the neural pathways. The transfer of energy with minimal dissipation would explain why a semiconductor like property is needed and why acupuncture points have a high conductivity value.

4. What about acu-points? Acu points are known to be in negative potential normally. This suggests that the density of electrons or their Cooper pairs at them is higher than elsewhere in the meridian. Could they server as kind of electron stores providing electrons to their environment to compensate for losses caused by ROS. This would make possible higher metabolic activity in presence of nutrient molecules since the rate for the electron transform cycle should be proportional to the density of energizable electrons, “chi”.

When the potential of the acu-point is reduced or become positive, under-nutrition follows. This should relate to various symptoms like pain at acupuncture points. Acupuncture needle as an electronic conductor would develop a charge distribution with a concentration of electrons to the acu-point, and would re-establish the metabolic activity. Pain would be signature of lack of negentropic entanglement (see **Fig.** <http://tgdtheory.fi/appfigures/cat.jpg> or **Fig.** ?? in the appendix of this book) and positive/negative coloring of emotions and sensations would quite generally correlate with the amount of negentropic entanglement.

5. Nanna Goldman *et al* have provided empirical evidence (see <http://tinyurl.com/4to42pc>) [I16] for the expectation that the healing effect of the acupuncture involves metabolism (see the popular article in Sciencedaily (see <http://tinyurl.com/3734uub>) [I9]).

The group has found that adenosine is essential for the pain killing effects of acupuncture. For mice with a normal adenosine level acupuncture reduced dis-comfort by two-thirds. In special “adenosine receptor knock-out mice” acupuncture had no effect. When adenosine was turned on in the tissues, the discomfort was reduced even in the absence of acupuncture. During and after an acupuncture treatment, the level of adenosin in tissues near the needles was 24 times higher than before the treatment. In the abstract of the article it is stated that it is known for long time that acupuncture generates signals which induce brain to generate natural pain killing endorphins but that also adenosine acts as a natural pain killer.

Adenosine is the basic building block of AXP, X=M, D, T (adenosin-X-phosphate, X=mono, di, tri). Therefore the findings suggest that the flow of electrons from the needle to acu point loads metabolic batteries by providing electrons to electron transport cycle needed to generate ATP. Adenosine could be partially generated as decay products of AXPs. Tissue itself could increase adenosine concentration to make possible its transformation to AXP utilizing electric field energy. From the popular article one cannot conclude whether the authors propose a connection with metabolism. The results are consistent with the assumption that the AXPs generated from adenosin accompany negentropic entanglement. This can occur in the scale of entire body and meridians could also make possible direct signalling with brain.

How can understand the semiconducting character of Becker’s DC currents?

1. Becker assigns to the system involved with DC currents an effective semiconductor property. Could the effective semiconductor property be due the fact that the transfer of charge carriers to a smaller space-time sheet by first accelerating them in electric field is analogous to the transfer of electrons between conduction bands in semiconductor junction? If so, semiconductor property would be a direct signature of the realization of the metabolic energy quanta as zero point kinetic energies. For metabolic energy quantum of order .5 eV this however makes sense only if the electrons transferred to the smaller space-time sheet have energy slightly below the minimum energy for the transfer to the smaller space-time sheet in absence of the Becker potential. The situation would be critical and 1 mV voltage could serve as a kind of control knob.

One can imagine the analog of this mechanism also when the external energy feed corresponds to a phase transition reducing p-adic length scale and increasing Planck constant so that the size of the space-time sheet remains unaffected. Again 1 mV voltage would have the role of control knob.

2. Supra currents flowing along magnetic flux tubes would make possible dissipation-free loading of metabolic energy batteries. This even when oscillating Josephson currents are in question since the transformation to ohmic currents in semiconductor junction makes possible energy transfer only during second half of oscillation period. Could this be a universal mechanism applying to various stages of the regeneration process? In quantal situation the metabolic energy quanta have very precise values as indeed required.
3. The findings of Becker provide support for electronic DC currents. The Cooper pairs of electrons are indeed the best candidates for the carriers of supra current by their small mass. In the minimal situation the currents defined by leaked electrons moving against potential gradient (utilising the energy used otherwise to generate ATP) could compensate the Becker currents and give rise to closed current loops without charge accumulation. If the electronic DC currents observed by Becker are much stronger than needed to compensate for the local electron leakage, a larger metabolically driven return current is needed to guarantee local charge neutrality. These currents seem to be assignable to CNS: maybe the two electron currents could be associated with sensory and motor pathways. An interesting question whether sympathetic-parasympathetic dichotomy also relates to electron currents in opposite directions.
4. Could also dark protonic and even ionic DC currents be present and running along their own flux tubes and perhaps defining cyclotron Bose-Einstein condensates? How large the scale of flux tubes can be: could it be much larger than that of biological body (by simple argument magnetic body should have layers with even size scale of Earth). What is the



possible connection with cell respiration? When single ATP is generated, three protons are pumped through the mitochondrial membrane utilising the energy liberated in electron transport cycle. This does not however require protonic currents in longer scales.

5. In regeneration process NEJs are formed. They could consist of pairs of MEs and magnetic flux tube mediating the electronic DC current during blastema generation and regeneration proper during which also control signals from CNS would be present. Since NEJs seems to resemble cell membranes in some respects, the ideas inspired by the model of cell membrane and DNA as TQC can be used. The model for nerve pulse and the model for DNA as topological quantum computer suggest that dark ionic currents flowing along magnetic flux tubes characterised by a large value of the effective Planck constant are involved with both meridians and NEJs. Magnetic flux tubes can act as DC current wires or Josephson junctions generating oscillatory supra currents of ions and electrons. Also for large values of the effective Planck constant meridians look short in the relevant dark length scale and could act as Josephson junctions carrying oscillatory Josephson currents.

One can raise also questions about the relationship between DC currents and de-differentiation.

1. Could cell de-differentiation be caused by the presence of Becker's DC current? Also acupuncture is known to induce de-differentiation. Could the mere ability to charge metabolic energy batteries provided by electron feed induce de-differentiation, which manifests as an increased genetic expression? Can one see differentiation as an eliminative process forced by the reduction of the electron feed and inducing a selective reduction of gene expression? If this were the case, de-differentiation could be induced by a feed of surplus electrons to the system using either external electron current or additional electric field. Local electron density would correlate negatively with the degree of differentiation.
2. In this framework it might be possible to understand the claimed effects of external electric fields on the development of plants and fishes. In this case rejuvenation means return to the earlier evolutionary stages. Maybe ontogeny-recapitulates-phylogeny principle might allow to understand this if genome in some sense contains archive about earlier stages of evolution. This archive might be virtual and realised by an epigenetic mechanism selecting different patterns of gene expression using the same genome.

If this is the case, the density of electrons or their Cooper pairs - "chi" - possessed by the cell would serve as a measure for the biological age of the cell and the meridian system feeding "chi" would serve as a rejuvenating agent with respect to gene expression. The average density of dark electrons would serve as a measure for the age of cell: the larger the density the higher the metabolic activity and the lower the biological age.

## 7.2 Quantum Model For Effective Semiconductor Property

Becker [J2] summarizes his findings by stating that living matter is an effective semiconductor. There are pairs of structures in positive and negative potential in various scales and the current between the plates of this effective capacitor flows when above some minimum potential difference. The current flows from positive to negative pole and could be an electron current. Also proton current in the opposite direction can be considered but the electron current is experimentally favored. For instance consciousness is lost when a magnetic field is used to deflect the current.

In TGD framework natural carriers of these currents would be magnetic flux tubes also carrying electric fields. A very simple deformation of the embedding of a constant longitudinal magnetic field also gives longitudinal electric field. With a slight generalization one obtains helical electric and magnetic fields. A crucial difference is that these currents would be quantal rather than ohmic currents even in the length scale of the biological body and even longer scales assignable to the magnetic body.

The following argument allows us to understand the physical situation.

1. A precise everyday analogy is vertical motion in the gravitational field of the Earth between surface and some target at given height  $h$ . If the kinetic energy is high enough, the particle reaches the target. If not, the particle falls back. In the quantum case one expects that the

latter situation corresponds to a very small probability amplitude at the target (tunnelling to classically forbidden kinematic region).

2. Now the electric field replaces the gravitational field. Suppose that the classical electric force experienced by the particle is towards the capacitor plate taking the role of the surface of Earth. Below critical field strength the charged particle cannot reach the target classically and quantum mechanically this occurs only by tunnelling with vanishingly small probability.
3. Particles with opposite value of charge experience a force which accelerates them and classically they certainly reach the second plate. What happens in a quantum situation? It seems that this situation is essentially identical with the first one: one has linear potential in finite interval and wave functions are localized in this range. One can equivalently regard these states as localized near the second capacitor plate.
4. A good analogy is provided by atoms: classically the electron would end down at the nucleus but quantization prevents this. One can imagine also now stationary solutions for which the electric currents for individual charges vanish at the plates although classically there would be a current in another direction. Also quantum mechanically non-vanishing conserved current is possible: all depends on boundary conditions.

### 7.2.1 Basic model

Consider now the situation at more quantitative level.

1. One can assign complex order parameters  $\Psi_k$  to various Bose-Einstein condensates of supra phases and obey Schrödinger equation

$$i\partial_t\Psi_k = \left(-\frac{\hbar^2}{2m_k}\partial_z^2 + q_k Ez\right)\Psi_k . \quad (7.1)$$

Here it is assumed that the situation is effectively one-dimensional.  $E$  is the value of constant electric field.

2. The Schrödinger equation becomes non-linear, when one expresses the electric field in terms of the total surface charge density associated with the plates of effective capacitor. In absence of external electric field it is natural to assume that the net surface charge densities  $\sigma$  at the plates are of opposite sign so that the electric field inside the capacitor is proportional to

$$\sigma = E = \sum \sigma_i = \sum_i q_i \bar{\Psi}_i \Psi_i . \quad (7.2)$$

This gives rise to a non-linear term completely analogous to that in non-linear Schrödinger equation. A more general situation corresponds to a situation in which the region interval  $[a, b]$  bounded by capacitor plates  $a$  and  $b$  belongs to a flux longer tube like structure  $[A, B]$ :  $[a, b] \subset [A, B]$ . In this case one has

$$E_{tot} = E + E_0 . \quad (7.3)$$

This option is needed to explain the observations of Becker that the local strengthening of electric field increases the electron current: this would be the case in the model to be discussed if this field has a direct opposite to the background field  $E_0$ . One could also interpret  $E$  as quantized part of the electric field and  $E_0$  as classical contribution.

3. The electric currents are given by

$$j_k = \frac{i\hbar q_k}{2m_k} \bar{\Psi}_k \partial_z^{\leftrightarrow} \Psi_k . \quad (7.4)$$

In stationary situation the net current must vanish:

$$\sum_k j_k = 0 . \quad (7.5)$$

A stronger condition is that individual currents vanish at the plates:

$$j_k = 0 . \quad (7.6)$$

It must be emphasized that this condition does not make sense classically.

### 7.2.2 Explicit form of Schrödinger equation

Consider now the explicit form of Schrödinger equation in a given electric field.

1. The equation is easy to solve by writing the solution ansatz in polar form (the index  $k$  labelling the charge particle species will be dropped for notational convenience).

$$\Psi = R(a \exp(iU) + b \exp(-iU)) \exp(-iE_n t) \quad (7.7)$$

For real solutions current vanishes identically and this is something which is not possible classically. It is convenient to restrict the consideration to stationary solutions, which are energy eigen states with energy value  $E_n$  and express the general solution in terms of these.

2. The Schrödinger equation reduces with the change of variable

$$\begin{aligned} z &\rightarrow \frac{(z - z_0)}{z_1} \equiv x , \\ z_0 &= \frac{E_n}{qE} , \quad z_1 = \left( \frac{\hbar^2}{2mqE} \right)^{1/3} . \end{aligned} \quad (7.8)$$

to

$$(\partial_x^2 + x)\Psi = 0 . \quad (7.9)$$

The range  $[0, z_0]$  for  $z$  is mapped to the range  $[-z_0/z_1, 0]$ .  $z_0/z_1$  has positive sign as is easy to verify. The value range of  $x$  is therefore negative irrespective of the sign of  $qE$ . This is the differential equation for Airy functions (see <http://tinyurl.com/6b8yh7>) [B1]. Airy functions are encountered in WKB approximation obtained by linearizing the potential function:  $V(x) = ax + b + O(x^2)$ .

The change of variable leads automatically to solutions restricted near the plate where the situation is completely analogous to that in the gravitational field of the Earth. For stationary solutions a test charge in a given background field would be localized near the capacitor plate with opposite sign of charge. A strong background field could be created by charges which do not correspond to the ionic charges defining ionic currents. Electrons and protons could define this field possibly associated with flux tubes considerably longer than the distance between capacitor plates.

3. Using the polar representation  $\Psi = R \exp(iU)$  Schrödinger equation reduces to two equations

$$\begin{aligned} [(\partial_x^2 - U_x^2 + x)R] \cos(U) + [U_{xx} + 2\partial_x R \partial_x U] \sin(U) &= 0, \\ [(\partial_x^2 - U_x^2 + x)R] \sin(U) - [U_{xx} - 2\partial_x R \partial_x U] \cos(U) &= 0. \end{aligned} \quad (7.10)$$

Note that both  $(R, U)$  and  $(R, -U)$  represent solutions for given value of energy so that the solution can be chosen to be proportional to  $\cos(U)$  or  $\sin(U)$ . The electric current  $j$  is conserved and equal to the current at  $x = 0$  and given by

$$j = \frac{\hbar}{2m} \frac{U_x}{z_1} R^2, \quad z_1 = \left(\frac{\hbar}{2mqE}\right)^{1/3}. \quad (7.11)$$

The current vanishes if either  $U_x$  is zero or if the solution is of form  $\Psi = R \sin(U)$ .

### 7.2.3 Semiclassical treatment

In semiclassical approximation the potential is regarded as varying so slowly that it can be regarded as a constant. In this situation one can write the solution of form  $R \exp(iU)$  as

$$\Psi = R_0 \exp\left(\frac{i}{\hbar} \int_0^z \sqrt{2m} \sqrt{E - qEz} dz\right) = R_0 \exp\left(i \int_0^x x^{1/2} dx\right). \quad (7.12)$$

The plate at which the initial values are given can be chosen so that the electric force is analogous to gravitation at the surface of Earth. This requires only to replace the coordinate  $z$  with a new one, vanishing at the plate in question - and gives to the energies a positive shift  $E_0 = qE_0 h$ .

1. The semiclassical treatment of the equation leads to Bohr rules

$$\oint \frac{p_z dz}{\hbar} = \frac{2}{\hbar} \int_0^h p_z dz = n. \quad (7.13)$$

This gives

$$\frac{\oint p_z dz}{\hbar} = \frac{2\sqrt{2m}}{\hbar} \int_0^h \sqrt{E_n - qEz} dz = 2 \int_0^{x_0} x^{1/2} dx = \frac{4}{3} x_0^{3/2} = n. \quad (7.14)$$

Note that the turning point for classical orbit corresponds to  $z_{max} = E_n/qE$ .

2. One obtains

$$E_n = \frac{1}{2} \left(\frac{nqE\hbar^2}{r\sqrt{m}}\right)^{2/3}, \quad r = \int_0^1 (1-u)^{1/2} du = \frac{2}{3}. \quad (7.15)$$

The value of  $z_{max}$  is

$$z_{max} = \frac{E_n}{qE} = \frac{n^{2/3}}{2r^{2/3}} \left(\frac{\hbar^2}{qEm}\right)^{1/3}. \quad (7.16)$$

3. The approximation  $R = R_0 = \text{constant}$  can make sense only if the position of the second plate is below  $z_{max}$ . This is possible if the value of  $n$  is large enough ( $n^{2/3}$  proportionality), if the mass  $m$  of the charged particle is small enough ( $m^{-1/3}$  proportionality) raising the electron and also the proton to a special position, or if the strength of the electric field is small enough ( $E^{-1/3}$  proportionality). The value  $z_{max}$  is proportional to  $\hbar^{2/3}$  so that a phase transition increasing Planck constant can induce current flow.

### 7.2.4 Possible quantum biological applications

The proposed model for quantum currents could provide quantum explanation for the effective semiconductor property of Becker's DC currents.

1. The original situation would be stationary with no currents flowing. The application of an external electric field in the correct direction would reduce the voltage below the critical value and currents would start to flow. This is consistent with Becker's findings if there is a background electric field  $E_0$  with direction opposite to that of the applied field has a direction opposite to  $E_0$  so that the field strength experienced by charged particles is reduced and it is easier for them to reach the second plate.
2. Becker's DC currents appear in several scales. They are assigned with the pairs formed by CNS and perineural tissue (this includes also glia cells) and by frontal and occipital lobes. Acupuncture could involve the generation of a DC supra current. The mechanism would be essential in the healing. Also the mechanism generating qualia could involve generation of supra currents and dielectric breakdown for them. The role of the magnetic flux tubes in TGD inspired biology suggests that the mechanism could be universal. If this were the case one might even speak about a Golden Road to the understanding of living matter at the basic level.

Even the generation of nerve pulse [K28] might be understood in terms of this mechanism. One can argue that neurons have a higher evolutionary level than the system pairs to which only electron currents or electron and proton currents can be assigned. This is because the value of the effective Planck constant is higher for the magnetic flux tubes carrying the quantal ionic currents.

1. For Bose-Einstein condensate the simplest choice is  $n = 1$  at both plates. The energy eigenvalues would naturally differ by the shift  $E_0 = qE_0h$  at the two plates for a given particle type. Under these assumptions the current can flow appreciably only if the voltage is below the minimum value. This is certainly a surprising conclusion but brings in mind what happens in the case of neuronal membrane. Indeed, hyper-polarization has a stabilizing - something difficult to understand classically but natural quantum mechanically.
2. The reduction of membrane potential slightly below the resting potential generates nerve pulse. Also a phase transition increasing the value of the effective Planck constant might give rise to quantal direct currents and generate flow of ionic currents giving rise to nerve pulse. Stationary solutions are located near either capacitor plate. What comes to mind is that the nerve pulse involves a temporary change of the capacitor plate with this property.
3. If the electron and proton currents flow as direct currents, one encounters a problem. Nerve pulse should begin with direct electronic currents and be followed by direct protonic currents and only later ions should enter the game if at all. The existing model for nerve pulse however assumes that at least electrons flow as oscillating Josephson currents rather than direct quantal currents. This is quite possible and makes sense if the cell membrane thickness is small - that is comparable to electron Compton length as assumed in large  $\hbar$  model for the nerve pulse. This assumption might be necessary also for proton and would make sense if the Planck constant for protonic flux tubes is large enough. For ions the Compton length would be much smaller than the thickness of cell membrane and direct currents would be natural.

If the value of the effective Planck constant is the same for biologically important ions, direct quantum currents would be generated in definite order since in  $\hbar < z_{max}$  one has  $z_{max} \propto m^{-1/3} \propto A^{-1/3}$ . The lightest ions would start to flow first.

- (a) Nerve pulses can be generated by voltage gated channels for potassium and calcium. Voltage gated channels would correspond to magnetic flux tubes carrying electric field. For voltage gated channels  $\text{Na}^+$  ions with atomic weight  $A = 23$  and nuclear charge  $Z = 11$  start to flow first, then  $\text{K}^+$  ions with atomic weight  $A = 39$  and  $Z = 19$  follow. This conforms with the prediction that the lightest ions flow first. The nerve pulse duration is of the order of 1 millisecond at the most.

- (b) Nerve pulses can be also generated by voltage gated  $Ca^{+2}$  channels. In this case the duration can be 100 ms and even longer.  $Ca$  has  $A = 40$  and  $Z = 20$ . The proper parameter is  $x = r^2/qA$ ,  $r = \hbar/\hbar_0$ . One has

$$\frac{x(Ca^{++})}{x(Na^+)} = \left(\frac{r(Ca^{++})}{r(Na^+)}\right)^2 \times \frac{23}{2 \times 40} . \quad (7.17)$$

$r^2(Ca_{++}) \sim 2r^2(Na_+)$  would allow to compensate for the increased weight and charge of  $Ca_{++}$  ions.

4. The objection is that  $Na^+$  and  $K^+$  are not bosons and therefore cannot form Bose-Einstein condensates. The first possibility is that one has Cooper pairs of these ions. This would imply

$$\frac{x(Ca^{++})}{x(2Na^+)} = \left(\frac{r(Ca^{++})}{r(Na^+)}\right)^2 \times \frac{23}{20} .$$

$Ca^{++}$  and  $Na^+$  pair would be in very similar position for a given value of Planck constant. This is a highly satisfactory prediction. Another manner to circumvent the problem is more science fictive and assumes that the  $Na^+$  ions are exotic nuclei behaving chemically as  $Na^+$  but having one charged color bond between nucleons [K19].

It remains to be seen whether this model is consistent with the model of cell membrane as almost vacuum extremal or whether the vacuum extremal based model could be modified by treating ionic currents as direct currents. In the vacuum extremal model classical  $Z^0$  gauge potential is present and would give a contribution to the counterpart of Schrödinger equation. The ratio  $x(Ca^{++})/x(2Na^+)$  for the parameter  $x = r^2/q(A - Z)A$  (em charge  $q$  is replaced with neutron number in good approximation) equals to 1.38 and is not therefore very far from unity.

The many-sheetedness of space-time is expected to play a key role and one should precisely specify which sheets are almost vacuum extremals and which sheets are far from vacuum extremals. One expects that magnetic flux tubes are far from vacuum extremals and if voltage gated ionic channels are magnetic flux tubes, the proposed model might be consistent with the model of cell membrane as almost vacuum extremal.

### 7.2.5 The effects of ELF em fields on vertebrate brain

The effects of ELF em fields on vertebrate brain occur both in frequency and amplitude windows. Frequency windows can be understood if the effect occur at cyclotron frequencies and correspond to absorption of large  $\hbar$  photons. A finite variation width for the strength of magnetic field gives rise to a frequency window. The observed quantal character of these effects occurring at harmonics of fundamental frequencies leads to the idea about cyclotron Bose-Einstein condensates as macroscopic quantum phases. The above considerations support the assumption that fermionic ions form Cooper pairs.

I have tried to understand also the amplitude windows but with no convincing results. The above model for the quantum currents however suggests a new approach to the problem. Since ELF em fields are in question they can be practically constant in the time scale of the dynamics involved. Suppose that the massless extremal representing ELF em field is orthogonal to the flux tube so that the ions flowing along flux tube experience an electric force parallel to flux tube. What would happen that the ions at the flux tube would topologically condensed at both the flux tube and massless extremal simultaneously and experience the sum of two forces.

This situation is very much analogous to that defined by magnetic flux tube with longitudinal electric field and also now quantum currents could set on. Suppose that semiconductor property means that ions must gain large enough energy in the electric field so that they can leak to a smaller space-time sheet and gain one metabolic quantum characterized by the p-adic length scale in question. If the electric field is above the critical value, the quantum current does not however reach the second capacitor plate as already found: classically this is of course very weird. If the

electric field is too weak, the energy gain is too small to allow the transfer of ions to smaller space-time sheet and no effect takes place. Hence one would have an amplitude window.

The amplitude window occur in widely separate ranges 1-10 V/m and around  $10^{-7}$  V/m. Of course, also other ranges might be possible. Fractality and the notion of magnetic body suggests a possible explanation for the widely different frequency ranges. Both p-adic length scale hypothesis and the hierarchy of Planck constants suggest that some basic structures associated with the cell membrane have fractal counterparts in a wide length scale range and correspond to binary structures. Magnetic flux tubes carrying quantal DC currents of Becker would be the most natural candidate in this respect since these currents appear in several length scales inside organism. Also the counterparts of lipid layers of cell membrane could be involved. If so, one must include to the hierarchy of amplitude windows also fields in the range corresponding to the cell membrane resting potential of about  $6 \times 10^6$  V/m. This is of course only a rough order of magnitude estimate since perturbations of these field are in order.

Fractality motivates some guess for voltage and electric field.

1. The voltage along the flux tube could be invariant under the scaling of Planck constant. The interpretation could be that the charges at the ends of the linear structure generate an electric flux running along the structure do not depend on the length  $L$  of the structure so that the electric field along linear structure behaves as  $1/L \propto 1/h_{eff}$  as a function of the length scale  $L \propto h_{eff}$  so that voltage between the ends does not depend on the length of the structure. This would give rise to a universal amplitude window for voltage rather than potential. The cell membrane electric field of  $6 \times 10^6$  V/m would correspond to the field 6 mV/m. This kind of voltages could be associated with Becker's DC currents and the order of magnitude would be around few mV.

Note that if the electric flux is like that between point charges, the scaling law  $E \propto 1/h_{eff}^2$  holds true.

2. There could be also a constant electric field along microtubular structures due to polarization - most naturally tubulin polarization. This field strength serves as a candidate for a universal amplitude window for electric field.

The idea that the direct currents of Becker run between lipid layers of cell does not conform with the hypothesis about generalized Josephson currents between them. There are electric fields along microtubules and one could wonder whether the DC voltages of Becker could relate to the voltages between the ends of linear structures formed by axonal and dendritic microtubules connected to each other by MAPs - single MT can have a length up to about 1 cm. The longitudinal electric field due to the dipole moments of tubulins and confined to tubulin structure does not depend on its length  $L$ , and the electric field of 1 mV/m would correspond  $10^3$  V/ $\mu$ m, which is by order of magnitude larger than the constant longitudinal dipole electric field of order  $10^2$  eV/ $\mu$ m generated by tubulin dipoles estimated to have strength 337 Debye in [I19] (note that MT has radius of  $R = 25$  nm, thickness of  $\Delta R = 4$  nm and length of  $d = 8$  nm and the volume of MT fragment defined by 13 parallel tubulins is given by  $V = 13 \times 2\pi R^2 \Delta R$  and that electric is  $E = p/V$ ). If Becker's direct currents correspond to electric fields due to the charge difference between the ends of tubulins, one can consider the possibility that Becker's longitudinal electric fields have micro.tubular origin.

3. Electric field in the range  $E = 1 - 10$  V/m assignable to EEG would correspond to field of  $(1 - 10) \times 10^3$  V/ $\mu$ m and seems to be too large to be assigned with microscopic structures. DNA is a possible candidate since the smaller thickness of DNA would increase the dipole moment density by a factor of order  $10^3$  from that for MTs. The electric field of  $10^{-7}$  eV/m seems to be associated with much larger structure than organism.

### 7.2.6 Effects of 50 Hz magnetic fields on living matter

The vision about the role of cyclotron Bose-Einstein condensates was inspired by the effects of ELF em fields on vertebrate brain. The magnetic field strength explaining the effects was about 2 Tesla, 2/5 of the nominal value for the strength of Earth's magnetic field.

There are also other experiments have demonstrated that oscillating electromagnetic fields have effects on living matter. In particle oscillatory magnetic fields with frequency of 50 Hz and with

field strengths typically in the range .1-1 mT are used: these effects are summarized in [J12]. Even fields of order .14 Tesla are used.

It is interesting to look at the values of basic parameters associated with these fields.

1. For 50 Hz oscillation frequency the wave length  $\lambda$  is 6000 km to be compared with the radius of Earth which is 6371 km. If one takes seriously the notion of magnetic body this need not be an accident. I do not know how essential it is to have just 50 Hz frequency. The magnetic field is nearby oscillating dipole field (see <http://tinyurl.com/36c4pfg>) up to distances of order  $\lambda$  and radiation field at much longer distances. Therefore the field in question is in good approximation nearby field as far as biological body is considered. For magnetic body the radiation field could dominate
2. For the endogenous magnetic field  $B_{end} = .2$  Gauss cyclotron frequencies of ions are in EEG range:  $Ca^{++}$  cyclotron frequency is 15 Hz. The scaling up to  $r = .1-1$  mT means scaling of cyclotron frequencies by a factor 5 – 50. For  $Ca^{++}$  this would give frequency range 75-750 Hz. For  $K^+$  and  $Cl^+$  ions the frequency range would be about 35-375 Hz.
3. The magnetic length  $r = \sqrt{2/eB}$  characterizing flux tube thickness for flux quantization with minimum value of flux is for  $B = .05$  mTesla equal to  $5 \mu m$ . For the fields in the range .1-1 mTesla it is in the range  $3.5 \mu m - 1.1 \mu m$ .  $2.5 \mu m$  corresponds to p-adic length scales  $L_e(k)$  associated with Gaussian Mersenne  $M_{G,k} = (1+i)^k - 1$ ,  $k = 167$ , and Gaussian Mersenne corresponding to  $k = 163$  would correspond to p-adic length scale  $.36 \mu m$ . .14 Tesla corresponds to magnetic length of 9.4 nm rather near to cell membrane thickness of 10 nm which corresponds to p-adic length scale  $L_e(151)$  assignable to Gaussian Mersenne  $M_{G,151}$ .

### 7.2.7 The effects of polarized light on living matter

Polarized light is known to have effects on living matter [J12]. For instance, Peter Gariaev has found that the polarized light generated by living matter sample irradiated by polarized laser light has effects on distant organism and there are even indications that genetic code might be realized in terms of radiation patterns [K41]. The quantum model for Becker currents suggest that these effects result as a modification of the voltage between the ends of magnetic flux tubes. If the flux tubes are near criticality for the generation of quantal DC currents, polarized light could be utilized both communication and control purposes where the acceleration in the electric fields along flux tubes would serve as a provider of metabolic energy allowing to load metabolic batteries. This process could be initiated by an electromagnetic signal inducing generation of quantal currents. The same basic mechanism could be at work also in DNA transcription, replication and other similar processes.

If the polarized low frequency radiation corresponds to a massless extremal (ME) orthogonal to the flux tube such that the polarization of the radiation is parallel to the flux tube, the voltage is affected by a contribution given by  $\Delta V = Ed$ ,  $d$  the thickness of ME. If the flux tube is near criticality to a generation of quantal currents this change of voltage could serve as a signal inducing the generation of quantal currents.

The maximal effect is obtained for the flux tubes having direction parallel to the electric polarization so that the effect is highly selective. In the case of DNA double strand the direction of flux tube changes so that the effect would be maximal on DNAs which correspond to the same angular position on the super-coil of radius of order 10 nm formed by DNA double helix. This allows to imagine signals for which temporal variation of polarization direction means scanning of DNA.

It is known that the energy of radiation can be transformed to metabolic energy. For instance, IR light for which photons have energies of order metabolic quantum has biological effects [I24]. The mechanism could be following. Suppose that the electric field of IR photon is parallel to the flux tube which carries an electric field and is near criticality for the generation of quantal DC currents. If the direction of polarization is correct, the additional contribution to electric field induces direct current and acceleration of electrons and protons and their transfer to smaller space-time sheets and therefore loading of metabolic batteries. This could also make generation of ATP possible.

Suppose that one takes seriously the model for remote replication of DNA [K41] involving flux tubes connecting identical DNA nucleotides and that the radiation propagating along them induces



quantal currents along the receiving DNA inducing replication and perhaps even transcription. The direction of polarization for the emitted radiation should be parallel to the DNA strand locally and during its travel to the target the polarization should remain orthogonal to the flux tube so that one would have what might be called polarization window. Parallel translation of the polarization vector in the induced metric suggests itself.

### 7.2.8 Support for the proposed interaction mechanism of em radiation fields with flux tubes

The basic prediction of the interaction mechanism is that the effects of em field with a given frequency occur only at the second half period when the direction of electric field is “correct”. This prediction might be testable. In fact, there is evidence for this interaction mechanism in the case of theta waves of EEG. The memory storage occurs only at the second half of the theta wave. This is discussed from different point of view in [K1].

The place coding by phase shifts was discovered by O’Reefe and Recce [J10]. In [J14, J13]. Y. Yamaguchi describes the vision in which memory formation by so called theta phase coding is essential for the emergence of intelligence. It is known that hippocampal pyramidal cells have “place property” being activated at specific “place field” position defined by an environment consisting of recognizable objects serving as landmarks. The temporal change of the percept is accompanied by a sequence of place unit activities. The theta cells exhibit change in firing phase distributions relative to the theta rhythm and the relative phase with respect to theta phase gradually increases as the rat traverses the place field. In a cell population the temporal sequence is transformed into a phase shift sequence of firing spikes of individual cells within each theta cycle.

Thus a temporal sequence of percepts is transformed into a phase shift sequence of individual spikes of neurons within each theta cycle along linear array of neurons effectively representing time axis. Essentially a time compressed representation of the original events is created bringing in mind temporal hologram. Each event (object or activity in perceptive field) is represented by a firing of one particular neuron at time  $\tau_n$  measured from the beginning of the theta cycle.  $\tau_n$  is obtained by scaling down the real time value  $t_n$  of the event. Note that there is some upper bound for the total duration of memory if scaling factor is constant.

One can say that neurons in ensemble provide a representation for the external world and the location of the rodent in the external world is represented as a firing of a neuron in this landscape. Besides this also temporal scaling down by a factor about ten is carried out so that actual event is represented as much shorter copies of it. Obviously this represents temporal fractality.

This scaling down - story telling - seems to be a fundamental aspect of memory. Our memories can even abstract the entire life history to a handful of important events represented as a story lasting only few seconds. This scaling down is thought to be important not only for the representation of the contextual information but also for the memory storage in the hippocampus. Hierarchy of Planck constants and phase transitions changing Planck constant make this story building possible.

The finding of Yamaguchi and collaborators relevant in the recent context is that the gradual phase shift occurs at half theta cycle whereas firings at the other half cycle show no correlation [J14]. The proposed model for the interaction of theta waves with flux tubes could explain this naturally. The relevant neural sub-system would be critical to the generation of quantal DC current only when the direction electric field of synchronizing theta wave generated by magnetic body is correct. Hence synchronous neural activity would be induced only at second half cycle of theta wave and firing would be random during the other half cycle.

## 7.3 A Model For Remote Gene Expression Based On Becker Currents

If one accepts the notion of magnetic body as intentional agent, the basic challenge is to understand how magnetic body realizes its intents as remote mental interactions on biological body. This model must of course apply also to the more conventional remote mental interactions such as remote realization of intent.

The hypothesis is that electromagnetic and possibly also other massless classical fields assignable to so called massless extremals are in a key role. Also cyclotron frequencies characterizing magnetic bodies play a key role. The vision is that magnetic flux sheets traverse many-sheeted DNA in

various scales giving rise to a hierarchy of genomes and coherent gene expression in scales of cell, organelles, organism, and even population, and species. Hierarchy of Planck constants is in an essential role in realizing this hierarchy in terms of photons with energies above the thermal energy at physiological temperature and having spectrum of wavelengths coming as multiples  $\lambda = n\lambda_0$ ,  $n = \hbar/\hbar_0$ .

The findings of Benveniste and followers relating to water memory and homeopathy, the recent work of group led by HIV Nobelist Luc Montagnier coupling the findings with genetics and suggesting a new nanoscale realization of genetic code [L1] ), the work of the group of Popp with bio-photons identified as decay produces of large  $\hbar$  photons with visible energies (in particular dark EEG photons), and the work of Peter Gariaev and collaborators supporting remote gene expression and replication discussed [K41] suggest that electromagnetic radiation is indeed involved. In the case of water memory and homeopathy the spectrum of cyclotron frequencies for the chemical invader characterizes it and induces immune response trying to eliminate it. I have also proposed a model for how genes coding for proteins eliminating the invader could be generated almost automatically: the model is based on the predicted realization of vertebrate genetic code in terms of dark proton states [K14]. DNA would like an animal which sniffs the invaders magnetic body and automatically reacts to the smell.

The discussions with Lian Sidorov and people who have realized that new era is beginning in biology have served as a driving force in the attempts to formulate in more detail TGD inspired view about how remote mental interactions - which are basic element of the model in TGD framework - might be realized. As a matter fact, I have added to my homepage a new book summarizing briefly the recent view about quantum TGD and its applications to quantum consciousness, quantum biology, to quantum neuroscience, and to remote mental interactions with some proposals for possible tests [K35]).

To start with, suppose that in the case of biological target realization of intent in the simplest situation reduces to expression of genes. This is of course a strong limitation to the type of remote mental interactions. The challenge is to develop a model for remote realization of genetic activities like replication, and transcription. For some time ago I proposed a model with Peter Gariaev [K41] but it was still too clumsy since it required too much of information transfer between the genomes of sender and receiver. Much simpler model involving only sending of simple commands initiating genetic programs suggests itself. The following proposal tries to achieve this and involves three basic ideas.

1. The idea of password and addressing is familiar from ordinary computers. Collection of frequencies as password/address allows to reach tuned targets without specific targeting of the command. This is a dramatic improvement to the previous model.
2. Password and fractal addressing realized in terms of frequencies coupling resonantly (already in the original model: I did not however realize the implications of resonant coupling!) and the hierarchy of Planck constants to realize the hierarchical addressing. I have discussed analogous addressing based on information molecules and their receptors at the biochemical level to realize magnetic flux tube connections between sender and target inside organism (hormonal action would be very analogous to what I am proposing here).
3. Becker's DC currents as supra currents flowing along DNA and activated optimally when the incoming laser light has polarization parallel to DNA's local direction, activation of super currents would mean activation of the gene. This is second new element to the original model.

In the following I discuss this with more details.

### 7.3.1 The analogy with ordinary computer

Consider first the analog of remote mental interactions for ordinary computer. Computer sends a password to the other computer and after that it can use it to run programs of the other computer. Whistling to a dog is another example: extremely simple command activates arbitrary complex programs.

In the recent case electromagnetic radiation with a given frequency coupling resonantly like radio signal to a tuned radio receiver would be the simplest command activating the target. There

would no need to specify the direction or distance of the target precisely since essentially mass communications would be in question: intent would be enough. Password could consist of several frequencies which must be received simultaneously by the target before it would activate and tunes to receive more frequencies representing simple commands - perhaps acting on the intronic portion of DNA and activating the genome to remote gene expression or something else such as activating DNAs of other cells by sending similar em addresses!

I have discussed topological quantum computer programs (see <http://tinyurl.com/y84g3tk7>) based on braiding could look like in this framework [L3]. Also here addressing but now realized as information molecule-receptor pair would play a key role.

### 7.3.2 Hierarchy of Planck constants and hierarchical addressing

Fractal hierarchy of frequencies (in Peter's experiment laser light induced generation of radiation at frequencies down to about 10 kHz) would allow to transform passwording to addressing. Very naïvely, the longest wavelengths: about  $10^4$  meters would reach the tuned receivers in nearly the same phase in a region of this size. One would have some subregions in tune. The shorter wavelengths would allow to pinpoint the tuned receivers inside each of these subregions and so on. This would be fractal addressing with most significant bits correspond to the longest wavelengths. Only those receivers which would be tuned to all frequencies would start to express the gene in the case of AND logic. Of course, also other Boolean functions of tuned-not tuned bits can be considered.

A good guess is that all photons correspond to the same energy of visible photon and only Planck constant varies. For ordinary value of Planck constant one would have a photon with wavelength of order size scale of single cell, and the frequencies in this range would select single gene in the genome of a particular kind of cell, say neuron within particular region of brain.

In Peter Gariaev's experiment involving 2 eV incoming red laser light the outgoing photons would have same energy but larger Planck constant so that also wavelengths would be longer and range down to at least  $3 \times 10^4$  meters corresponding to radiofrequency scale of 10 kHz. What is interesting that 2 eV is 4 times the nominal value of the metabolic energy quantum of 0.5 eV identifiable as zero point kinetic energy of electron or proton for the p-adic length scale  $L_e(151)$  corresponding to cell membrane thickness and Gaussian Mersenne  $M_{151} = (1 + i)^{151} - 1$ . Could it be that 2 eV could be preferred photon energy or is its use simply due to the unavailability of continuous frequency spectrum for laser light. And why the laser light induces the generation of the command inducing remote gene expression?

This picture conforms with Peter's experiment and with the reports of Benveniste and followers about the possibility of representing homeopathic remedy using very low frequency spectrum - presumably cyclotron frequencies - assignable to remedy. These frequencies would be addresses for genes activating genes transcribing building bricks of biomolecules of immune response eliminating the substance from the organism. The proposal could be seen as a generalization of Benveniste's observation and realization of wave DNA proposal.

### 7.3.3 DNA supra currents and activation of genes by Becker mechanism

The third building brick of the model would be quantum model for Becker currents (see <http://tinyurl.com/ybnjk9bq>) [L4] as supra currents or quantal DC currents: also this element is new. Assume - in accordance with the general vision - that these supra currents can flow also along the strands of many-sheeted DNA (flux sheets associated with the strand, entire hierarchy labelled by the values of  $\hbar$ ). Assume also that the interaction of polarized photons addressing for genes with DNA is such that the electric fields of DNA flux tube and "massless extremal" representing laser beam superpose and charges (electrons) experience the superposition of field already present and the field of ME. If the net electric field is near criticality originally (think as analog neuronal membrane) and becomes over-critical, quantal Becker current starts to flow and the machinery responsible for gene activation is activated.

This means also the activation of metabolic machinery since the acceleration of electrons in the electric field gives them energy making possible a transfer to smaller space-time sheets where they form Cooper pair like states with negentropic entanglement. Metabolic energy corresponds to zero point kinetic energy and negentropic entanglement is relevant from the point of view

of consciousness: in the case of healing understood as a regeneration of negentropic resources this aspect is especially important. This mechanism generates high energy phosphate bonds in ATP and the decay  $ATP \rightarrow ADP$  liberates the metabolic energy and destroys the negentropic entanglement possibly associated with ATP so that the second law in generalized form (see <http://tinyurl.com/yakmqhz6>) [L2] allowing local generation of genuine negentropy (but assigned to information carried by entanglement defining a quantum rule) wins after all.

It could also happen that the decay of ATP generates dark photon or photons absorbed by cyclotron condensate at magnetic flux tube. The excited state is non-local single particle excitation and involves very simple negentropic entanglement between the particles of the condensate. In this case the negentropy of ATP would be transformed to the negentropy of the magnetic flux tube or even several of them if large value of Planck constant is associated with the photon. This mechanism could allow the generation of negentropic entanglement associated with attention. The storage of metabolic energy in photosynthesis could involve similar excitation of cyclotron state at the first step. The most plausible candidate is cyclotron condensate for electron Cooper pairs. Also electrons filling state up to some Fermi energy could be in question. In this case the excitations would be excitation in longitudinal degrees of freedom of the flux tube generating current.

## 8 Exotic Color And Electro-Weak Interactions

The finding of a correct interpretation of long ranged electro-weak and color gauge fields predicted by classical TGD has been the basic stumbling block for the development of the understanding of TGD Universe and it took about 27 years before the time was ripe to see that TGD predicts entire fractal hierarchy of scaled down copies of standard model physics so that TGD Universe can be seen as a kind of inversion of Mandelbrot fractal for which each new bird eye of view reveals new structures assignable to higher levels in the hierarchy of consciousness.

### 8.1 Long Range Classical Weak And Color Gauge Fields AsCorrelates For Dark Massless Weak Bosons

Long ranged electro-weak gauge fields are unavoidably present when the dimension  $D$  of the  $CP_2$  projection of the space-time sheet is larger than 2. Classical color gauge fields are non-vanishing for all non-vacuum extremals. This poses deep interpretational problems. If ordinary quarks and leptons are assumed to carry weak charges fed to larger space-time sheets within electro-weak length scale, large hadronic, nuclear, and atomic parity breaking effects, large contributions of the classical  $Z^0$  force to Rutherford scattering, and strong isotopic effects, are expected. If weak charges are screened within electro-weak length scale, the question about the interpretation of long ranged classical weak fields remains.

#### 8.1.1 Various interpretations for the long ranged classical electro-weak fields

During years I have discussed several solutions to the problems listed above.

*Option I:* The trivial solution of the constraints is that  $Z^0$  charges are neutralized at electro-weak length scale. The problem is that this option leaves open the interpretation of classical long ranged electro-weak gauge fields unavoidably present in all length scales when the dimension for the  $CP_2$  projection of the space-time surface satisfies  $D > 2$ .

*Option II:* Second option involves several variants but the basic assumption is that nuclei or even quarks feed their  $Z^0$  charges to a space-time sheet with size of order neutrino Compton length. The large parity breaking effects in hadronic, atomic, and nuclear length scales is not the only difficulty. The scattering of electrons, neutrons and protons in the classical long range  $Z^0$  force contributes to the Rutherford cross section and it is very difficult to see how neutrino screening could make these effects small enough. Strong isotopic effects in condensed matter due to the classical  $Z^0$  interaction energy are expected. It is far from clear whether all these constraints can be satisfied by any assumptions about the structure of topological condensate.

*Option III:* During 2005 (27 years after the birth of TGD!) third option solving the problems emerged based on the progress in the understanding of the basic mathematics behind TGD.

## 8.2 Dark Color Force As A Space-Time Correlate For The Strong Nuclear Force???

In ordinary phase the  $Z^0$  charges of elementary particles are indeed neutralized in intermediate boson length scale so that the problems related to the parity breaking, the large contributions of classical  $Z^0$  force to Rutherford scattering, and large isotopic effects in condensed matter, trivialize.

Classical electro-weak gauge fields in macroscopic length scales are identified as space-time correlates for the gauge fields created by dark matter, which corresponds to a macroscopically quantum coherent phase for which elementary particles possess complex conformal weights such that the net conformal weight of the system is real.

In this phase  $U(2)_{ew}$  symmetry is not broken below the scaled up weak scale except for fermions so that gauge bosons are massless below this length scale whereas fermion masses are essentially the same as for ordinary matter. By charge screening gauge bosons look massive in length scales much longer than the relevant p-adic length scale. The large parity breaking effects in living matter (chiral selection for bio-molecules) support the view that dark matter is what makes living matter living.

### 8.1.2 Classical color gauge fields

Classical long ranged color gauge fields always present for non-vacuum extremals are interpreted as space-time correlates of gluon fields associated with dark copies of hadron physics. It seems that this picture is indeed what TGD predicts. A very special feature of classical color fields is that the holonomy group is Abelian. This follows directly from the expression  $g_{\alpha\beta}^A \propto H^A J_{\alpha\beta}$  of induced gluon fields in terms of Hamiltonians  $H^A$  of color isometries and induced Kähler form  $J_{\alpha\beta}$ . This means that classical color magnetic and electric fluxes reduce to the analogs of ordinary magnetic fluxes appearing in the construction of WCW geometry [K6].

By a local color rotation the color field can be rotated to a fixed direction so that genuinely Abelian field would be in question apart from the possible presence of gauge singularities making impossible a global selection of color direction. These singularities could be present since Kähler form defines a magnetic monopole field. An interesting question inspired by quantum classical correspondence is what the Abelian holonomy tells about the sources of color gauge fields and color confinement.

For instance, could Abelian holonomy mean that colored gluons (and presumably also other colored particles) do not propagate in the p-adic length scale considered? Color neutral gluons would propagate but since also their sources must be color neutral, they should have vanishing net color electric fluxes. This form of confinement would allow those states of color multiplets which have vanishing color charges and obviously symmetry breaking down to  $U(1) \times U(1)$  would be in question. This would serve as a signal for monopole confinement which would not exclude higher multipoles for the Abelian color fields. This kind of fields appear in the TGD based model for nuclei as nuclear strings bound together by color flux tubes [K31]. In the sequel the model for nuclear color force is briefly discussed in order to give an idea about how the dark color forces might act also in longer length scales.

## 8.2 Dark Color Force As A Space-Time Correlate For The Strong Nuclear Force?

Color confinement suggests a basic application of the basic criteria for the transition to large  $\hbar$  phase. The obvious guess is that valence quarks are dark [K10, K8]. Dark matter phase for quarks does not change the lowest order classical strong interaction cross sections but reduces dramatically higher order perturbative corrections and resolves the problems created by the large value of QCD coupling strength in the hadronic phase.

The challenge is to understand the strong binding solely in terms of dark QCD with large value of  $\hbar$  reducing color coupling strength of valence quarks by factor  $1/r \simeq 2^{-kd}$ . The best manner to introduce the basic ideas is as a series of not so frequently asked questions and answers.

### 8.2.1 Rubber band model of strong nuclear force as starting point

The first question is what is the vision for nuclear strong interaction that one can start from. The sticky toffee model of Chris Illert [C3] is based on the paradox created by the fact alpha particles can tunnel from the nucleus but that the reversal of this process in nuclear collisions does not

occur. Illert proposes a classical model for the tunnelling of alpha particles from nucleus based on dynamical electromagnetic charge. Illert is forced to assume that virtual pions inside nuclei have considerably larger size than predicted by QCD and the model. Strikingly, the model favors fractional alpha particle charges at the nuclear surface. The TGD based interpretation would be based on the identification of the rubber bands of Illert as long color bonds having exotic light quark and anti-quark at their ends and connecting escaping alpha particle to the mother nucleus. The challenge is to give meaning to the attribute “exotic”.

**8.2.2 How the darkness of valence quarks can be consistent with the known sizes of nuclei?**

The assumption about darkness of valence quarks in the sense of of large  $\hbar$  ( $\hbar_s = \hbar/v_0$ ) is very natural if one takes the basic criterion for darkness seriously. The obvious question is how the dark color force can bind the nucleons to nuclei of ordinary size if the strength of color force is  $v_0$  and color sizes of valence quarks are about  $L(129)$ ?

It seems also obvious that  $L(107)$  in some sense defines the size for nucleons, and somehow this should be consistent with scaled up size  $L(k_{eff} = 129)$  implied by the valence quarks with large  $\hbar$ . The proposal of [K10, K8] inspired by RHIC findings [C5] is that valence quarks are dark in the sense of having large value of  $\hbar$  and thus correspond to  $k_{eff} = 129$  whereas sea quarks correspond to ordinary value for  $\hbar$  and give rise to the QCD size  $\sim L(107)$  of nucleon.

If one assumes that the typical distances between sea quark space-time sheets of nucleons is obtained by scaling down the size scale of valence quarks, the size scale of nuclei comes out correctly.

**8.2.3 Valence quarks and exotic quarks cannot be identical**

The hypothesis is that nucleons contain or there are associated with them pairs of exotic quarks and flux tubes of color field bodies of size  $\sim L(129)$  connecting the exotic quark and anti-quark in separate nuclei. Nucleons would be structures with the size of ordinary nucleus formed as densely packed structures of size  $L(129)$  identifiable as the size of color magnetic body.

The masses of exotic quarks must be however small so that they must differ from valence quarks. The simplest possibility is that exotic quarks are not dark but p-adically scaled down versions of sea quarks with ordinary value of  $\hbar$  having  $k = 127$  so that masses are scaled down by a factor  $2^{-10}$ .

Energetic considerations favor the option that exotic quarks associate with nucleons via the  $k_{eff} = 111$  space-time sheets containing nucleons and dark quarks. Encouragingly, the assumption that nucleons topologically condense at the weak  $k_{eff} = 111$  space-time sheet of size  $L(111) \simeq 10^{-14}$  m of exotic quarks predicts essentially correctly the mass number of the highest known super-massive nucleus. Neutron halos are outside this radius and can be understood in terms color Coulombic binding by dark gluons. Tetra-neutron can be identified as alpha particle containing two negatively charged color bonds.

**8.2.4 What determines the binding energy per nucleon?**

The binding energies per nucleon for  $A \geq 4$  to not vary too much from 7 MeV but the lighter nuclei have anomalously small binding energies. The color bond defined by a color magnetic flux tube of length  $\sim L(k = 127)$  or  $\sim L(k_{eff} = 129)$  connecting exotic quark and anti-quark in separate nucleons with scaled down masses  $m_q(dark) \sim xm_q$ , with  $x = 2^{-10}$  for option for  $k = 127$ , is a good candidate in this respect. Color magnetic spin-spin interaction would give the dominant contribution to the interaction energy as in the case of hadrons. This interaction energy is expected to depend on exotic quark pair only. The large zero point kinetic energy of light nuclei topologically condensed at  $k_{eff} = 111$  space-time sheet having possible identification as the dark variant of  $k = 89$  weak space-time sheet explains why the binding energies of D and  $^3He$  are anomalously small.

**8.2.5 What can one assume about the color bonds?**

Can one allow only quark anti-quark type color bonds? Can one allow the bonds to be also electromagnetically charged as the earlier model for tetra-neutron suggests (tetra-neutron would

be alpha particle containing two negatively charged color bonds so that the problems with the Fermi statistics are circumvented). Can one apply Fermi statistics simultaneously to exotic quarks and anti-quarks and dark valence quarks?

Option I: Assume that exotic and dark valence quarks are identical in the sense of Fermi statistics. This assumption sounds somewhat non-convincing but is favored by p-adic mass calculations supporting the view that the p-adic mass scale of hadronic quarks can vary. If this hypothesis holds true at least effectively, very few color bonds from a given nucleon are allowed by statistics and there are good reasons to argue that nucleons are arranged to highly tangled string like structures filling nuclear volume with two nucleons being connected by color bonds having of length of order  $L(129)$ . The organization into closed strings is also favored by the conservation of magnetic flux.

The notion of nuclear string is strongly supported by the resulting model explaining the nuclear binding energies per nucleon. It is essential that nucleons form what might be called nuclear strings rather than more general tangles. Attractive p-p and n-n bonds must correspond to colored  $\rho_0$  type bonds with spin one and attractive p-n type bonds to color singlet pion type bonds. The quantitative estimates for the spin-spin interaction energy of the lightest nuclei lead to more precise estimates for the lengths of color bonds. The resulting net color quantum numbers must be compensated by dark gluon condensate, the existence of which is suggested by RHIC experiments [C5]. This option is strongly favored by the estimate of nuclear binding energies.

Option II: If Fermi statistics is not assumed to apply in the proposed manner, then color magnetic flux tubes bonds between any pair of nucleons are possible. The identification of color isospin as strong isospin still effective removes color degree of freedom. As many as 8 color tubes can leave the nucleus if exotic quarks and anti-quarks are in the same orbital state and a cubic lattice like structure would become possible. This picture would be consistent with the idea that in ordinary field theory all particle pairs contribute to the interaction energy. The large scale of the magnetic flux tubes would suggest that the contributions cannot depend much on particle pair. The behavior of the binding energies favors strongly the idea of nuclear string and reduces this option to the first one.

### 8.2.6 What is the origin of strong force and strong isospin?

Here the answer is motivated by the geometry of  $CP_2$  allowing to identify the holonomy group of electro-weak spinor connection as  $U(2)$  subgroup of color group. Strong isospin group  $SU(2)$  is identified as subgroup of isotropy group  $U(2)$  for space-time surfaces in a sub-theory defined by  $M^4 \times S^2$ ,  $S^2$  a homologically non-trivial geodesic sphere of  $CP_2$  and second factor of  $U(1) \times U(1)$  subgroup of the holonomies for the induced Abelian gauge fields corresponds to strong isospin component  $I_3$ . The extremely tight correlations between various classical fields lead to the hypothesis that the strong isospin identifiable as color isospin  $I_3$  of exotic quarks at the ends of color bonds attached to a given nucleon is identical with the weak isospin of the nucleon. Note that this does not require that exotic and valence quarks are identical particles in the sense of Fermi statistics.

Does the model explain the strong spin orbit coupling ( $L \cdot S$  force)? This force can be identified as an effect due to the motion of fermion string containing the effectively color charged nucleons in the color magnetic field  $v \times E$  induced by the motion of string in the color electric field at the dark  $k = 107$  space-time sheet.

### 8.2.7 How the phenomenological shell model with harmonic oscillator potential emerges?

Nucleus can be seen as a collection of of long color magnetic flux tubes glued to nucleons with the mediation of exotic quarks and anti-quarks. If nuclei form closed string, as one expects in the case of Fermi statistics constraint, also this string defines a closed string or possibly a collection of linked and knotted closed strings. If Fermi statistics constraint is not applied, the nuclear strings form a more complex knotted and linked tangle. The stringy space-time sheets would be the color magnetic flux tubes connecting exotic quarks belonging to different nucleons.

The color bonds between the nucleons are indeed strings connecting them and the averaged interaction between neighboring nucleons in the nuclear string gives in the lowest order approximation 3-D harmonic oscillator potential although strings have  $D = 2$  transversal degrees of freedom. Even in the case that nucleons for nuclear strings and thus have only two bonds to neighbors the average force around equilibrium position is expected to be a harmonic force in a good approxima-

tion. The nuclear wave functions fix the restrictions of stringy wave functionals to the positions of nucleons at the nuclear strings. Using M-theory language, nucleons would represent branes connected by color magnetic flux tubes representing strings whose ends co-move with branes.

### 8.2.8 Which nuclei are the most stable ones and what is the origin of magic numbers?

$P = N$  closed strings correspond to energy minima and their deformations obtained by adding or subtracting nucleons in general correspond to smaller binding energy per nucleon. Thus the observed strong correlation between  $P$  and  $N$  finds a natural explanation unlike in the harmonic oscillator model. For large values of  $A$  the generation of dark gluon condensate and corresponding color Coulombic binding energy favors the surplus of neutrons and the generation of neutron halos. The model explains also the spectrum of light nuclei, in particular the absence of  $pp$ ,  $nn$ ,  $ppp$ , and  $nnn$  nuclei.

In the standard framework spin-orbit coupling explains the magic nuclei and color Coulomb force gives rise to this kind of force in the same manner as in atomic physics context. Besides the standard magic numbers there are also non-standard ones (such as  $Z, N = 6, 12$ ) if the maximum of binding energy is taken as a definition of magic, there are also other magic numbers than the standard ones. Hence can consider also alternative explanations for magic numbers. The geometric view about nucleus suggests that the five Platonic regular solids might defined favor nuclear configurations and it indeed turns that they explain non-standard magic numbers for light nuclei.

New magic nuclei might be obtained by linking strings representing doubly magic nuclei. An entire hierarchy of linkings becomes possible and could explain the new magic numbers 14, 16, 30, 32 discovered for neutrons [C1]. Linking of the nuclear strings could be rather stable by Pauli Exclusion Principle. For instance,  $^{16}\text{O}$  would corresponds to linked  $^4\text{He}$  and  $^{12}\text{C}$  nuclei. Higher magic numbers 28, 50, ... allow partitions to sums of lower magic numbers which encourages to consider the geometric interpretation as linked nuclei. p-Adic length scale hypothesis in turn suggest the existence of magic numbers coming as powers of  $2^3$ .

## 8.3 How Brain Could Deduce The Position And Velocity Of An Object Of Perceptive Field?

The basic degrees of freedom for mind like space-time sheets can be regarded as parameters specifying color quantization axes and spin quantization axis. The parameters characterizing the choices of the color quantization axes define 3+3-dimensional symplectic flag-manifold  $F_3 = SU(3)/U(1) \times U(1)$  whereas the parameters fixing spin-quantization axes define two-dimensional flag-manifold  $F_2 = SU(1)/U(1) = S^2$ , which is identical to two-sphere and whose point characterizes some orientation vector. A mathematically attractive identification of the flag manifold  $F_3$  is as a representation for the possible positions and velocities of an object of the perceptive field whereas  $F_2$  could represent some orientation, say ear-to-ear orientation axis. This identification, if correct, provides additional support for the uniqueness of the choice of the embedding space  $H = M_+^4 \times CP_2$ . Amazingly, the model of honeybee dance by Barbara Shipman leads to the identification of the flag manifold  $F_3$  as a fundamental mathematical structure associated with the cognition of the honeybee.

Without a good physical justification this kind of identification is however ad hoc. Fortunately, the following argument makes it possible to understand why  $F_3$  should code the position and the velocity of the objects of the perceptive field.

1. The time development by quantum self-organization is expected to lead to well defined asymptotic values of  $(P, Q)$  coordinates during each wake-up period of the mind like space-time sheet representing object of the perceptive field and in self-state.
2. The crucial observation is that classical em and  $Z^0$  fields are accompanied by classical color fields in TGD. Color rotations rotate the color field in color space whereas induced Kähler form remains unchanged. Most importantly: classical em and  $Z^0$  fields do not remain invariant under color rotations as they would remain in standard model. This leads to the idea that different  $(P, Q)$  values obtained by color rotations of cognitive and neuronal space-time sheets correspond to slightly different membrane potentials and that it is the dependence of



the membrane potential on the position and velocity of the object of the perceptive field, which leads to  $(P, Q)$  coding.

3. An observation not directly related to  $(P, Q)$  coding is that classical em and color fields induce tiny color polarization at quark level leading to color polarization of nuclei: this color polarization could provide the quantum correlate for the color quale. The representation of color in this manner however requires that  $(P, Q)$  are same for all neurons in the perceptive field so that the coding of positions and velocities and color are mutually exclusive. Positions and velocities and color are indeed represented by different regions of cortex.
4. Color rotation induces motion in  $F_3$  rotating color quantization axes and leaving the induced Kähler field invariant so that absolute minima of Kähler action are mapped to absolute minima and zero modes are not changed. Classical  $Z^0$  and em fields are however *not* invariant under color rotations. How classical em and  $Z^0$  depend on Kähler form becomes clear from the following formulas:

$$\begin{aligned}\gamma &= 3J - \frac{1}{2} \sin^2 \theta_W Z^0, \\ Z^0 &= 2J + 4e^0 \wedge e^3, \\ J &= 2(e^0 \wedge e^3 + e^1 \wedge e^2).\end{aligned}\tag{8.1}$$

Here  $J$  denotes Kähler form invariant under color rotations and  $e^k$  denote vierbein vectors of  $CP_2$ .  $e^0 \wedge e^3$  denotes the part of  $Z^0$ , which is not invariant under color rotations. From these formulas it is evident that classical photon field is not in general invariant since it is a superposition of the induced Kähler field and classical  $Z^0$  field and reduces to induced Kähler field only when the Weinberg angle vanishes: the physical value of the Weinberg angle is about  $\sin^2(\theta_W) = 1/4$ . This means that various points  $(P, Q)$  of (3+3)-dimensional  $F_3$  indeed correspond to different classical  $Z^0$  fields and classical em fields.

5. There is however an important exception to this picture. If  $CP_2$  projection belongs to geodesic sphere  $S^2$ , the field equations reduces to those for  $X^4 \subset M^4 \times S^2$ . For space-time sheets for which  $CP_2$  projection is  $r = \infty$  homologically non-trivial geodesic sphere of  $CP_2$  one has

$$\gamma = \left(\frac{3}{4} - \frac{\sin^2(\theta_W)}{2}\right) Z^0 \simeq \frac{5Z^0}{8}$$

as the explicit study of  $r = \infty$  geodesic sphere shows (see the appendix of the book). The induced  $W$  fields vanish in this case and they vanish also for all geodesic spheres obtained by  $SU(3)$  rotation. There are excellent reasons to believe that also the relationship between  $Z^0$  and  $\gamma$  is  $SU(3)$  invariant so that there would be no mixing between em and  $Z^0$  fields. For homologically trivial geodesic spheres  $\gamma$  and  $Z^0$  vanish and only  $W$  fields are non-vanishing. This kind of MEs would naturally correspond to  $W$  MEs.

For  $D > 2$ -dimensional  $CP_2$  projection the situation changes. MEs have always 2-D  $CP_2$  projection field equations and field equations are satisfied without assuming that  $CP_2$  projection is a geodesic sphere and in this case one can hope of getting mixing of  $\gamma$  and  $Z^0$  also in this case perhaps characterizable in terms of the value of the Weinberg angle. Also  $W$  fields can be present in this case.

6. Assuming that the values of  $(P, Q)$  coordinates are the same for the neuronal group representing an object of the perceptive field and the mind like space-time sheet associated with it (this could be forced by the wormhole contacts),  $(P, Q)$  coding for the positions and velocities for the objects of the perceptive field follows if these observables are coded into the properties of the classical  $Z^0$  field associated with the neuronal membrane. This seems plausible since a change of the classical  $Z^0$  field implies a change of the classical em field if the induced Kähler field remains invariant (as is natural). Thus the problem of understanding  $(P, Q)$  coding for position and velocity reduces to the problem of understanding why the position and velocity should affect some natural em field associated with cell membrane. Obviously membrane resting potential is an excellent candidate for this em field.

7. The dependence of the value of the membrane resting potential for the representation of an object of the perceptive field on the the position and velocity of the object is natural. For instance, it is advantageous for the neurons representing object near to the observer to be nearer to the criticality for firing. Thus the membrane potential must be reduced by a suitable color rotation and effective code position of the object to  $Q$  coordinates. Also, when the object moves towards/away from the observer, the resting potential should be reduced/increased and this means that velocity is coded to  $P$  value (note that there is infinite number of symplectic coordinates at use). From these correlations it is quite plausible that  $(P, Q)$  coding could be a result of natural selection. Of course, the coding of position and velocity to  $(P, Q)$  values need not be one-to-one. For instance, simple organisms are sensitive for velocity only and some organisms experience world as 2-dimensional.

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